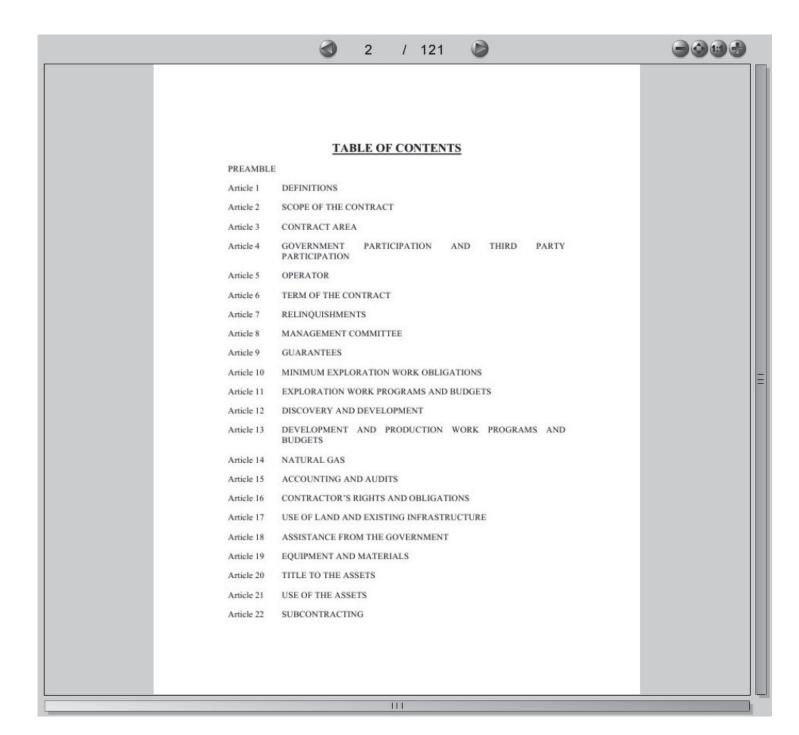
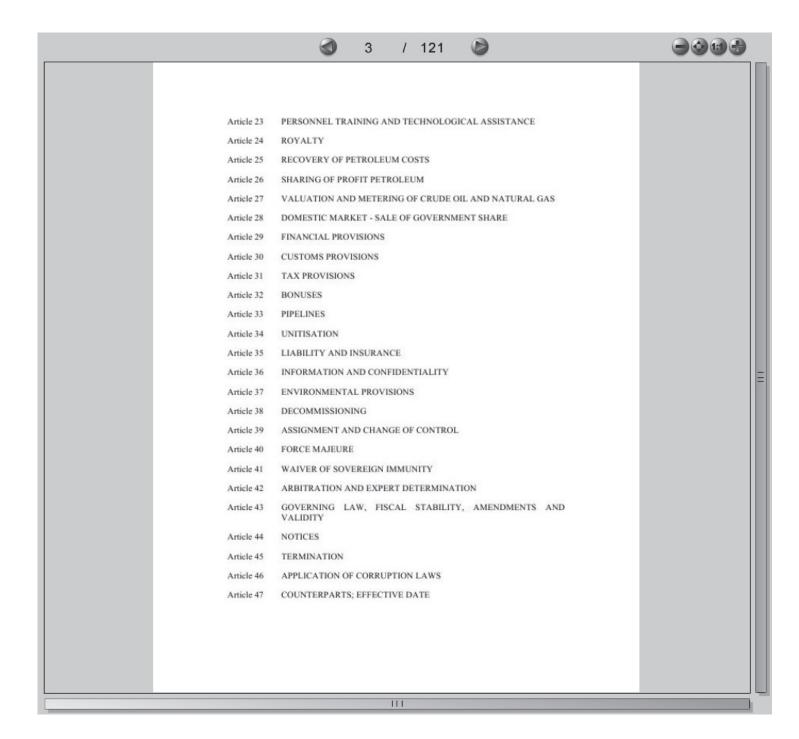
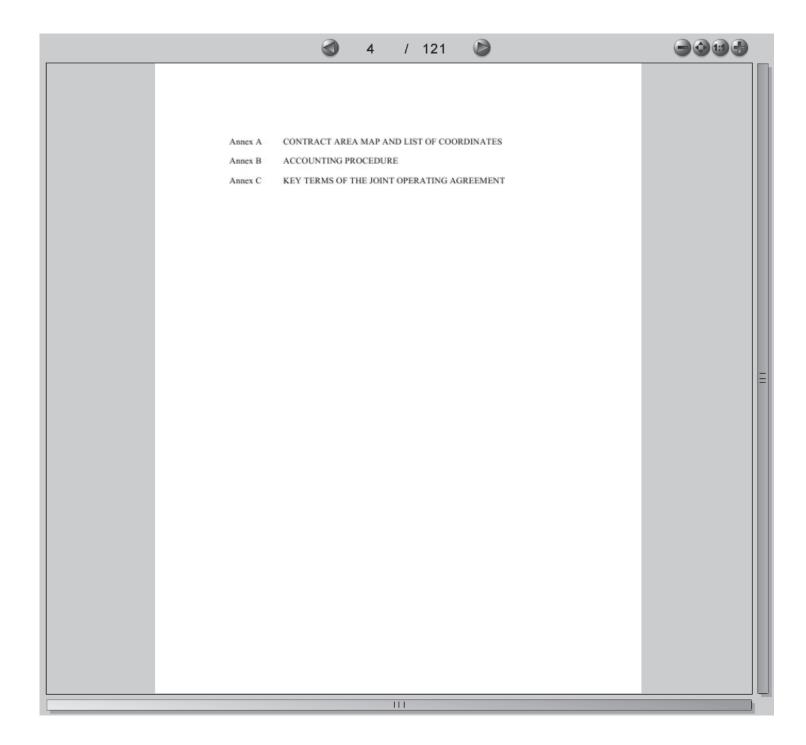


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PRODUCTION SHARING CONTRACT

BETWEEN

The KURDISTAN REGIONAL GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ (hereafter referred to as the "GOVERNMENT"), duly represented by the Minister of Natural Resources;

ANI

TALISMAN (BLOCK K39) B.V., a company established and existing under the laws of the Netherlands, whose registered office is at Atrium Building, Strawinskylaan 3159, 1077 ZX Amsterdam, The Netherlands, an Affiliate of Talisman Energy Inc. ("Talisman")

WHEREAS

- (A) The GOVERNMENT wishes to develop the petroleum wealth of the Kurdistan Region (as defined in this Contract) in a way that achieves the highest benefit to the people of the Kurdistan Region (as defined in this Contract) and all of Iraq (as defined in this Contract), using the most advanced techniques of market principles and encouraging investment, consistent with the Constitution of Iraq (as defined in this Contract) including Article 112 thereof;
- (B) In accordance with the Constitution of Iraq, the prevailing law of the Kurdistan Region is the Kurdistan Region Law (as defined in this Contract), except with regard to a matter wholly within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Government of Iraq (as defined in this Contract);
- (C) The GOVERNMENT, having declared an intention on 4 November 2007 to award the Contract Area (as defined in this Contract) to the Kurdistan Exploration and Production Company, has decided not to proceed with that award;
- (D) The CONTRACTOR (as defined in this Contract) has, from the Start Date, carried out seismic services in the Contract Area pursuant to the Option Agreement (as defined in this Contract);
- (E) The GOVERNMENT intends to present to the National Assembly of the Kurdistan Region a law or laws to authorise the GOVERNMENT, by contract or other authorisation, to exempt investors in long term projects relating to the conduct of petroleum operations in the Kurdistan Region from Kurdistan Region taxation, to indemnify such holders against liability to pay such taxation, and/or to guarantee thestability of the applicable legal, fiscal and economic conditions of such projects;
- (F) The CONTRACTOR is a company,
 - with the financial capability, and the technical knowledge and technical ability, to carry out Petroleum Operations (as defined in this Contract) in the Contract Area under the terms of this Contract;

- having a record of compliance with the principles of good corporate citizenship; and
- (iii) willing to cooperate with the GOVERNMENT by entering into this Contract, thereby assisting the GOVERNMENT to develop the Kurdistan Region petroleum industry, thereby promoting the economic development of the Kurdistan Region and Iraq and the social welfare of its people; and
- (G) The CONTRACTOR and the GOVERNMENT each affirms its ongoing commitment and adherence to the Principles and Criteria of the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI).

NOW, THEREFORE, THE PARTIES HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS

ARTICLE 1 - DEFINITIONS

1.1 Capitalised terms and expressions in this Contract shall have the following meaning, unless otherwise specified:

Abroad means outside of the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq.

Access Authorisation is defined in Article 17.9.

Accounts is defined in Article 15.1.

Accounting Procedure means the Accounting Procedure attached to this Contract as Annex B and constituting an integral part of this Contract.

Adjacent Contract Area is defined in Article 34.1.

Adjustment Date is defined in Article 27.6.

Affiliated Company or Affiliate means, as regards any of the companies or entities constituting the CONTRACTOR, a company or other legal entity which:

- (a) controls a CONTRACTOR Entity; or
- (b) is controlled by a CONTRACTOR Entity; or
- controls or is controlled by a company or entity which controls a CONTRACTOR Entity,

but shall not include the GOVERNMENT in respect of the Public Company. For the purpose of this definition, "control" means direct or indirect ownership or control of the majority of the voting rights of the applicable entity at its shareholders' meetings or their equivalent.

Agreed Terms is defined in Article 14.10(a).

Applicable Law means, as of any time of determination, Kurdistan Region Law and federal Laws of Iraq recognised by the Government as applicable in the Kurdistan Region.

Appraisal Area means the area defined in Article 12.2.

Appraisal Work Program and Budget is defined in Article 12.2.

Appraisal Report is defined in Article 12.4.

Appraisal Well means a well drilled for the purpose of evaluating the commercial potential of a geological feature or a geological structure in which Petroleum has been discovered.

Arm's-Length Sales means sales of Petroleum in freely convertible currencies between sellers and buyers having no direct or indirect relationship or common interest whatsoever with each other that could reasonably influence the sales price. Such Arm's- Length Sales shall exclude:

- sales between or among any of the CONTRACTOR Entities and their respective Affiliates;
- sales involving the GOVERNMENT or the Government of Iraq; and (b)
- sales involving exchanges and any transactions not relating to normal commercial practices.

Assets means all land, platforms, pipelines, plant, equipment, machinery, wells, facilities and all other installations and structures and all Materials and Equipment.

Associated Natural Gas means (i) any Natural Gas dissolved in Crude Oil under reservoir conditions and (ii) any residue gas remaining after the extraction of Crude Oil from a reservoir.

Audit Request Period is defined in Article 15.3(a).

Available Associated Natural Gas is defined in Article 25.1.

Available Crude Oil is defined in Article 25.1.

Available Non-Associated Natural Gas is defined in Article 25.1.

Available Petroleum is defined in Article 25.1.

Barrel means a quantity of forty-two (42) US gallons as a unit to measure liquids, at a temperature of sixty degrees (60°) Fahrenheit and pressure of fourteen point seven (14.7) psi.

Budgets means any budgets prepared by, or on behalf of, the CONTRACTOR pursuant to this Contract and forming part of an Exploration Work Program and Budget and/or an Appraisal Work Program and Budget and/or a Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget and/or a Development Work Program and Budget and/or a Production Work Program and Budget.

Calendar Year means a period of twelve (12) consecutive Months, commencing 1 January and ending on 31 December of the same year.

Capacity Building Bonus is defined in Article 32.2.

Chairman is defined in Article 8.1.

Commercial Discovery means a Discovery which is potentially commercial when taking into account all technical, operational, commercial and financial data collected when carrying out appraisal works or similar operations, including recoverable reserves of Petroleum, sustainable regular production levels and other material technical, operational, commercial and financial parameters, all in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice.

Commercial Production means the production of Petroleum from the Production Area in accordance with annual Production Work Program and Budget.

Constitution of Iraq means the permanent constitution of Iraq approved by the people of Iraq in the general referendum of 15 October 2005.

Contract means this production sharing contract, including its Annexes A, B and C that are an integral part hereof, as well as any extension, renewal, substitution or amendment of this production sharing contract that may be agreed in writing by the Parties in accordance with Article 43.7.

Contract Area means the area described and defined in Annex A attached to this Contract and constituting an integral part of this Contract, and any modifications made to that Annex in accordance with the provisions of this Contract, through amendments, surrender, withdrawal, extension or otherwise.

Contract Year means a period of twelve (12) consecutive Months starting from the Start Date or any anniversary of the said Start Date, provided that the last Contract Year of the First Sub-Period (as defined in Article 6.2) shall expire at 12:01 am on 19 December, 2011 and each subsequent Contract Year shall commence on that date or the anniversary of such date, as applicable.

CONTRACTOR includes and comprises each and all CONTRACTOR Entities, including any Third Party Participant nominated by the GOVERNMENT pursuant to Article 4, but does not include any holder of the Government Interest.

CONTRACTOR Entity means Talisman or any Third Party Participant and/or any assignee of all or part of the rights and obligations of such Person under this Contract in accordance with Article 39, but does not include any holder of the Government Interest; and provided, further, the Government as holder of the Third Party Interest is not a CONTRACTOR Entity. For the avoidance of doubt, at any time when there is only one entity constituting the CONTRACTOR, any reference to "the entities constituting the CONTRACTOR" or the "CONTRACTOR Entities" or similar

reference, shall be deemed to mean "the entity constituting the CONTRACTOR". As of the Effective Date, Talisman, as the CONTRACTOR Entity, owns an undivided interest in the Petroleum Operations in respect of the entire Contract Area:

Talisman

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The balance of the interest in Petroleum Operations in respect of the entire Contract Area, being forty per cent (40%), is the Government Interest as defined in Article 4.1, and the Third Party Interest as defined in Article 4.6.

Crude Oil means all liquid hydrocarbons in their unprocessed state or obtained from Natural Gas by condensation or any other means of extraction.

Decommissioning Costs means all the costs and expenditures incurred by the CONTRACTOR when carrying out Decommissioning Operations, including those defined in the Accounting Procedure.

Decommissioning Operations means any works, together with all related and auxiliary activities, for decommissioning and/or removal and/or abandonment and making safe all of the Assets and site restoration and remediation related thereto in relation to any Production Area.

Decommissioning Plan is defined in Article 38.7.

Decommissioning Reserve Fund is defined in Article 38.1 and includes all contributions paid into such fund and all interest accumulated on such fund.

Deductible Amount is defined in Article 35.12.

Delivery Point means the point after extraction, specified in the approved Development Plan for a Production Area, at which the Crude Oil, Associated Natural Gas and/or Non-Associated Natural Gas is metered for the purposes of Article 27.5, valued for the purposes of Article 27.1 and ready to be taken and disposed of, consistent with prudent international petroleum industry practice, and at which a Party may acquire title to its share of Petroleum under this Contract or such other point which may be agreed by the Parties.

Development Costs means all the costs and expenditures incurred by the CONTRACTOR when carrying out Development Operations, including those defined in the Accounting Procedure.

Development Operations means all development operations or works conducted in accordance with a Development Plan up to the Delivery Point with a view to developing a Production Area, including: drilling of wells; primary and subsequent recovery projects and pressure maintenance; survey, engineering, building and erecting or laying of production plants and facilities (including: separators; compressors; generators; pumps and tankage; gathering lines; pipelines and all facilities required to be installed for production, pressure maintenance, and treatment, storage and transportation of Petroleum); obtaining of such materials, equipment, machinery, items and supplies as may be required or expedient for the foregoing activities; and all auxiliary operations and activities required or expedient for the production of Petroleum from the Production Area.

Development Period is defined in Article 6.

Development Plan means a plan for development prepared pursuant to Article 12.8.

Development Well means any well drilled after the date of approval of the Development Plan for the purpose of producing Petroleum, increasing or accelerating production of Petroleum, including injection wells and dry holes. Any well drilled within a Production Area shall be deemed a Development Well.

Development Work Program and Budget means the development work program and budget prepared pursuant to Article 13.2.

Discovery means a discovery of Petroleum within the limits of the Contract Area resulting from Petroleum Operations carried out under this Contract, provided such Petroleum is recoverable at the surface with a measurable flow utilising techniques used in prudent international petroleum industry practice.

Dispute is defined in Article 42.1.

Dollar (US\$) means the legal currency (dollar) of the United States of America

Effective Date means August 27, 2010, being the date on which Talisman exercised its option under the Option Agreement.

Environment Fund is defined in Article 23.9.

Equipment and Materials is defined in Article 19.1.

Exploration Costs means all the costs and expenditure incurred by the CONTRACTOR when carrying out Exploration Operations, including those defined in the Accounting Procedure. For greater certainty, Exploration Costs shall include the costs of any activities undertaken by the CONTRACTOR pursuant to paragraph 9 of the Option Agreement.

Exploration Operations means any and all operations conducted from the Start Date with a view to discovering Petroleum, including: any activities necessary to commence operations; any topographical, hydrographical, geological, geophysical, aerial and other surveys and activities (including interpretations, analyses and related studies) to investigate the subsurface for the location of Petroleum; drilling of shot holes, core holes and stratigraphic test holes; spud, drilling, testing, coring, logging and equipping of Exploration Wells or Appraisal Wells; procurement of such services, material, equipment, machinery, items and supplies as may be required or expedient for the foregoing activities; and all auxiliary operations and activities required or expedient for the conduct of the foregoing activities.

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Exploration Period is defined in Article 6.

Exploration Rental is defined in Article 6.3.

Exploration Well means any well drilled for the purpose of confirming a geological structure or stratigraphic unit in which no Discovery has previously been made by the CONTRACTOR.

Exploration Work Program and Budget means the exploration work program and budget prepared pursuant to Article 11.1.

Export Crude Oil is defined in Article 24.2.

Export Non-Associated Natural Gas is defined in Article 24.2.

Export Petroleum is defined in Article 24.2.

First Exploration Well is defined in Article 10.2 (e).

First Production means the moment when Commercial Production of Crude Oil or Non-Associated Natural Gas (as the case may be) first commences, by flowing at the rate forecast in the Development Plan without interruption for a minimum of forty eight (48) hours.

Force Majeure is defined in Article 40.2.

Gas Development is defined in Article 14.10.

Gas Marketing Costs means all costs and expenditure incurred by the CONTRACTOR when carrying out Gas Marketing Operations, including those defined in the Accounting Procedure.

Gas Marketing Operations means any and all of the activities and operations contemplated by Article 14.6.

Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget means the marketing work program and budget prepared pursuant to Article 14.8.

Government Interest is defined in Article 4.1.

Government of Iraq means the Federal Government of the Republic of Iraq, which holds office under the Constitution of Iraq and any minister, ministry, department, sub-division, agency, authority, council, committee, or other constituent element thereof and shall, without limitation, include any corporation owned and/or controlled by any of the foregoing.

International Market Price is defined in Article 27.2.

Iraq means the entirety of the Republic of Iraq, including the Kurdistan Region.

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Joint Operating Agreement means the agreement executed by the CONTRACTOR Entities for the purpose of regulating between such entities the terms under which the Petroleum Operations will be conducted, which agreement shall be: (a) consistent

with prudent international petroleum industry practice; (b) as between such entities, supplementary to this Contract; and (c) consistent with the provisions of the Contract and shall include the key terms described in Annex C.

Kurdistan Region means the Federal Region of Kurdistan recognised by the Constitution of Iraq and having the same meaning as 'Region' in the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law.

Kurdistan Region Law means all statutes, decrees, edicts, codes, orders, rules, ordinances and regulations of the GOVERNMENT or of any other local, municipal, territorial, provincial, or any other duly constituted governmental authority or agency in the Kurdistan Region.

Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law means the Oil and Gas Law of the Kurdistan Region - Iraq (Law No. 22 of 2007) as the same may be amended.

Law means all applicable laws including the following: constitutional law, civil law, common law, international law, equity, treaties, statutes, decrees, edicts, codes, orders, judgements, rules, ordinances and regulations of any local, municipal, territorial, provincial, federated, national or any other duly constituted governmental authority or agency.

LCIA is defined in Article 42.1(b).

LIBOR means the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate at which Dollar deposits for one (1) Month are offered in the inter-bank market in London, as quoted in the Financial Times of London for the day in question. In the event that such rate is not published in the Financial Times, it shall mean the London Inter-bank Offered Rate at which Dollar deposits for one (1) Month are offered for the nearest day as quoted by National Westminster Bank plc.

Management Committee is defined in Article 8.

Maximum Efficient Rate ("MER") is defined in Article 16.12.

Minimum Exploration Obligations is defined in Article 10.1.

Minimum Financial Commitment means:

- in respect of the First Sub-Period, the total of the amounts set out in Article 10.2(d); and
- in respect of the Second Sub-Period, the amount set out in Article 10.3(b).

Month means a calendar month according to the Gregorian calendar.

Natural Gas means all gaseous Petroleum and inerts.

Non-Associated Natural Gas means any Natural Gas which is not any Associated Natural Gas.

Notice of Dispute is defined in Article 42.1.

Operator means the entity designated by the CONTRACTOR pursuant to Article 5 which, in the name and on behalf of the CONTRACTOR, shall carry out all Petroleum Operations. If at any time there exists more than one (1) Operator under this Contract, any reference herein to the term 'Operator' shall be to each Operator with respect to the parts of the Contract Area in which such Operator conducts Petroleum Operations.

Option Agreement means the Block K39 Option Agreement between the Government and Talisman dated 19 June, 2008, as amended.

Option of Third Party Participation is defined in Article 4.6.

Party or Parties means the GOVERNMENT and/or each CONTRACTOR Entity and/or the CONTRACTOR.

Permits means all licences, permits, consents, authorisations or other permissions, as the context requires.

Person shall include natural and juristic persons (including corporations and governmental agencies).

Petroleum means:

- (a) any naturally occurring hydrocarbon in a gaseous or liquid state;
- any mixture of naturally occurring hydrocarbons in a gaseous or liquid state;
 or
- (c) any Petroleum (as defined in paragraphs (a) and (b) above) that has been returned to a Reservoir.

Petroleum Costs means all costs and expenditure incurred by the CONTRACTOR for the Petroleum Operations, and which the CONTRACTOR is entitled to recover under this Contract and its Accounting Procedure, including Decommissioning Costs, Development Costs, Exploration Costs, Gas Marketing Costs, Pipeline Costs and Production Costs.

Petroleum Field means a Reservoir or group of Reservoirs within a common geological structure or stratigraphic unit, which may become part of a Production Area pursuant to a Development Plan.

Petroleum Operations means all Exploration Operations, Gas Marketing Operations, Development Operations, Production Operations and Decommissioning Operations, as well as any other activities or operations directly or indirectly related or connected with the said operations (including health, safety and environmental operations and activities) and authorised or contemplated by, or performed in accordance with, this Contract.

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Pipeline Costs is defined in Article 33.5.

Production Area means such areas within the Contract Area designated as a production area in an approved Development Plan prepared pursuant to Article 12.8. For the avoidance of doubt, all superjacent or subjacent strata of the Reservoir in which a Commercial Discovery is located are automatically included in the relevant Production Area.

Production Bonus means any bonus due pursuant to Article 32.3 or 32.4.

Production Costs means all the costs and expenditure incurred by the **CONTRACTOR** in carrying out the Production Operations, including those defined in the Accounting Procedure.

Production Operations means any works, together with all related and auxiliary activities, for the production of Petroleum from the start of Commercial Production, including: extraction, injection, stimulation, pumping, treatment, storage, engineering, operating, servicing, repairing, and maintaining any wells, plants, equipment, pipelines, terminals and any other installations and facilities, and any related operations and auxiliary operations, and storage and transportation of Petroleum from the Production Area to the Delivery Point.

Production Rental is defined in Article 13.10.

Production Work Program and Budget shall mean the production work program and budget prepared pursuant to Article 13.6.

Profit Crude Oil is defined in Article 26.1.

Profit Natural Gas is defined in Article 26.1.

Profit Petroleum is defined in Article 26.1.

Proposed Contract is defined in Article 14.10(a).

Public Company means a public company duly registered and incorporated in the Kurdistan Region and regulated by the GOVERNMENT under the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law.

Public Officer means a civil servant, including a member or employee of a public entity, a member of the Kurdistan National Assembly or a member of the GOVERNMENT

Quarter means a period of three (3) consecutive Months starting on the first day of January, April, July or October respectively.

Reservoir means a subsurface rock formation containing an individual and separate natural accumulation of producible Petroleum characterised by a single natural pressure system.

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"R" Factor is defined in Article 26.4.

Royalty is defined in Article 24.1.

Second Exploration Well is defined in Article 10.3 (b).

Seismic Services is defined in Article 10.2(d).

Semester means a period of six (6) consecutive Months starting from the first day of January or July respectively.

Senior Representatives is defined in Article 42.1(a).

Signature Bonus is defined in Article 32.1.

Signature Date means the date indicated at the top of the signature page of this Contract, being the date on which the GOVERNMENT and Talisman have executed this Contract.

Start Date means 12:01 am on 19 June, 2008.

Subcontractor means any entity of any contracting tier providing services and/or undertaking works relating to the Petroleum Operations directly or indirectly on behalf of, the CONTRACTOR or any CONTRACTOR Entity.

Sub-Period and Sub-Periods are defined in Article 6.2.

Talisman is defined in the preamble.

Tax or Taxes means all current or future levies, duties, payments, charges, impositions, imposts, withholdings, fees, taxes (including value added tax or other sales or transaction based tax, corporation tax, income tax, capital gains tax, stamp duty, land tax, registration tax, capital and wealth tax, profit tax, dividend tax or withholdings, transfer tax, customs duties, branch or permanent establishment tax or withholdings, tax on income from movable capital and fixed tax on transfers) or contributions payable to or imposed by the GOVERNMENT.

Third Party Interest is defined in Article 4.6.

Third Party Participant means the holder of a Third Party Interest.

Work Program means any work program prepared by, or on behalf of, the CONTRACTOR pursuant to this Contract and forming part of an Exploration Work Program and Budget and/or an Appraisal Work Program and Budget and/or a Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget and/or a Development Work Program and Budget and/or a Production Work Program and Budget.

Vice-Chairman is defined in Article 8.1.

- In this Contract, unless the context otherwise requires or is specifically otherwise stated:
 - (a) headings are to be ignored;
 - "including" and similar words do not imply any limitations;

reference to an "Article" is to an article of this Contract and to a "Paragraph" (d) is to a paragraph in the Accounting Procedure.

ARTICLE 2 - SCOPE OF THE CONTRACT

This Contract is a production-sharing arrangement with respect to the Contract Area, whereby the GOVERNMENT has the right, pursuant to the Constitution of Iraq, to regulate and oversee Petroleum Operations within the Contract Area.

The purpose of this Contract is to define the respective rights and obligations of the Parties and the terms and conditions under which the CONTRACTOR shall carry out all the Petroleum Operations.

By entering into this Contract, the GOVERNMENT grants the CONTRACTOR the exclusive right and authority to conduct all Petroleum Operations in the Contract Area as detailed in Article 3.

- Upon the CONTRACTOR's request, the GOVERNMENT shall provide and/or procure all Permits relating to the Petroleum Operations required by the CONTRACTOR to fulfil its obligations under this Contract, including those relating to any extension and renewal periods and including those required by the Government of Iraq. The GOVERNMENT (i) represents and warrants to the CONTRACTOR that it has not done and has not omitted to do anything that would cause the cancellation or suspension of this Contract or any Permit granted under this Article 2.2 or pursuant to this Contract; and (ii) covenants that it will not do, or omit to do, anything that would cause the cancellation or suspension of this Contract or any Permit granted under this Article 2.2 or pursuant to this Contract. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Article shall affect the rights and obligations of the Parties pursuant to Article 43.
- The CONTRACTOR shall conduct all Petroleum Operations within the Contract Area at its sole cost, risk and peril on behalf of the GOVERNMENT, pursuant to this Contract, including the following operations:
 - **Technical Services** (a)

Implementation of all technical, human and material resources reasonably required for execution of the Petroleum Operations, in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice.

Financial Services

The responsibility for funding the Exploration Operations and, in the event of a Commercial Discovery, Development, Production and Decommissioning Operations, pursuant to this Contract.

For the funding of Petroleum Operations, each CONTRACTOR Entity shall be entitled to have recourse to external financing from either its Affiliated Companies or from any third parties.

(c) Administrative Services

Implementation of all appropriate management and administration techniques for execution of the Petroleum Operations under this Contract, in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice.

- 2.4 During the term of this Contract, the CONTRACTOR shall be responsible to the GOVERNMENT for the conduct of Petroleum Operations within the Contract Area pursuant to the terms of this Contract.
- 2.5 Natural resources other than Petroleum shall be excluded from the scope of this Contract, even if the CONTRACTOR discovers any such resources when executing its obligations pursuant to this Contract.
- 2.6 The CONTRACTOR shall only be entitled to recover Petroleum Costs incurred under this Contract in the event of a Commercial Discovery. Recovery of Petroleum Costs shall occur within the limits provided under Article 25.
- 2.7 During the term of this Contract, Profit Crude Oil and/or Profit Natural Gas produced from Petroleum Operations shall be shared between the Parties in accordance with the provisions of Article 26.
- 2.8 For the execution of Petroleum Operations under this Contract, the CONTRACTOR shall have the right to:
 - freely access and operate within the Contract Area, as well as any facilities associated with the Petroleum Operations, wherever they may be located;
 - freely use access roads located within the Contract Area and outside the Contract Area for the construction, installation, maintenance, operation and removal of pipelines and other facilities required for the Petroleum Operations;
 - freely use sand, water, electricity and any other natural resources located inside or outside the Contract Area for the Petroleum Operations;
 - (d) use any qualified foreign and local personnel and/or Subcontractors required for the conduct of Petroleum Operations in accordance with Articles 22 and 23. Any foreign personnel working in the Kurdistan Region shall require prior authorisation of the GOVERNMENT (such authorisation not to be unreasonably delayed or withheld) and the GOVERNMENT shall obtain any authorisation required by the Government of Iraq;
 - import any goods, materials, equipment and/or services required for the Petroleum Operations in accordance with Articles 19, 22 and 30; and

- (f) freely use land or property belonging to the Kurdistan Region, and the GOVERNMENT will assist the CONTRACTOR with facilitating the use by the CONTRACTOR of any private property in the Kurdistan Region.
- 2.9 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall at all times comply, and procure that each Subcontractor complies, with the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law and all other Applicable Law. No provision of this Contract will: (a) excuse the CONTRACTOR or a CONTRACTOR Entity or any Subcontractor from compliance with Applicable Law, or (b) impair any right or privilege of the GOVERNMENT under Applicable Law.

ARTICLE 3 - CONTRACT AREA

The initial Contract Area covers the Topkhana Block and extends over an area of five hundred and eighty-two square kilometres (582 km²), as detailed and indicated on the map attached in Annex A.

The GOVERNMENT, by execution of this Contract, hereby validates and approves the foregoing co-ordinates of the Contract Area.

The total area of the Contract Area may be reduced only in accordance with the provisions of this Contract.

ARTICLE 4 – GOVERNMENT PARTICIPATION AND THIRD PARTY PARTICIPATION

Government Interest

- 4.1 The GOVERNMENT shall participate in this Contract through a Public Company, effective from the Effective Date in respect of the entire Contract Area with an undivided interest in the Petroleum Operations and all the other rights, duties, obligations and liabilities of the CONTRACTOR (save as provided in and subject to this Article 4) under this Contract in respect of the Contract Area, of twenty per cent (20%) (the "Government Interest").
- 4.2 The Public Company shall not have any liability to the CONTRACTOR to contribute its Government Interest share of all Petroleum Costs, whenever those Petroleum Costs may be incurred, and its Government Interest share of such Petroleum Costs shall be the responsibility of TALISMAN for the duration of this Contract, provided always that TALISMAN shall be entitled (through the CONTRACTOR) to recover all such Petroleum Costs in accordance with Article 25. For the avoidance of doubt, the Public Company shall contribute its share of Production Bonuses attributable to the Government Interest and payable pursuant to Articles 32.3 and 32.4.

For the purposes of Article 37 of the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law, the Government Interest shall be deemed to be held by the GOVERNMENT and in

The Public Company may, at its discretion, assign part or all of its Government Interest to a third party or parties which is another Public Company duly authorised by the GOVERNMENT, provided that in no event shall a transfer be made which would result in the transferor or transferee holding less than a five per cent (5%) participating interest.

In the event of such an assignment to another Public Company, for the purposes of Article 37 of the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law, the Government Interest so assigned shall be deemed to be held by the GOVERNMENT and in accordance with the principle in Article 16.13, the Public Company to which such Government Interest is transferred will be individually and separately liable (and not jointly and severally liable with the CONTRACTOR Entities) to the GOVERNMENT for its obligations, duties and liabilities under this Contract and the provisions of Article 4.4 shall apply.

Any failure by any Public Company to perform any of its obligations or to satisfy any of its duties or liabilities under this Contract shall not be considered as a default of the CONTRACTOR Entities and shall in no case be invoked by the GOVERNMENT to terminate this Contract or exercise any other rights or remedies in respect of such default that may be available to it.

The capacity of a Public Company, as it may arise pursuant to the provisions of this Contract, shall in no event cancel or affect the rights of the CONTRACTOR Entities to seek to settle a dispute or to refer such dispute to arbitration or expert determination in accordance with the provisions of Article 42.

A Public Company may assign part or all of its Government Interest to a third party or parties (not being a Public Company) and for the avoidance of doubt the provisions of Articles 39.1, 39.2 and 39.3 shall not apply. Any such assignee shall have the same rights and responsibilities held by the Public Company prior to the assignment.

For the avoidance of doubt, following any assignment by a Public Company part or all of a Government Interest to a third party which is not a Public Company, in accordance with the provisions of this Article 4, the provisions of Articles 39.1, 39.2 and 39.3 shall apply to any subsequent assignment of such interest,

Third Party Interest

The GOVERNMENT shall have the option of assigning to a third party, or third parties, in respect of the Contract Area, as a CONTRACTOR Entity or CONTRACTOR Entities, an undivided interest in the Petroleum Operations in respect of the entire Contract Area and which option, when exercised, shall assign and novate all the other rights, duties, obligations and liabilities of the CONTRACTOR (save as provided in and subject to this Article 4), under this Contract, of an aggregate of twenty per cent (20%) (the "Third Party Interest"), such option being referred to herein as the "Option of Third Party Participation". Until the later of the exercise of the Option of Third Party Participation, or the assignment by the GOVERNMENT of the Third Party Interest (or part thereof) to a Public Company in accordance with Article 4.9, or the expiry of the eight (8) month period contemplated by Article 4.7, TALISMAN shall undertake all necessary work under this Contract, provided always that TALISMAN shall be entitled (through the CONTRACTOR) to recover all such Petroleum Costs in accordance with Article 25.

- The GOVERNMENT may exercise the Option of Third Party Participation at any time prior to the date eight (8) months following the Signature Date by notifying the CONTRACTOR Entities, in writing, of a company which has, or companies which have, adequate resources and capacity to discharge the obligations of a CONTRACTOR Entity under this Contract and a Joint Operating Agreement in respect thereof.
- If the GOVERNMENT notifies the CONTRACTOR Entities of a Third Party Participant in accordance with Articles 4.6 and 4.7, that Third Party Participant shall have the Third Party Interest or such part of the Third Party Interest as the GOVERNMENT may decide.
- 4.9
 - the GOVERNMENT does not notify the CONTRACTOR Entities of a Third Party Participant in accordance with Articles 4.6 and 4.7 for all or part of the Third Party Interest; and/or
 - if the Third Party Participant does not complete the exercise of the option as contemplated in Article 4.10 within sixty (60) days following its assignment by the GOVERNMENT of a Third Party Interest;

then the Third Party Interest and/or that part of the Third Party Interest not assigned by the GOVERNMENT in accordance with Articles 4.6 and 4.7 shall be held by a Public Company to be identified by the GOVERNMENT, which Public Company shall act as a Third Party Participant. For the avoidance of doubt, for the purposes of this Article 4.9, a Public Company shall be a wholly-owned entity of the GOVERNMENT.

- 4.10 If the Option of Third Party Participation is exercised in accordance with Articles 4.6 and 4.7, or if the Public Company holds all or part of the Third Party Interest under Article 4.9:
 - the effective date of such participation shall be the Effective Date, notwithstanding that the exercise of the Option of Third Party Participation under Articles 4.6 and 4.7, or the date on which the Public Company acquires the Third Party Interest under Article 4.9, occurs after such date;
 - a Third Party Participant, upon signature of a binding and enforceable instrument of assignment and novation in respect of this Contract referred to in Article 39.3, shall pay to the CONTRACTOR by way of cleared funds to a bank account nominated by the CONTRACTOR, an amount equivalent to the proportion of Petroleum Costs incurred by the CONTRACTOR Entities as at

the date of such payment attributable to the interest held by such Third Party Participant (which Petroleum Costs, for the avoidance of doubt, shall include the Signature Bonus or the Capacity Building Bonus payable or paid (as the case may be) under this Contract) and which payment shall be equal to one hundred and twenty-five per cent (125%) of that Third Party Participant's interest in this Contract so that if a Third Party Participant holds a twenty per cent (20%) interest in the Contract, the proportion of Petroleum Costs incurred by the other CONTRACTOR Entities payable by that Third Party Participant is twenty-five per cent (25%) of such Petroleum Costs; and

- (i) if the Option of Third Party Participation is exercised in accordance with Articles 4.6 and 4.7, the CONTRACTOR Entities (excluding the Third Party Participant) shall, within fourteen (14) days of the notification, propose to the GOVERNMENT a statement of Petroleum Costs. Within thirty (30) days of the notification, the GOVERNMENT shall present the Third Party Participant with a statement, agreed as between the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR Entities (excluding the Third Party Participant), of Petroleum Costs. Within sixty (60) days of the notification, the GOVERNMENT shall cause the Third Party Participant to pay the full amount due in accordance with this Article 4.10(b);
- (ii) if the Public Company holds all or part of the Third Party Interest under Article 4.9, the GOVERNMENT shall cause the payment of the amount due in accordance with this Article 4.10(b) to be made by the Public Company to the CONTRACTOR within sixty (60) days of the Public Company acquiring the Third Party Interest under Article 4.9;
- (c) upon payment pursuant to and in accordance with Article 4.10(b) and the execution of the instrument referred to in Article 4.10(b) a Third Party Participant shall participate as a CONTRACTOR Entity (or, where a Third Party Participant constitutes a group of companies, as CONTRACTOR Entities) under this Contract as if it had been a CONTRACTOR Entity (or as if they had been CONTRACTOR Entities) from the Effective Date, with all the rights, duties, obligations and liabilities under this Contract, including the obligation to pay the relevant pro rata share of any and all Production Bonuses due at any time under the Contract, and a Third Party Participant shall not become a CONTRACTOR Entity until payment pursuant to and in accordance with Article 4.10(b) and the execution of the instrument referred to in Article 4.10(b) has been completed; and
- (d) where a Joint Operating Agreement has been executed by the CONTRACTOR Entities prior to any exercise of the Option of Third Party Participation pursuant to Articles 4.6 and 4.7, a Third Party Participant shall, upon signature of the instrument referred to in Article 4.10(b), become a party or parties to such Joint Operating Agreement on the terms thereof.
- 4.11 If the Public Company shall hold all or part of the Third Party Interest under Article 4.9, and shall fail to make the payment referred to in Article 4.10 (b) by the due date of payment, or if the GOVERNMENT and the Public Company have not completed

the assignment of all or part of the Third Party Interest under Article 4.9 within ninety (90) days of the expiry of the eight (8) Month period contemplated by Article 4.7, then upon the day following that date the GOVERNMENT will with immediate effect therefrom take all contractual and procedural measures (enforceable under applicable law) to procure that:

- (a) fifty per cent (50%) of the interest so held by the Public Company holding such Third Party Interest shall, notwithstanding any other Article in this Contract, be automatically deemed to be assigned and be assigned by such Public Company to Talisman; and
- (b) fifty per cent (50%) of the interest so held by the Public Company holding such Third Party Interest shall, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 39.2 or any other Article in this Contract, be automatically deemed to be assigned and be assigned to that Public Company which holds the Government Interest pursuant to Article 4.1, and shall for the purposes of this Article 4 be part of the Government Interest and shall be subject to the rights and obligations of Article 4.2 and the other provisions of this Contract relating to the Government Interest.

Joint Operating Agreement Provisions

- 4.12 Any Joint Operating Agreement entered into in relation to this Contract shall be consistent with the principles of this Article 4 and Annex C and shall provide as follows:
 - (a) all decisions of any operating committee established under such Joint Operating Agreement shall require the affirmative vote of an agreed percentage of participating interests held by the Contractor Entities, which in any event shall be not more than sixty per cent (60%) of the participating interest of the Contractor Entities; and
 - (b) in the event of a proposed transfer by any CONTRACTOR Entity of part of a participating interest under such Joint Operating Agreement, including any Third Party Interest:
 - no transfer may be made which would result in the transferor or transferee holding less than a five per cent (5%) participating interest;
 - (ii) the proposed third party assignee must demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of each of the extant CONTRACTOR Entities that it has the financial capability to perform its payment obligations under the Contract and under the Joint Operating Agreement; and
 - (iii) the proposed third party assignee shall enter into an instrument satisfactory to each of the extant CONTRACTOR Entities so as to assume and to perform the obligations of the transferor.

ARTICLE 5 - OPERATOR

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- 5.1 The CONTRACTOR hereby designates TALISMAN to act as the Operator on behalf of the CONTRACTOR for the execution of the Petroleum Operations. The CONTRACTOR shall at any time have the right to appoint another entity as the Operator, upon giving the GOVERNMENT not less than thirty (30) days prior written notice of such appointment.
- 5.2 The CONTRACTOR shall submit to the GOVERNMENT for comment any agreement to amend the Joint Operating Agreement regarding or regulating the Operator's appointment and its conduct of Petroleum Operations on behalf of the CONTRACTOR pursuant to this Contract prior to execution of such agreement.
- 5.3 In the event of the occurrence of either of the following, the GOVERNMENT may require the CONTRACTOR to appoint another entity as Operator as soon as is reasonably practicable:
 - if an order has been passed in court declaring the bankruptcy, liquidation, or dissolution of the Operator; or
 - (b) if the Operator terminates the activities under this Contract delegated to it by the CONTRACTOR or a material proportion thereof, and, as a result the CONTRACTOR fails to fulfil its obligations under the Contract.

ARTICLE 6 - TERM OF THE CONTRACT

6.1 This Contract comprises an Exploration Period and a Development Period, as defined below:

Exploration Period

- 6.2 The Exploration Period shall be for an initial term of five (5) Contract Years, extendable on a yearly basis (as provided in Articles 6.5 and 6.6) up to a maximum period of seven (7) Contract Years. The initial term of five (5) Contract Years shall be subdivided in two (2) sub-periods as follows:
 - (a) an initial sub-period of three (3) Contract Years ("First Sub-Period"); and
 - (b) a second sub-period of two (2) Contract Years ("Second Sub-Period"),

each a "Sub-Period" and collectively "Sub-Periods".

It is understood that the right of the CONTRACTOR to accede to the next Sub-Period or any extension thereof pursuant to Article 6.6 shall be subject to fulfilment of the Minimum Exploration Obligations or minimum work obligations applicable to the previous Sub-Period or extension thereof pursuant to Article 6.6 (as the case may be).

6.3 During the Exploration Period, the CONTRACTOR shall pay to the GOVERNMENT, in arrears, an annual surface rental for the Contract Area, as may be reduced by relinquishment from time to time pursuant to Article 7, of ten Dollars (US\$10) per square kilometre per Contract Year ("Exploration Rental"), commencing with the third Contract Year. Such Exploration Rental shall be

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If the CONTRACTOR decides not to enter into the Second Sub-Period, it shall notify the GOVERNMENT at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiry of the First Sub-Period, and the Exploration Period shall expire at the end of the First Sub-Period, unless the First Sub-Period has been extended pursuant to Article 6.5 and/or Article 6.6.

accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

- If the CONTRACTOR has fulfilled its Minimum Exploration Obligations for a Sub-Period of the Exploration Period but considers that additional work is required prior:
 - to deciding to submit an Appraisal Work Program and Budget as provided under Article 12.2 in respect of a Discovery, or
 - to deciding to declare a Discovery as a Commercial Discovery in accordance with Article 12.6(a) or 14.5(a), which additional work may include the preparation and/or execution of an Appraisal Work Program and Budget as provided under Article 12.2 and/or Gas Marketing Operations,

the CONTRACTOR will automatically be entitled to extensions, each of one (1) Contract Year, of the then current Sub-Period, up to the end of the maximum Exploration Period of seven (7) Contract Years, (as provided in Article 6.2). The CONTRACTOR's notification of its intention to exercise such extension and its duration shall be submitted in writing to the GOVERNMENT at least thirty (30) days prior to the end of the then current Sub-Period or the end of the then current extension (as the case may be).

- Without prejudice to Article 6.5, upon expiry of the initial term of the Exploration Period, if it considers it has not completed its exploration evaluation of the Contract Area, the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to an extension of the Second Sub-Period, provided it notifies the GOVERNMENT in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to the end of such Sub-Period, together with a proposal for a minimum work obligation for such extension. Any such extension shall not exceed one (1) Contract Year. Upon the expiry of such extension, if it considers it has still not completed its evaluation of the Contract Area, the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to a further extension of one (1) Contract Year provided that it notifies the GOVERNMENT in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to the end of the original extension. The right of the CONTRACTOR to accede to the further extension shall be subject to fulfilment of the minimum work obligations applicable to the original extension.
- Subject to Article 6.4, at any time during the Exploration Period, upon thirty (30) days prior notice to the GOVERNMENT, the CONTRACTOR shall have the right to withdraw from this Contract provided that the outstanding Minimum Exploration Obligations relating to the then current Sub-Period have been completed in accordance with the Contract, or it has paid to the GOVERNMENT the amounts specified in Article 10.2 or Article 10.3, whichever is applicable to the then current Sub-Period.

If a Discovery is made within the maximum Exploration Period of seven (7) Contract Years (as provided in Article 6.2), and if the CONTRACTOR considers it has not had time to complete sufficient Gas Marketing Operations to declare the Discovery a Commercial Discovery pursuant to Article 12.6(a) or 14.5(a), the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to request an extension of the Exploration Period (notwithstanding the maximum period provided in Article 6.2), provided it so requests the GOVERNMENT in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to the end of the maximum Exploration Period, together with a proposal for Gas Marketing Operations to be undertaken during such extension. If granted by the GOVERNMENT, any such extension shall not exceed two (2) Contract Years. Upon the expiry of such extension, if it considers it has still not completed its Gas Marketing Operations relating to such Discovery, the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to request a further extension of two (2) Contract Years provided that it so requests the GOVERNMENT in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to the end of the original extension, together with a proposal for Gas Marketing Operations to be undertaken during such extension.

Development Period

- 6.10 If the CONTRACTOR considers that a Discovery of Crude Oil and any Associated Natural Gas is a Commercial Discovery, the CONTRACTOR shall have the exclusive right to develop and produce such Commercial Discovery, pursuant to the terms of this Contract. The Development Period for a Commercial Discovery of Crude Oil and any Associated Natural Gas shall be twenty (20) years commencing on the declaration of such Commercial Discovery by CONTRACTOR, in accordance with Article 12.6(a), with an automatic right to a five (5) year extension.
- 6.11 If the CONTRACTOR considers that a Discovery of Non-Associated Natural Gas is a Commercial Discovery, the CONTRACTOR shall have the exclusive right to develop and produce such Commercial Discovery, pursuant to the terms of this Contract. The Development Period for a Commercial Discovery of Non-Associated Natural Gas shall be twenty (20) years, commencing on the declaration of such Commercial Discovery by CONTRACTOR, in accordance with Article 12.6(a) or Article 14.5(a), with an automatic right to a five (5) year extension.
- 6.12 If Commercial Production from a Production Area is still possible at the end of its Development Period as defined in Articles 6.10 or 6.11 then, upon its request, the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to an extension of such Development Period under the same terms as those provided in this Contract. Such request shall be made inwriting by the CONTRACTOR at least six (6) Months before the end of the said Development Period.

The term of any such extension of the Development Period shall be:

- five (5) Years for Crude Oil and any Associated Natural Gas, and/or
- five (5) Years for Non-Associated Natural Gas.

6.13 The CONTRACTOR shall have the right to terminate Production Operations for any Production Area at any time during the term of this Contract, subject to giving notice to the GOVERNMENT of at least ninety (90) days. This Contract shall terminate on the expiry date of the Development Period of the last Production Area or when Production Operations for all Production Areas have terminated.

ARTICLE 7 - RELINQUISHMENTS

- 7.1 Subject to the provisions of Articles 7.2 and 7.3, the CONTRACTOR shall surrender portions of the Contract Area as follows:
 - (a) at the end of the initial term of the Exploration Period referred to in Article 6.2, including any extensions referred to in Articles 6.5 and 6.6, twenty five per cent (25%) of the net area determined by subtracting the Production Areas from the initial Contract Area;
 - (b) at the end of the first extension period granted under Article 6.9 after the end of the initial term of the Exploration Period referred to in Article 6.2, an additional twenty five per cent (25%) of the net area determined by subtracting the Production Areas from the remaining part of the Contract Area; and
 - (c) at the end of the Exploration Period (including all extensions thereof), all of the remaining area that is not in a Production Area.
- 7.2 For the application of Article 7.1:
 - any areas already relinquished pursuant to Article 7.4 shall be deducted from areas to be surrendered; and
 - (b) the CONTRACTOR shall have the right to determine the area, shape and location of the Contract Area to be kept, provided that such surrendered portions of the Contract Area shall be in contiguous blocks.
- 7.3 If the relinquishment referred to in Article 7.1 can only be achieved by including part of an Appraisal Area, then these percentages shall be reduced to exclude such Appraisal Area.
- 7.4 During the Exploration Period, the CONTRACTOR may at the end of each Contract Year surrender all or any part of the Contract Area by written notice sent to the GOVERNMENT at least thirty (30) days in advance of the proposed date of surrender, subject to the provisions of this Article 7.4. Such voluntary surrenders during the Exploration Period shall be deemed equal to the obligatory relinquishments referred to under Article 7.1. This Contract shall terminate in the event of the surrender of the entire Contract Area.
- 7.5 No surrender provided under Article 7.4 shall exempt the CONTRACTOR from its outstanding obligations under this Contract. In the event the CONTRACTOR elects to surrender the entire Contract Area without having fulfilled the Minimum Exploration Obligations relating to the then current Sub-Period as provided in Article 10.2 or Article 10.3, the CONTRACTOR shall pay to the GOVERNMENT the

The boundaries of the portion of the Contract Area to be relinquished by the CONTRACTOR shall be communicated to the GOVERNMENT by written notice at least thirty (30) days in advance of the relevant date for relinquishment, pursuant to Article 7.1.

ARTICLE 8 - MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

8.1 A Management Committee shall be established within thirty (30) days following the Signature Date for the purpose of providing orderly direction of all matters pertaining to the Petroleum Operations and the Work Programs. Within such period, each of the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR shall by written notice nominate its respective members of the Management Committee and their deputies.

The Management Committee shall comprise two (2) members designated by the GOVERNMENT and two (2) members designated by Talisman. For the purposes of this Article 8, CONTRACTOR shall mean, during the first Sub-Period of the Exploration Period, the Operator.

Upon ten (10) days notice, each of the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR may substitute any of its members of the Management Committee. The chairman of the Management Committee shall be one of the members designated by the GOVERNMENT (the "Chairman"). The vice-chairman of the Management Committee shall be one of the members designated by the CONTRACTOR (the "Vice-Chairman"). In the absence of the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman shall chair the meeting.

Each Party shall have the right to invite a reasonable number of observers as deemed necessary to attend the meetings of the Management Committee in a non-voting capacity.

- The Management Committee shall review, deliberate, decide and give advice, suggestions and recommendations to the Parties regarding the following subject matters
 - Work Programs and Budgets; (a)
 - (b) the CONTRACTOR's activity reports;
 - production levels submitted by the CONTRACTOR, based on prudent (c) international petroleum industry practice;
 - Accounts of Petroleum Costs;
 - procurement procedures for potential Subcontractors, with an estimated subcontract value in excess of one million Dollars (\$1,000,000), submitted by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with Article 19.3;

(f)

- Development Plan and Budget for each Production Area; any matter having a material adverse affect on Petroleum Operations; (g)
- any other subject matter of a material nature that the Parties are willing to (h)
- Each of the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR shall have one (1) vote in the Management Committee. The Management Committee cannot validly deliberate unless each of the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR is represented by at least one (1) of its members or its deputy.

The Management Committee shall attempt to reach unanimous agreement on any subject matter being submitted. In the event the Management Committee cannot reach unanimous agreement, a second meeting shall be held within fourteen (14) days to discuss the same subject matter and attempt to reach a unanimous decision.

Except as provided for in Article 8.4 and Article 8.5, in the event that no agreement is reached at the second meeting, the Chairman shall have the tie-breaking vote.

- In the event that, during the Exploration Period, no agreement is reached at the second meeting of the Management Committee, as provided for in Article 8.3, or unanimous approval is not obtained, as required pursuant to Article 8.5; then the proposal made by the CONTRACTOR shall be deemed adopted by the Management Committee.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 8.3, and subject to Article 8.4, unanimous approval of the Management Committee shall be required for:
 - approval of, and any material revision to, any Exploration Work Program and Budget prepared after the first Commercial Discovery in the Production Area relating to such Commercial Discovery;
 - approval of, and any material revision to, the Development Plan, the production schedule, lifting schedule and Development and Production Work Programs and Budgets;
 - (c) establishment of rules of procedure for the Management Committee;
 - any insurance issues over which the Management Committee has authority; (d)
 - (e) approval of, and any material revision to, procurement procedures for goods and/or services, submitted by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with Article 19.3 (unless such procedures have been deemed approved by the Management Committee in accordance with Article 19.3);
 - approval of, and any material revision to, any proposed pipeline project, (f) submitted by CONTRACTOR in accordance with Article 33.3;
 - (g) approval of a first rate bank in which to place the Decommissioning Reserve Fund, in accordance with Article 38.1;







- approval of, and any material revision to, any proposed Decommissioning Plan submitted pursuant to Article 38.7 on any Decommissioning Work Program and Budget or Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget;
- any Terms of Reference which are required to be prepared and agreed for the purposes of expert determination, pursuant to Article 42.2;
- (j) approval of any costs in excess of ten per cent (10%) above any Budget; and
- (k) any matter having a material adverse effect on Petroleum Operations.
- 8.6 Ordinary meetings of the Management Committee shall take place in the Kurdistan Region, alternately at the offices of the GOVERNMENT and those of the CONTRACTOR, or at any other location agreed between Parties, at least twice a Contract Year prior to the date of the first Commercial Discovery and three times a Contract Year thereafter.
- 8.7 Either the GOVERNMENT or the CONTRACTOR may call an extraordinary meeting of the Management Committee to discuss important issues or developments related to Petroleum Operations, subject to giving reasonable prior notice, specifying the matters to be discussed at the meeting, to the other Party. The Management Committee may from time to time make decisions by correspondence provided all the members have indicated their approval of such decisions in such correspondence.
- 8.8 Unless at least one (1) member or its deputy of each of the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR is present, the Management Committee shall be adjourned for a period not to exceed eight (8) days. The Party being present shall then notify the other Party of the new date, time and location for the meeting.
- 8.9 The agenda for meetings of the Management Committee shall be prepared by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with instructions of the Chairman and communicated to the Parties at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date of the meeting. The agenda shall include any subject matter proposed by either the GOVERNMENT or the CONTRACTOR. Decisions of the Management Committee will be made at the meetings. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for preparing and keeping minutes of the decisions made at the meetings. Copies of such minutes shall be forwarded to each Party for review and approval. Each Party shall review and approve such minutes within ten (10) days of receipt of the draft minutes. A Party who fails to notify in writing its approval or disapproval of such minutes within such ten (10) days shall be deemed to have approved the minutes.
- 8.10 If required, the Management Committee may request the creation of a technical sub-committee or any other sub-committee to assist it. Any such sub-committee shall be composed of a reasonable number of experts from the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR. After each meeting, the technical sub-committee or any other sub-committee shall deliver a written report to the Management Committee.
- 8.11 Any costs and expenditure incurred by the CONTRACTOR for meetings of the Management Committee or any technical sub-committee or any other sub-committee

shall be considered as Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

ARTICLE 9 - GUARANTEES

- Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall provide the GOVERNMENT, if so required by the latter pursuant to written notice received by the CONTRACTOR Entity within thirty (30) days of the Signature Date, with a corporate guarantee in a form as shall be agreed in good faith between the GOVERNMENT and each CONTRACTOR Entity not later than ninety (90) days after the Signature Date, provided that such corporate guarantee shall be given only in respect of the Minimum Financial Commitment for the First Sub-Period and shall expire automatically upon completion of the performance of the Minimum Exploration Obligations set out in Article 10.2(d) and (e) or expenditure of such Minimum Financial Commitment, whichever is the carlier.
- Not later than sixty (60) days after the commencement of the Second Sub-Period, each CONTRACTOR Entity shall provide the GOVERNMENT, if so required by the latter pursuant to written notice received by the CONTRACTOR Entity within thirty (30) days of such commencement date, with a corporate guarantee in:
 - the form substantially agreed between the GOVERNMENT and each CONTRACTOR Entity for the First Sub-Period, if any, subject to making the changes necessary in order for the corporate guarantee to apply only to the Second Sub-Period, or
 - if there is no agreed form, in a form as shall be agreed in good faith between the GOVERNMENT and each CONTRACTOR Entity not later than ninety (90) days after the GOVERNMENT's notice,

and provided in each case that such corporate guarantee shall be given only in respect of the Minimum Financial Commitment for the Second Sub-Period and that such corporate guarantee shall expire automatically upon completion of the performance of the Minimum Exploration Obligations set out in Article 10.3 (b) or expenditure of such Minimum Financial Commitment, whichever is the earlier.

In the event of an assignment by a CONTRACTOR Entity in accordance with Article 39, the relevant third party assignee shall provide the GOVERNMENT, if so required by the latter pursuant to written notice given to such assignee within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the assignment, with a corporate guarantee in the form agreed pursuant to Article 9.1 or 9.2, as applicable to the then current Sub-Period or, in the absence of any such agreed form of corporate guarantee, in a form as shall be agreed in good faith between the GOVERNMENT and such assignee not later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the assignment, provided that such corporate guarantee shall be given only in respect of the Minimum Financial Commitment for the then current Sub-Period, and shall expire automatically upon completion of the performance of the Minimum Exploration Obligations set out in Articles 10.2(d) and (e) or Article 10.3(b), as the case may be, or expenditure of such Minimum Financial Commitment, whichever is the earlier. Furthermore, the assignment to the relevant third party assignee shall reduce the extent of the existing CONTRACTOR Entity corporate guarantee pro rata in accordance with the relevant third party percentage participation, irrespective of whether the GOVERNMENT requires a guarantee of the third party assignee.

ARTICLE 10 - MINIMUM EXPLORATION WORK OBLIGATIONS

- 10.1 The CONTRACTOR shall perform geological, geophysical and/or drilling works as provided under Articles 10.2 to 10.3 (the "Minimum Exploration Obligations"). If applicable, the said Minimum Exploration Obligations shall be performed during each Sub-Period in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice.
- 10.2 During the First Sub-Period, the CONTRACTOR shall:
 - (a) carry out geological and geophysical studies, comprising the following:
 - (i) the compilation of a technical database;
 - (ii) the performance of a remote sensing study:
 - a field visit to verify initial geological and geophysical work and remote sensing results and plan for two dimensional seismic acquisition; and
 - (b) carry out a data search for existing data specific to this Contract Area, comprising the following:
 - (i) well data, if available, for example, electric logs;
 - (ii) seismic data and gravity data, if available; and
 - (iii) reprocess seismic data, if available;
 - perform field work comprising structural, stratigraphic and lithologic mapping and sampling;
 - (d) acquire, process and interpret two hundred (200) line kilometres of two dimensional seismic data, committing for this purpose a minimum financial amount of six million Dollars (\$6,000,000) (the activities described in paragraphs (a) through (d), the "Seismic Services"); and
 - (e) drill one (1) Exploration Well (the "First Exploration Well"), including testing and coring as appropriate to a total depth of three thousand meters (3000M) measured from surface.

The costs of carrying out the Seismic Services shall be considered Exploration Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

- 10.2.1 The activities carried out by the CONTRACTOR, pursuant to the Option Agreement shall be deemed to satisfy the Minimum Exploration Obligations for the First Sub-Period set out in Articles 10.2(a) to 10.2(d) and the cost of such activities shall be recoverable as Petroleum Costs without any approval of the Management Committee.
- 10.3 During the Second Sub-Period, the CONTRACTOR shall:
 - (a) acquire, process and interpret further seismic data (being either two dimensional or three dimensional), if the CONTRACTOR considers that the results from the First Exploration Well justify the acquisition of further seismic data; and
 - (b) drill one (1) Exploration Well (the "Second Exploration Well") committing for this purpose a minimum financial amount of fifteen million Dollars (US\$15,000,000) including testing and coring as appropriate, unless the data from the First Exploration Well demonstrates that there is not a reasonable technical case for drilling the Second Exploration Well in the Contract Area.
- 10.4 Notwithstanding the provisions in Articles 10.2 to 10.3, for the execution of the Minimum Exploration Obligations under Articles 10.2 to 10.3, it is agreed as follows:
 - (a) Minimum Exploration Obligations in the Second Sub-Period shall only apply in the event the CONTRACTOR has not elected to notify the GOVERNMENT that it will not enter into the Second Sub-Period, in accordance with and subject to Article 6.4.
 - (b) Subject to Article 10.4(a), the CONTRACTOR shall be required to meet its Minimum Exploration Obligations for the applicable Sub-Period, even if this entails exceeding the Minimum Financial Commitment for such Sub-Period. If the CONTRACTOR has satisfied its Minimum Exploration Obligations without having spent the total Minimum Financial Commitment for such Sub-Period, it shall be deemed to have satisfied its Minimum Exploration Obligations for such Sub-Period.
 - (c) The First Exploration Well shall be drilled to the depth described in Article 10.2(e) and each other Exploration Well shall be drilled to the depth agreed by the Management Committee unless:
 - the formation is encountered at a lesser depth than originally anticipated;
 - (ii) basement is encountered at a lesser depth than originally anticipated;
 - in the CONTRACTOR's sole opinion continued drilling of the relevant Exploration Well presents a hazard due to the presence of abnormal or unforeseen conditions;
 - insurmountable technical problems are encountered rendering it impractical to continue drilling with standard equipment; or







(v) petroleum formations are encountered whose penetration requires laying protective casing that does not enable the depth agreed by the Management Committee or as described in Article 10.2(e), as applicable, to be reached.

If drilling is stopped for any of the foregoing reasons, the Exploration Well shall be deemed to have been drilled to the depth agreed by the Management Committee or as described in Article 10.2(e), as applicable, and the CONTRACTOR shall be deemed to have satisfied its Minimum Exploration Obligations in respect of the Exploration Well.

- (d) Any geological or geophysical work carried out or any seismic data acquired, processed or interpreted or any Exploration Well drilled or any other work performed in excess of the Minimum Exploration Obligations and/or any amounts spent in excess of the total Minimum Financial Commitment in any given Sub-Period, shall be carried forward to the next Sub-Period or any extension period and shall be taken into account to satisfy the Minimum Exploration Obligations and/or the total Minimum Financial Commitment for such subsequent Sub-Period or extension period.
- (e) For the avoidance of doubt, if: (i) in the First Sub-Period, the CONTRACTOR performs any of the Minimum Exploration Obligations prescribed for the Second Sub-Period in Article 10.3; and (ii) the CONTRACTOR has not elected to notify the GOVERNMENT that it will not enter into the Second Sub-Period (in accordance with and subject to Article 6.4), the performance of such Minimum Exploration Obligations shall be deemed to satisfy the same Minimum Exploration Obligations for the Second Sub-Period.

ARTICLE 11 - EXPLORATION WORK PROGRAMS AND BUDGETS

- 11.1 Within forty-five (45) days following the Signature Date, the CONTRACTOR shall prepare and submit to the Management Committee a proposed work program and budget relating to Exploration Operations (the "Exploration Work Program and Budget") for the remainder of the Calendar Year. Thereafter, no later than 1 October in each Calendar Year, the CONTRACTOR shall submit a proposed Exploration Work Program and Budget to the Management Committee for the following Calendar Year.
- 11.2 Each Exploration Work Program and Budget shall include details of, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (a) work to be undertaken;
 - (b) materials, goods and equipment to be acquired;
 - cost estimate of services to be provided, including services by third parties and/or Affiliated Companies of any CONTRACTOR Entity; and

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- estimated expenditures, broken down by cost centre in accordance with the Accounting Procedure.
- 11.3 The Management Committee shall meet within sixty (60) days following its receipt of CONTRACTOR's proposal to examine and approve the Exploration Work Program and Budget.
- 11.4 If the GOVERNMENT requests any modification to the Exploration Work Program and Budget, the Management Committee shall meet to discuss the Exploration Work Program and Budget and proposed modifications thereto within the sixty (60) day period referred to in Article 11.3. The CONTRACTOR shall communicate its comments on any such requested modifications to the GOVERNMENT at the meeting of the Management Committee or in writing prior to such meeting.
- 11.5 The CONTRACTOR shall be authorised to make expenditures not budgeted in an approved Exploration Work Program and Budget provided that the aggregate amount of such expenditures shall not exceed ten per cent (10%) of the approved Exploration Work Program and Budget in any Calendar Year and provided further that such excess expenditures shall be reported as soon as is reasonably practicable to the Management Committee. For the avoidance of doubt all excess expenditures shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25, provided that any excess expenditures above the ten per cent (10%) limit shall only be recovered with the unanimous approval of the Management Committee.
- 11.6 In cases of emergency, the CONTRACTOR may incur such additional expenditures as it deems necessary to protect life, environment or property. Such additional expenditures shall be reported promptly to the Management Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, such additional expenditure shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

ARTICLE 12 - DISCOVERY AND DEVELOPMENT

12.1 If the drilling of an Exploration Well results in a Discovery, the CONTRACTOR shall notify the GOVERNMENT within forty-eight (48) hours of completing tests confirming the presumed existence of such Discovery or within such longer period as the CONTRACTOR reasonably requires to determine whether or not there is a Discovery. Within thirty (30) days following notification of the said Discovery, the CONTRACTOR shall present to the Management Committee all technical data then available together with its opinion on the commercial potential of the said Discovery (the "Discovery Report"). The CONTRACTOR shall provide in a timely manner such other information relating to the Discovery as the GOVERNMENT may reasonably request.

Appraisal Work Program and Budget

12.2 If, pursuant to Article 12.1, the CONTRACTOR considers that the Discovery has commercial potential it shall, within ninety (90) days following notification to the GOVERNMENT of the Discovery, submit an appraisal program in respect of the

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Discovery (the "Appraisal Work Program and Budget") to the Management Committee. The Management Committee shall examine the Appraisal Work Program and Budget within thirty (30) days of its receipt. If the GOVERNMENT requests any modification to the Appraisal Work Program and Budget, the Management Committee shall meet to discuss the Appraisal Work Program and Budget and the requested modifications thereto within sixty (60) days from its receipt of the proposed Appraisal Work Program and Budget. The CONTRACTOR shall communicate its comments on any such requested modifications to the GOVERNMENT at the meeting of the Management Committee or in writing prior to such meeting.

The Appraisal Work Program and Budget shall include the following:

- an appraisal works program and budget, in accordance with prudent (a) international petroleum industry practice;
- (b) an estimated time-frame for completion of appraisal works; and
- (c) the delimitation of the area to be evaluated, the surface of which shall not exceed twice (2 x) the surface of the geological structure or prospect to be appraised (the "Appraisal Area").
- 12.3 If, following a Discovery, a rig acceptable to the CONTRACTOR is available to drill a well, the CONTRACTOR may drill any additional Exploration Well or any Appraisal Well deemed necessary by the CONTRACTOR before or during the Management Committee's review of the Discovery Report provided in accordance with Article 12.1 or its review of the Appraisal Work Program and Budget.

The CONTRACTOR shall be authorised to incur expenditures not budgeted in an approved Appraisal Work Program and Budget provided that the aggregate amount of such expenditures shall not exceed ten per cent (10%) of the approved Appraisal Work Program and Budget in any Calendar Year and provided further that such excess expenditures shall be reported as soon as is reasonably practicable to the Management Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, all excess expenditures shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25, provided that any excess expenditures above the ten per cent (10%) limit shall only be recovered with the unanimous approval of the Management Committee.

Appraisal Report

- 12.4 The CONTRACTOR shall submit a detailed report relating to the Discovery (the "Appraisal Report") to the Management Committee within ninety (90) days following completion of the Appraisal Work Program and Budget.
- 12.5 The Appraisal Report shall include the following:
 - geological conditions; (a)
 - physical properties of any liquids; (b)
 - sulphur, sediment and water content;

- (d) type of substances obtained;
- Natural Gas composition; (e)
- (f) production forecast per well; and
- a preliminary estimate of recoverable reserves.

Declaration of Commercial Discovery

- 12.6 Together with its Appraisal Report, the CONTRACTOR shall submit a written statement to the Management Committee specifying that:
 - the CONTRACTOR has determined that the Discovery is a Commercial Discovery;
 - (b) the CONTRACTOR has determined that the Discovery is not a Commercial Discovery:
 - the CONTRACTOR has determined that the Discovery is a significant (c) Discovery, which may become a Commercial Discovery subject to additional exploration and/or appraisal works within or outside of the Appraisal Area; or
 - the CONTRACTOR has determined that the Discovery is a significant Discovery of Non-Associated Natural Gas, which may become a Commercial Discovery subject to Gas Marketing Operations, in accordance with Article 14.5.
- 12.7 In case the statement of the CONTRACTOR corresponds to Article 12.6(c), the CONTRACTOR shall submit a Work Program and Budget to the Management Committee within thirty (30) days following such statement. Any well drilled to evaluate the said significant Discovery shall be considered an Exploration Well.

Development Plan

- 12.8 If the Discovery has been declared a Commercial Discovery by the CONTRACTOR pursuant to Article 12.6(a) or Article 14.5(a), the CONTRACTOR shall submit a proposed Development Plan to the Management Committee within one hundred eighty (180) days following such declaration. The Development Plan shall be in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice. Except with the consent of the GOVERNMENT, such Development Plan shall include details of the
 - the delimitation of the Production Area, taking into account the results of the Appraisal Report regarding the importance of the Petroleum Field within the Appraisal Area;
 - drilling and completion of Development Wells; (b)
 - drilling and completion of water or Natural Gas injection wells; (c)

- (d) laying of gathering pipelines;
- installation of separators, tanks, pumps and any other associated production and injection facilities for the production;
- treatment and transportation of Petroleum to the processing and storage facilities onshore or offshore;
- (g) laying of export pipelines inside or outside the Contract Area to the storage facility or Delivery Point;
- (h) construction of storage facilities for Petroleum;
- (i) plan for the utilisation of Associated Natural Gas;
- (j) training commitment in accordance with Article 23;
- (k) a preliminary decommissioning and site restoration plan;
- all contracts and arrangements made or to be made by the CONTRACTOR for the sale of Natural Gas:
- (m) to the extent available, all contracts and arrangements made or to be made by Persons in respect of that Natural Gas downstream of the point at which it is to be sold by the CONTRACTOR and which are relevant to the price at which (and other terms on which) it is to be sold by the CONTRACTOR or are otherwise relevant to the determination of the value of it for the purposes of this Contract, but not beyond the point at which it is first disposed of in an Arm's Length Sale;
- (n) each CONTRACTOR Entity's plans for financing its interest, if any; and
- (o) any other operations not expressly provided for in this Contract but reasonably necessary for Development Operations, Production Operations and delivery of Petroleum produced, in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice.
- 12.9 The Management Committee shall use its best efforts to approve the Development Plan within sixty (60) days after its receipt of such plan. The Development Period for each Commercial Discovery within a Development Plan shall be extended for the number of days in excess of such sixty (60) day period that it takes for the Management Committee to approve the Development Plan. The Development Plan shall be considered approved by the GOVERNMENT if the GOVERNMENT, through its representatives on the Management Committee, indicates its approval in writing.
- 12.10 If the GOVERNMENT requests any modifications to the Development Plan, then the Management Committee shall meet within sixty (60) days of receipt by the CONTRACTOR of the GOVERNMENT's written notification of requested modifications accompanied by all the documents justifying such request, and shall discuss such request. The CONTRACTOR shall communicate its comments on any

such requested modifications to the GOVERNMENT at such meeting or in writing prior to such meeting. Any modification approved by the Management Committee at such meeting or within a further period of thirty (30) days from the date of such meeting shall be incorporated into the Development Plan which shall then be deemed approved and adopted.

12.11 If the CONTRACTOR makes several Commercial Discoveries within the Contract Area each such Commercial Discovery will have a separate Production Area. The CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to develop and to produce each Commercial Discovery and the GOVERNMENT shall provide the appropriate Permits covering each Production Area. In ease the area covered by the Commercial Discovery extends beyond the boundaries of the Contract Area, and to the extent such area outside the Contract Area is not the subject of a Petroleum Contract (as defined in the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law) with a third party, the provisions of Article 34.2 shall apply.

ARTICLE 13 - DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION WORK PROGRAMS AND BUDGET

13.1 Upon the approval of the Development Plan by the Management Committee, the CONTRACTOR shall start the Development Operations for the Commercial Discovery in accordance with the Development Plan and prudent international petroleum industry practice.

Approval of Development Works Program and Budget

- 13.2 Within ninety (90) days following approval of the Development Plan by the Management Committee, the CONTRACTOR shall prepare and submit to the Management Committee a proposed work program and budget for Development Operations (the "Development Work Program and Budget") to be carried out in the Production Area for the duration of the Development Operations. Thereafter, no later than 1 October in each Calendar Year, the CONTRACTOR shall submit to the Management Committee updates in respect of its Development Work Program and Budget. To enable the Management Committee to forecast expenditures, each Development Work Program and Budget shall include details of the following:
 - (a) works to be carried out;
 - (b) material and equipment to be acquired by main categories;
 - type of services to be provided, distinguishing between third parties and Affiliated Companies of any CONTRACTOR Entity; and
 - (d) categories of general and administrative expenditure.
- 13.3 If any modification to the Development Work Program and Budget is requested by the GOVERNMENT, the Management Committee shall meet to discuss the Development Work Program and Budget and proposed modifications thereto within sixty (60) days from its receipt of the proposed Development Work Program and Budget. The CONTRACTOR shall communicate its comments on any such



- requested modifications to the GOVERNMENT at the meeting of the Management Committee or in writing prior to such meeting.
- 13.4 The CONTRACTOR shall be authorised to incur expenditures not budgeted in an approved Development Work Program and Budget provided that the aggregate amount of such expenditures shall not exceed ten per cent (10%) of the approved Development Work Program and Budget in any Calendar Year and provided further that such excess expenditures shall be reported as soon as is reasonably practicable to the Management Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, all excess expenditures shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25, provided that any excess expenditures above the ten per cent (10%) limit shall only be recovered with the unanimous approval of the Management Committee.
- 13.5 In cases of emergency, the CONTRACTOR may incur such additional expenditures as it deems necessary to protect life, environment or property. Such additional expenditures shall be reported promptly to the Management Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, such additional expenditure shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

Approval of Annual Production Works Programs and Budget

- 13.6 No later than 1 October of the Calendar Year preceding the estimated commencement of production pursuant to an approved Development Plan and thereafter no later than 1 October in each Calendar Year, the CONTRACTOR shall prepare and submit to the Management Committee a proposed work program and budget for Production Operations (the "Production Work Program and Budget") for the following Calendar Year. To enable the Management Committee to forecast expenditures, the Production Work Program and Budget shall include details of the following:
 - (a) works to be carried out;
 - (b) material and equipment to be acquired by main categories;
 - type of services to be provided, distinguishing between third parties and Affiliated Companies of any CONTRACTOR Entity; and
 - (d) categories of general and administrative expenditure.
- 13.7 If any modification to the Production Work Program and Budget is requested by the GOVERNMENT, the Management Committee shall meet to discuss the Production Work Program and Budget and proposed modifications thereto within sixty (60) days from its receipt of the proposed Production Work Program and Budget. The CONTRACTOR shall communicate its comments on any such requested modifications to the GOVERNMENT at the meeting of the Management Committee or in writing prior to such meeting.
- 13.8 The CONTRACTOR shall be authorised to incur expenditures not budgeted in an approved Production Work Program and Budget provided that the aggregate amount

of such expenditures shall not exceed ten per cent (10%) of the approved Production Work Program and Budget in any Calendar Year and provided further that such excess expenditures shall be reported as soon as reasonably practicable to the Management Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, all excess expenditures shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25, provided that any excess expenditure above the ten per cent (10%) limit shall only be recovered with the unanimous approval of the Management Committee.

- 13.9 In cases of emergency, the CONTRACTOR may incur such additional expenditure as it deems necessary to protect life, environment or property. Such additional expenditures shall be reported promptly to the Management Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, such additional expenditure shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.
- 13.10 After the commencement of Commercial Production the CONTRACTOR shall pay to the GOVERNMENT, in arrears, an annual surface rental for the Production Area, of one hundred Dollars (US\$100) per square kilometre per Contract Year ("Production Rental"). Such Production Rental shall be considered as a Petroleum Cost and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

ARTICLE 14 - NATURAL GAS

Use for the Petroleum Operations

- 14.1 To take account of specific conditions relating to Natural Gas and to promote its development in the Kurdistan Region, the GOVERNMENT will grant specific benefits to the CONTRACTOR on principles materially similar to those contained in this Contract, including, consistent with the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law, more generous provisions in respect of the recovery of Petroleum Costs and the sharing of Profit Petroleum than in respect of Crude Oil.
- 14.2 The CONTRACTOR may freely use any Natural Gas required for the Petroleum Operations. If technically and economically justified, the CONTRACTOR shall in priority use any Natural Gas for the purpose of enhancing recovery of Crude Oil in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice as follows.

Associated Natural Gas

14.3 Any excess Associated Natural Gas produced that is neither used in the Petroleum Operations nor developed and sold by the CONTRACTOR shall, upon the GOVERNMENT's written request, be transferred at the first practicable delivery point as agreed between the Parties, free of charge to the GOVERNMENT. In such case, the GOVERNMENT shall be solely responsible for collecting, treating, compressing and transporting such Natural Gas from such agreed delivery point and shall be solely liable for any additional direct and indirect costs associated therewith. The construction and operation of required facilities as well as the offtake of such excess Associated Natural Gas by the GOVERNMENT shall occur in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice and shall not interfere with the production, lifting and transportation of the Crude Oil by the CONTRACTOR. For the avoidance of doubt, all expenditure incurred by the CONTRACTOR up to such agreed delivery point shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

In the event the GOVERNMENT finds a market for Associated Natural Gas, it shall promptly give written notice to the CONTRACTOR, and the CONTRACTOR may elect to participate in supplying such Associated Natural Gas within ninety (90) days following notification thereof by the GOVERNMENT. If the CONTRACTOR elects to participate in supplying Associated Natural Gas to such market, all expenditures associated with any necessary facilities shall be paid for by the CONTRACTOR. For the avoidance of doubt, such expenditure incurred shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

Non Associated Natural Gas

- 14.4 Until an approved Natural Gas sales contract is executed in respect of all volumes of Natural Gas expected to be produced, the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled during the Exploration Period and the Development Period to carry out Gas Marketing
- 14.5 If, pursuant to Article 12.6(d), the CONTRACTOR has determined that the Discovery is a significant Discovery of Non-Associated Natural Gas, which may become a Commercial Discovery subject to Gas Marketing Operations, it shall carry out Gas Marketing Operations, at the end of which it shall submit a written statement to the Management Committee specifying that:
 - the CONTRACTOR has determined that the Discovery is a Commercial (a) Discovery; or
 - the CONTRACTOR has determined that the Discovery is not a Commercial (b) Discovery.
- 14.6 For the purpose of this Contract, "Gas Marketing Operations" means any activity under this Contract relating to the marketing of Non-Associated Natural Gas, including any evaluation to find a commercial market for such Non-Associated Natural Gas and/or to find a commercially viable technical means of extraction of such Non-Associated Natural Gas and may include activities related to evaluating the quantities of Non-Associated Natural Gas to be sold, its quality, the geographic location of potential markets to be supplied as well as evaluating the costs of production, transportation and distribution of the Non-Associated Natural Gas from the Delivery Point to the relevant market.
- 14.7 All costs and expenditure incurred by the CONTRACTOR in the performance of the activities in relation to the Gas Marketing Operations shall be considered Petroleum

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- 14.8 No later than 1 October of the Calendar Year preceding the Calendar Year in which any Gas Marketing Operations are due to occur, the CONTRACTOR shall prepare and submit to the Management Committee its Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget for the following Calendar Year. To enable the Management Committee to forecast expenditures, the Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget shall include the following:
 - (a) works to be carried out;
 - type of services to be provided, distinguishing between third parties and Affiliated companies of any CONTRACTOR Entity; and
 - (c) categories of general and administrative expenditure.

If any modification to the Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget is requested by the GOVERNMENT, the Management Committee shall meet to discuss the Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget and proposed modifications thereto within sixty (60) days from its receipt of the proposed Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget. The CONTRACTOR shall communicate its comments on any such requested modifications to the GOVERNMENT at the meeting of the Management Committee or in writing prior to such meeting.

- 14.9 The CONTRACTOR shall be authorised to incur expenditures not budgeted in an approved Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget provided that the aggregate amount of such expenditure shall not exceed ten per cent (10%) of the approved Gas Marketing Work Program and Budget in any Calendar Year and provided further that such excess expenditures shall be reported as soon as reasonably practicable to the Management Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, all excess expenditures shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25, provided that any excess expenditure above the ten per cent (10%) limit shall only be recovered with the unanimous approval of the Management Committee.
- 14.10 If any Non-Associated Natural Gas is discovered within the Contract Area, and the CONTRACTOR reasonably considers that the Non-Associated Natural Gas Discovery will only be a Commercial Discovery if certain terms of this Contract are amended, it shall be entitled to request amendments to this Contract, with its reasons. The GOVERNMENT shall in good faith give reasonable consideration to the CONTRACTOR's proposed amendment and reasons and the Parties shall in good faith attempt to agree on the necessary amendments to the Contract. If the Parties are unable to agree on such amendments, and the Exploration Period expires without the CONTRACTOR having declared such Discovery to be a Commercial Discovery in accordance with Article 12.6(a) or Article 14.5(a), and subsequently within a period of eight (8) years from the end of such Exploration Period, the GOVERNMENT reaches agreement with any third party to develop such Discovery (the "Gas Development"), then the following provisions shall apply:
 - (a) either before or upon agreement in relation to the Gas Development having been reached (and whether or not such agreement is recorded in a fully termed production sharing and/or operating or other like agreement), but before such agreement is signed (the "Proposed Contract") (subject only to the rights of

each CONTRACTOR Entity to pre-empt such Proposed Contract pursuant to Article 14.10(b) and such conditions as may be applicable), the GOVERNMENT shall, as soon as reasonably practicable after the occurrence of such circumstances, serve on each of the CONTRACTOR Entities, a notice to that effect and shall with such notice provide such information and main terms of such agreement as the CONTRACTOR Entities may reasonably request to determine if they will exercise their rights (the "Agreed Terms"), including:

- (i) the identity of such third party;
- (ii) the effective date of the Proposed Contract;
- the applicable commercial terms, including bonuses, royalties, cost recovery, profit sharing, taxation and any other similar terms; and
- (iv) all and any material conditions to which the Proposed Contract is subject.
- (b) Upon a request from any CONTRACTOR Entity, the GOVERNMENT will provide all the CONTRACTOR Entities with such further information and terms as may be reasonably requested by any CONTRACTOR Entity. Within one hundred and eighty days (180) days after receipt of a notice and any further information under Article 14.10(a) in relation to a Proposed Contract each of the CONTRACTOR Entities shall elect either:
 - to enter into the Proposed Contract on the same or substantially similar terms to the Agreed Terms, with the right to cost recover all Petroleum Costs incurred under this Contract against all Petroleum revenues received under the Proposed Contract, up to any cost recovery limits set out therein; or
 - to waive the aforesaid right of pre-emption in relation to the Proposed Contract;

and shall serve notice accordingly upon the GOVERNMENT and all the CONTRACTOR Entities and in default of receipt by the GOVERNMENT of any such notice within such period of one hundred and eighty (180) days such CONTRACTOR Entity shall be deemed conclusively to have served a notice electing to waive its aforesaid right of pre-emption in relation to the Proposed Contract.

(c) In the event that more than one of the CONTRACTOR Entities exercises its rights under Article 14.10(b)(i) in relation to the Proposed Contract, then the GOVERNMENT shall transfer or grant each such CONTRACTOR Entity an interest in the Proposed Contract upon the Agreed Terms (in accordance with Article 14.10(b)(i)) in the proportions in which their respective percentage interests bear to the aggregate of their respective percentage interests under the relevant Joint Operating Agreement (as it applied at the end

- of the Exploration Period) or in such other proportions as such CONTRACTOR Entities shall agree between them.
- (d) In the event that one of the CONTRACTOR Entities exercises its rights under Article 14.10(b)(i) in relation to the Proposed Contract then the GOVERNMENT shall transfer or grant the whole of the interest in the Proposed Contract upon the Agreed Terms (in accordance with 14.10(b)(i)) to such CONTRACTOR Entity.
- (e) In the event that none of the CONTRACTOR Entities exercises its rights under Article 14.10(b)(i) then the GOVERNMENT may enter into the Proposed Contract on terms no more favourable to its counterparty than the Agreed Terms and, in such case, the aforesaid rights of pre-emption shall thereupon cease to apply in relation to the Proposed Contract.
- 14.11 If the pre-emption rights in Article 14.10 are not exercised and the GOVERNMENT enters into the Proposed Contract with the third party concerned, the GOVERNMENT will use its best endeavours to avoid any effect which may hamper the Petroleum Operations of the CONTRACTOR while producing Petroleum.

Flaring

14.12 Flaring of Natural Gas in the course of activities provided for under this Contract, is prohibited except (i) short-term flaring up to twelve (12) Months necessary for testing or other operational reasons in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice (which shall include the flaring of Associated Natural Gas to the extent the CONTRACTOR considers that re-injecting Associated Natural Gas is not justified technically and economically and provided the GOVERNMENT decides not to take such Associated Natural Gas), or (ii) with the prior authorisation of the GOVERNMENT, such authorisation not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed. The CONTRACTOR shall submit such request to the GOVERNMENT, which shall include an evaluation of reasonable alternatives to flaring that have been considered along with information on the amount and quality of Natural Gas involved and the duration of the requested flaring.

ARTICLE 15 - ACCOUNTING AND AUDITS

15.1 The CONTRACTOR shall keep in its offices in the Kurdistan Region copies of all books and accounts of all revenues relating to the Petroleum Operations and all Petroleum Costs (the "Accounts"), except during the Exploration Period, when the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to keep the Accounts at its headquarters Abroad. The Accounts shall reflect in detail expenditure incurred as a function of the quantities and value of Petroleum produced, and shall be kept for a period of five (5) years. All Accounts which are made available to the GOVERNMENT in accordance with the provisions of this Contract shall be prepared in the English language. The Accounts shall be kept in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice and in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Procedure. The Accounts shall be kept in Dollars, which shall be the reference currency for the purposes of this Contract.

- 15.2 Within ninety (90) days following the end of each Calendar Year, the CONTRACTOR shall submit to the GOVERNMENT a summary statement of all Petroleum Costs incurred during the said Calendar Year. The summary statement shall also include a profit calculation pursuant to the provisions of Article 26.
- 15.3 The GOVERNMENT shall have the right:
 - (a) to request an audit of the Accounts with respect to each Calendar Year within a period of two (2) Calendar Years following the end of such Calendar Year (the "Audit Request Period"); and
 - (b) to retain an auditor of international standing familiar with international petroleum industry accounting practice to undertake or assist the GOVERNMENT to undertake the audit.

Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Article 15.3, the GOVERNMENT shall have the right to audit the Accounts with respect to each Calendar Year at any time in the case of manifest error or fraud.

- 15.4 The reasonable cost of retaining an auditor pursuant to Article 15.3 shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR and treated as a Petroleum Cost for the purpose of cost recovery under Articles 1 and 25.
- 15.5 During the Audit Request Period for any Calendar Year but not thereafter, the GOVERNMENT, acting reasonably and in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice, may request in writing all reasonably available information and justifications for its audit of Petroleum Costs.
- 15.6 Should the GOVERNMENT consider, on the basis of data and information available, that the CONTRACTOR made a material mistake or there is any irregularity in respect of the Accounts and considers that any corrections, adjustments or amendments should be made, the GOVERNMENT shall make any audit exceptions in writing and notified to the CONTRACTOR within six (6) Months of the date of request referred to in Article 15.3, and failure to give such written exception within such time shall be deemed to be an acknowledgement of the correctness of the CONTRACTOR's Accounts.
- 15.7 In respect of any audit exception made by the GOVERNMENT in accordance with Article 15.6, the CONTRACTOR shall then have sixty (60) days to make necessary corrections, adjustments or amendments or to present its comments in writing or request a meeting with the GOVERNMENT. The GOVERNMENT shall within thirty (30) days of the CONTRACTOR's response, notify the CONTRACTOR in writing of its position on the corrections, adjustments, amendments or comments. If thereafter there still exists a disagreement between the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR, the dispute will be settled in accordance with Article 15.9.
- 15.8 In addition to the annual statements of Petroleum Costs as provided in Article 15.2, the CONTRACTOR shall provide the GOVERNMENT with such production statements and reports, as required pursuant to Article 16.3.

15.9 Any dispute between the Parties under this Article 15 that cannot be settled amicably within sixty (60) days of the GOVERNMENT's final notice under Article 15.7, may be submitted to an expert on the request of either the GOVERNMENT or the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Article 42.2. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 42, in this specific instance the decision of the expert shall not necessarily be final and either Party may decide to submit the matter to arbitration in accordance with the provisions of Article 42.1.

ARTICLE 16 - CONTRACTOR'S RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

Permanent Representative

16.1 If not done already, within ninety (90) days following the Signature Date, each CONTRACTOR Entity shall open an office and appoint a permanent representative in the Kurdistan Region, who may be contacted by the GOVERNMENT with regard to any matter relating to this Contract and will be entitled to receive any correspondence addressed to such CONTRACTOR Entity.

Conduct of Petroleum Operations

16.2 The CONTRACTOR shall carry out all Petroleum Operations in accordance with the provisions of this Contract, prudent international petroleum industry practice and applicable Kurdistan Region Law.

The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the conduct, management, control and administration of Petroleum Operations and shall be entitled to conduct Petroleum Operations in accordance with the provisions of this Contract. In conducting its Petroleum Operations, the CONTRACTOR shall have the right to use any Affiliate of each CONTRACTOR Entity, its and their Subcontractors, and the employees, consultants, and agents of each of the foregoing. The CONTRACTOR and all such Persons shall at all times have free access to the Contract Area and any Production Areas for the purpose of carrying out Petroleum Operations.

Information and Reports

- 16.3 The CONTRACTOR shall provide the GOVERNMENT with periodic data and activity reports relating to Petroleum Operations. Said reports shall include details of the following:
 - information and data regarding all Exploration Operations, Development Operations and Production Operations (as applicable) performed during the Calendar Year, including any quantities of Petroleum produced and sold;
 - (b) data and information regarding any transportation facilities built and operated by the CONTRACTOR;
 - (c) a statement specifying the number of personnel, their title, their nationality as well as a report on any medical services and equipment made available to such personnel; and



 a descriptive statement of all capital assets acquired for the Petroleum Operations, indicating the date and price or cost of their acquisition.

Requirement for Petroleum Operations

16.4 The CONTRACTOR may freely use any Petroleum produced within the Contract Area for the Petroleum Operations.

Supervision by the GOVERNMENT

16.5 The CONTRACTOR shall at all times provide reasonable assistance as may reasonably be requested by the GOVERNMENT during its review and verification of records and of any other information relating to Petroleum Operations at the offices, worksites or any other facilities of the CONTRACTOR.

Upon giving reasonable prior notice to the CONTRACTOR, the GOVERNMENT may send a reasonable number of representatives to the work-sites or any other facilities of the CONTRACTOR in the Kurdistan Region to perform such reviews and verifications. The representatives of the GOVERNMENT shall at all times comply with any safety regulations imposed by the CONTRACTOR and such reviews and verifications shall not hinder the smooth progress of the Petroleum Operations.

Access to Facilities

16.6 For the performance of the Petroleum Operations, the CONTRACTOR, any Affiliate of each CONTRACTOR Entity, its and their Subcontractors and the employees, consultants and agents of each of the foregoing shall at all times be granted free access to the Contract Area and to any facilities for the Petroleum Operations located within or outside of the Contract Area or within or outside the Production Area, for the purpose of carrying out the Petroleum Operations.

Use of Facilities

16.7 Upon notice from the GOVERNMENT, the CONTRACTOR shall make available to a reasonable number of representatives of the GOVERNMENT those of the CONTRACTOR's facilities which are necessary to enable such representatives to perform their tasks related to this Contract and the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law including, in case of works to be performed on work sites, transportation, accommodation and board, under the same conditions as those provided by the CONTRACTOR for its own personnel.

Notwithstanding Article 16.8, the GOVERNMENT shall indemnify and hold harmless each CONTRACTOR Entity against all losses, damages and liability arising under any claim, demand, action or proceeding brought or initiated against any CONTRACTOR Entity by any representative of the GOVERNMENT in connection with the access to or use of the facilities by such representatives.

Loss or Damage

16.8 The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for any loss or damage caused to third parties by its or its Subcontractors personnel solely and directly resulting from their negligence, errors or omissions in accordance with applicable Kurdistan Region Law.

Intellectual Property Rights

16.9 In its Petroleum Operations, the CONTRACTOR shall respect any patents belonging to third parties.

Litigation

16.10 The CONTRACTOR shall as soon as reasonably practicable inform the GOVERNMENT of any material litigation relating to this Contract.

Safety

16.11 The CONTRACTOR shall implement a health, safety and environment program and take necessary measures to ensure hygiene, health and safety of its personnel carrying out Petroleum Operations in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice.

Said measures shall include the following:

- supplying first aid and safety equipment for each work area and maintaining a healthy environment for personnel;
- reporting to the GOVERNMENT within seventy-two (72) hours of such accident, any accident where personnel has been injured while engaged in Petroleum Operations and resulting in such personnel being unable to return to
- implementing a permit-to-work procedure around hazardous equipment and (c) installations:
- providing safe storage areas for explosives, detonators and any other (d) dangerous products used in the operations;
- (e) supplying fire-extinguishing equipment in each work area;
- (f) for the purpose of taking control of any blowout or fire which could damage the environment or Petroleum Field, in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice; and
- for the purpose of preventing any involuntary injection of fluids in petroleum formations and production of Crude Oil and Natural Gas at rates that do not conform to prudent international petroleum industry practice.

Production Rates

16.12 Subject to Article 43.2, in the event the production rate of the individual wells and Reservoir of a Petroleum Field is to be set below the Maximum Efficient Rate ("MER") for the Reservoir, as provided for in the Development Plan, as a consequence of a decision by the GOVERNMENT or any federal or international regulatory body, the GOVERNMENT undertakes to allocate any such reduction fairly and equitably among the various operators (including the GOVERNMENT) then producing in the Kurdistan Region, pro rata their respective production rates. In such event, the GOVERNMENT shall grant an extension of the Development Period of any Production Area so affected for a reasonable period of time in order to produce the Petroleum which would otherwise have already been produced, had the MER for the individual wells and Reservoir of the Petroleum Field been maintained.

Legal Status

16.13 The respective rights, duties, obligations and liabilities of the CONTRACTOR and the GOVERNMENT under this Contract are to be understood as being separate and individual and not joint and several. As between the CONTRACTOR on the one hand and the GOVERNMENT on the other hand, the Parties agree that this Contract shall not create and shall not be deemed to have created a partnership or other form of association between them.

Lifting

- 16.14 The GOVERNMENT and each CONTRACTOR Entity shall have the right and the obligation to take in kind and separately sell or otherwise dispose of their respective shares of Petroleum. Upon approval of the Development Plan, the Parties shall meet as soon as practicable to reach a detailed agreement governing the lifting of Petroleum by each such CONTRACTOR Entity. Such lifting agreement shall include the following:
 - the obligation of the GOVERNMENT and each CONTRACTOR Entity to lift, regularly throughout each Calendar Year, their share of Petroleum produced from the Production Area;
 - notification procedures by the Operator to the GOVERNMENT and each CONTRACTOR Entity regarding entitlements and availability of Petroleum for lifting by each Party during each lifting period and nominations by each Party; and
 - the right of the Parties to lift any Available Petroleum not scheduled for lifting and/or not lifted by the other Party during each such lifting period.

Kurdistan Region Consumption Requirements

16.15 The CONTRACTOR Entities shall sell and transfer to the GOVERNMENT, upon written request of the GOVERNMENT, any amounts of Crude Oil that the GOVERNMENT shall deem necessary to meet Kurdistan Region internal consumption requirements. The sales price of such Crude Oil shall be the International Market Price. The GOVERNMENT shall provide the CONTRACTOR Entities with not less than six (6) Months' advance written notice of

its intention to buy such Crude Oil.

Payments shall be made in Dollars and otherwise on terms consistent with prudent international petroleum industry practice. The CONTRACTOR Entities' obligation to sell Crude Oil to the GOVERNMENT shall be, with the other operators (including the GOVERNMENT) then producing in the Kurdistan Region, pro rata to their respective production rates.

The provisions of this Article 16.15 shall not apply to Non-Associated Natural Gas.

ARTICLE 17 - USE OF LAND AND EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE

- 17.1 The GOVERNMENT shall make available to the CONTRACTOR any land or property in the Kurdistan Region required for the Petroleum Operations; provided, however, the CONTRACTOR shall not request to use any such land unless there is a real need for it. The CONTRACTOR shall have the right to build and maintain, above and below ground, any facilities required for the Petroleum Operations.
- 17.2 If it becomes necessary for conduct of the Petroleum Operations to occupy and use any land or property in the Kurdistan Region belonging to third parties, the CONTRACTOR shall endeavour to reach amicable agreement with the owners of such land. If such amicable agreement cannot be reached, the CONTRACTOR shall notify the GOVERNMENT. On receipt of such notification:
 - (a) the GOVERNMENT shall determine the amount of compensation to be paid by the CONTRACTOR to the owner, if occupation will be for a short duration or
 - (b) the GOVERNMENT shall expropriate the land or property in accordance with applicable Kurdistan Region Law, if such occupation will be long lasting or makes it henceforth impossible to resume original usage of such land or property. Any property rights shall be acquired by and recorded in the name of the GOVERNMENT, but the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled free use of the land or property for the Petroleum Operations for the entire duration of this Contract.

The amount of the compensation in Article 17.2(a) shall be fair and reasonable, in accordance with Article 29 of the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law, and shall take into account the rights of the owner and any effective use of the land or property by its owner at the time of occupation by the CONTRACTOR. All reasonable costs, expenditures and fair and reasonable compensation (as required pursuant to Article 29 of the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law) which results from such expropriation shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR. For the avoidance of doubt, such costs, expenses and compensation incurred by the CONTRACTOR shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.



- 17.3 For its Petroleum Operations, the CONTRACTOR shall have the right in the Kurdistan Region to use, subject to applicable Law, any railway, tramway, road, airport, landing field, canal, river, bridge or waterway, any telecommunications network and any existing pipelines or transportation infrastructure, on terms no less favourable than those offered to other entities and, unless generally in force, to be mutually agreed.
- 17.4 Under national emergencies due to environmental catastrophe or disaster, or internal or external war, the GOVERNMENT shall have the right to request to use any transportation and communication facilities installed by the CONTRACTOR. In such cases, the request shall originate from the Minister of Natural Resources. For the avoidance of doubt, such costs, expenses or liabilities incurred by the CONTRACTOR hereunder shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.
- 17.5 For its Petroleum Operations, the CONTRACTOR shall have the right in the Kurdistan Region to clear land, excavate, drill, bore, construct, erect, place, procure, operate, emit and discharge, manage and maintain ditches, tanks, wells, trenches, access roads, excavations, dams, canals, water mains, plants, reservoirs, basins, storage and disposal facilities, primary distillation units, extraction and processing units, separation units, sulphur plants and any other facilities or installations for the Petroleum Operations, in addition to pipelines, pumping stations, generators, power plants, high voltage lines, telephone, radio and any other telecommunications systems, as well as warehouses, offices, sheds, houses for personnel, hospitals, schools, premises, dikes, vehicles, railways, roads, bridges, airlines, airports and any other transportation facilities, garages, hangars, workshops, foundries, repair shops and any other auxiliary facilities for the Petroleum Operations and, generally, everything which is required for its performance of the Petroleum Operations. The CONTRACTOR shall have the right to select the location for these facilities.
- 17.6 For its Petroleum Operations, the CONTRACTOR shall have the right in the Kurdistan Region, subject to compliance with applicable Kurdistan Region Law, to remove and use the topsoil, fully-grown timber, clay, sand, lime, gypsum, stones (other than precious stones) and other similar substances as required for its Petroleum Operations.
 - The CONTRACTOR shall have the right in the Kurdistan Region to take or use any water necessary for the Petroleum Operations provided it does not damage any existing irrigation or navigation systems and that land, houses or watering points belonging to third parties are not deprived of their use.
- 17.7 The GOVERNMENT shall have the right in the Kurdistan Region to build, operate and maintain roads, railways, airports, landing strips, canals, bridges, protection dams, police stations, military installations, pipelines and telecommunications networks in the Contract Area, provided this does not increase the costs, or compromise or have a material adverse effect on the performance of the Petroleum Operations. If the construction, operation and maintenance of such facilities by the GOVERNMENT results in increased cost or expense for the CONTRACTOR then, for the avoidance

- 17.8 Upon request of the CONTRACTOR, the GOVERNMENT shall prohibit the construction of residential or commercial buildings in the vicinity of facilities used for the Petroleum Operations that may be declared dangerous due to the Petroleum Operations and to prohibit any interference with the use of any facilities required for the Petroleum Operations.
- 17.9 Access to the Contract Area may be granted pursuant to an Access Authorisation, as shall be defined in, and consistent with, the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law, to authorised third parties on reasonable terms and conditions (including coordination), including Persons authorised to construct, install and operate structures, facilities and installations, and to carry out other works, provided that nothing in the Access Authorisation or in this Article 17.9 authorises the holder to drill a Well or to perform any Petroleum Operations in Contract Area.

The GOVERNMENT shall give the CONTRACTOR adequate advance notice of any Access Authorisation in respect of the Contract Area and shall not grant any Access Authorisation in respect of the Contract Area until it has taken into account any submissions made by the CONTRACTOR nor in such a way that there is undue interference with or hindrance of the rights and activities of the CONTRACTOR.

ARTICLE 18 - ASSISTANCE FROM THE GOVERNMENT

- 18.1 To the extent allowed by Kurdistan Region Law and Iraq Law and at the specific request of the CONTRACTOR, the GOVERNMENT shall take all necessary steps to assist the CONTRACTOR Entities in, but not limited to, the following areas:
 - securing any necessary Permits for the use and installation of means of transportation and communications;
 - securing regulatory Permits in matters of customs or import/export;
 - securing entry and exit visas, work and residence permits as well as any other (c) administrative Permits for each CONTRACTOR Entity's, its Affiliate's and its Subcontractors' foreign personnel (including their family members) working in the Kurdistan Region and any other part of Iraq during the implementation of this Contract;
 - securing any necessary Permits to send Abroad documents, data or samples for analysis or processing for the Petroleum Operations;
 - relations with federal and local authorities and administrations, including for (c) the purposes of the remainder of this Article 18.1;
 - securing any necessary environmental Permits;

- access to any existing data and information, including data and information (h) relating to the Contract Area held by previous operators or contractors; and
- providing all necessary security for Petroleum Operations.

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18.2 Within the scope of services to be provided under this Article 18, reasonable and duly justified expenses incurred by the GOVERNMENT or paid to third parties shall be charged to the CONTRACTOR and shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR as Petroleum Costs in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

ARTICLE 19 - EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- The CONTRACTOR shall supply, or procure the supply of, all materials, equipment, machinery, tools, spare parts and any other items or goods required for the Petroleum Operations ("Equipment and Materials").
- 19.2 Said Equipment and Materials shall be provided by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the relevant Work Programs and Budgets.
- 19.3 As soon as possible after the Signature Date, the CONTRACTOR shall provide the Management Committee with a copy of its procedures for procurement of Equipment and Materials and/or services for the Petroleum Operations as required by the provisions of Article 8.2 (e), including the criteria for tender evaluation, which procedures and criteria shall be in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice. If the Management Committee does not request any modifications to the procurement procedures within thirty (30) days after receiving such procedures, the procedures shall be deemed approved by the Management Committee.
- 19.4 The CONTRACTOR shall give priority to Equipment and Materials that are readily available in the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq to the extent their price, grade, quality, quantity, specifications, purchase, delivery and other commercial and technical terms are comparable in all material respects with those generally available in the international petroleum industry.

ARTICLE 20 - TITLE TO ASSETS

- During the Exploration Period, any Assets acquired by the CONTRACTOR for the Petroleum Operations shall remain the property of the CONTRACTOR, the CONTRACTOR Entities, their Affiliates or their Subcontractors, as the case may be.
- 20.2 During the Development Period, subject to Article 21, all Assets acquired by the CONTRACTOR for the Petroleum Operations shall become the property of the GOVERNMENT upon the completion of the recovery of the costs of all such assets by the CONTRACTOR, or the end of the Contract, whichever is the earlier.

ARTICLE 21 - USE OF THE ASSETS

Entity or belonging to its or their Subcontractors or its or their employees.

- 21.1 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall have the exclusive right to use, free of any charge, all Assets described in Article 20, both before and after recovery of the cost of the same, for the Petroleum Operations, as well as for any petroleum operations under other agreements in the Kurdistan Region to which it or any of its Affiliates is a party, provided that the Petroleum Operations take priority. The GOVERNMENT agrees not to transfer or otherwise dispose of any of such Assets without the CONTRACTOR's prior written approval.
- 21.2 The CONTRACTOR may freely move to the Contract Area any Assets from any relinquished portion of the Contract Area, or from any other area in the Kurdistan Region.

ARTICLE 22 - SUBCONTRACTING

- 22.1 The CONTRACTOR shall ensure that any Subcontractors it engages have all the requisite experience and qualifications.
- 22.2 The CONTRACTOR shall give priority to Subcontractors from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq to the extent their competence, rates, experience, reputation, qualifications, specialties, credit rating and terms of availability, delivery and other commercial terms are, in the CONTRACTOR's sole opinion, comparable in all material respects with those provided by foreign companies operating in the international petroleum industry. Such Subcontractors must be bona fide Kurdistan Region companies not related to any Public Officer, directly or indirectly, and must have all necessary resources and capacity.
- 22.3 Selection of Subcontractors shall take place in accordance with the procurement procedures submitted by the CONTRACTOR to the Management Committee in accordance with Article 19.3 and approved by the Management Committee.
- 22.4 The CONTRACTOR shall provide the GOVERNMENT with copies of agreements entered into with Subcontractors, where their amount exceeds the limit set by the Management Committee from time to time.

ARTICLE 23 - PERSONNEL, TRAINING, AND TECHNOLOGICAL ASSISTANCE

Personnel

23.1 For the Petroleum Operations, the CONTRACTOR shall give, and shall require its Subcontractors to give, preference to personnel from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq to the extent such personnel have the technical capability, qualifications, competence and experience required to perform the work.

- 23.2 The CONTRACTOR Entities shall give due consideration to the secondment of GOVERNMENT personnel to the CONTRACTOR Entities and of the CONTRACTOR Entities' personnel to the GOVERNMENT during the various phases of the Petroleum Operations. Terms and conditions for such secondment shall be mutually agreed by the Parties and any costs associated therewith shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.
- 23.3 Each CONTRACTOR Entity and its Affiliates and Subcontractors shall have the right to hire foreign personnel whenever the personnel from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq do not have the requisite technical capability, qualifications or experience for positions to be filled as required pursuant to Article 23.1. In the event any such foreign personnel and/or a member of their family engage in activities or commit acts which breach Kurdistan Region Law, the CONTRACTOR shall, at the request of the Management Committee, take the necessary steps to repatriate such individual(s).
- 23.4 Commencing with the third Contract Year, the CONTRACTOR shall provide two hundred and fifty thousand Dollars (US\$250,000) within ninety (90) days of the start of the applicable Contract Year to the GOVERNMENT for the recruitment or secondment of personnel, whether from the Kurdistan Region or other parts of Iraq or Abroad, to the Ministry of Natural Resources, provided that, for the third Contract Year, such amount shall be provided within ninety (90) days of the Signature Date. The selection of such personnel shall be at the discretion of the Minister of Natural Resources. Such costs shall be considered as Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

Training

- 23.5 In a planned way, in accordance with the provisions of this Article 23.5 and Articles 23.6 and 23.7, the CONTRACTOR shall train all its personnel from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq directly or indirectly involved in the Petroleum Operations for the purpose of improving their knowledge and professional qualifications in order that such personnel gradually reach the level of knowledge and professional qualification held by the CONTRACTOR Entities' foreign workers with an equivalent résumé. Such training shall also include the transfer of knowledge of petroleum technology and the necessary management experience so as to enable the personnel from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq to apply advanced and appropriate technology in the Petroleum Operations, to the extent permitted by applicable Law and agreements with third parties, and subject to appropriate confidentiality agreements.
- 23.6 In addition to the requirements of Article 23.1, the recruitment, integration and training of the CONTRACTOR Entities' personnel from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq shall be planned, which plans shall be submitted to the Management Committee for its approval. The training plan shall take into consideration the requirements of Article 23.5 and may include training for the GOVERNMENT's personnel, depending on the extent to which the amount allocated to the training plan, as prescribed by Article 23.7, is available after taking

into consideration the training of the CONTRACTOR Entities' Kurdistan Region and other Iraqi personnel.

Within ninety (90) days of the Signature Date, the CONTRACTOR shall submit to the Management Committee a proposed training plan for the remainder of the Calendar Year. Thereafter, no later than 1 October in each Calendar Year, the CONTRACTOR shall submit a proposed training plan to the Management Committee for the following Calendar Year.

- 23.7 The training plan referred to in Article 23.6 shall provide for the allocation to the GOVERNMENT of the amount of one hundred and fifty thousand Dollars (US\$150,000) for each Contract Year commencing with the third Contract Year during the Exploration Period and three hundred thousand Dollars (US\$300,000) for each Contract Year during the Development Period, payable within ninety (90) days of the start of the applicable Contract Year, provided that, for the third Contract Year, such amount shall be payable within ninety (90) days of the Signature Date...
- 23.8 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall be responsible for the training costs which it may incur in respect of the personnel it employs from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq. All such reasonable costs shall be considered as Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25. Costs incurred by the CONTRACTOR for training programs for the GOVERNMENT's personnel shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR only to the extent that they are included in the CONTRACTOR's training plan, pursuant to Article 23.6 and shall also be considered as Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25. The cost of all other training programs for the GOVERNMENT's personnel shall be the GOVERNMENT's responsibility.

The Environment Fund

- 23.9 The CONTRACTOR shall contribute the amount of one hundred and fifty thousand Dollars (US\$150,000) for each Contract Year commencing with the third Contract Year during the Exploration Period and three hundred thousand Dollars (US\$300,000) for each Contract Year during the Development Period, payable within ninety (90) days of the start of the applicable Contract Year (but, for the third Contract Year, payable within ninety (90) days of the Signature Date), into the environment fund established by the GOVERNMENT for the benefit of the natural environment of the Kurdistan Region, pursuant to the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law (the "Environment Fund"). Such amounts shall be deemed to be Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered in accordance with Articles 1 and 25.
- 23.10 Any expenditure incurred by the CONTRACTOR under this Article 23 shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered in accordance with Articles 1 and 25.

Technological and logistical assistance

23.11 Before the end of the third Contract Year, the CONTRACTOR shall provide to the GOVERNMENT technological and logistical assistance to the Kurdistan Region petroleum sector, including geological computing hardware and software and such

other equipment as the Minister of Natural Resources may require, up to the value of one million Dollars (US\$1,000,000). The form of such assistance shall be mutually agreed by the Parties and any costs associated therewith shall be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

ARTICLE 24 - ROYALTY

- 24.1 The CONTRACTOR shall pay to the GOVERNMENT a portion of Petroleum produced and saved from the Contract Area, as provided in this Article 24 (the "Royalty").
- 24.2 The Royalty shall be applied on all Petroleum produced and saved from the Contract Area which is Crude Oil or Non-Associated Natural Gas, except for Petroleum used in Petroleum Operations, re-injected in a Petroleum Field, lost, flared or for Petroleum that cannot be used or sold and such Crude Oil and Non-Associated Natural Gas (excluding the excepted Petroleum) shall be referred to collectively as "Export Petroleum" and separately and respectively as "Export Crude Oil" and "Export Non-Associated Natural Gas".
- 24.3 If payable in cash, the amount of the Royalty calculated by applying the Royalty rates provided under Article 24.4 shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR as directed by the GOVERNMENT, in accordance with Article 24.7.

If payable in kind, the quantity of Export Petroleum corresponding to the Royalty and calculated by applying the Royalty rates provided under Article 24.4 shall be delivered in kind by the CONTRACTOR to the GOVERNMENT at the Delivery Point. Title and risk of loss of the Royalty paid in kind shall be transferred at the Delivery Point.

Unless the GOVERNMENT requires the Royalty to be paid in kind, by giving the CONTRACTOR not less than ninety (90) days prior written notice prior to the commencement of the relevant Quarter, the GOVERNMENT shall be deemed to have elected to receive the Royalty in full and in cash for the relevant Quarter.

24.4 The Royalty due on any Export Petroleum produced and saved in the Contract Area shall be determined daily by applying the following relevant Royalty rate, to the Export Crude Oil or to the Export Non-Associated Natural Gas (as the case may be) produced and saved on that day:

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For Export Crude Oil:

the Royalty rate for Export Crude Oil shall be ten per cent (10%), which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall apply regardless of the gravity of the oil; and

For Export Non-Associated Natural Gas:

the Royalty rate for Export Non-Associated Natural Gas shall be ten per cent (10%).



- 24.5 Associated Natural Gas and any other Petroleum shall be exempt from any Royalty.
- 24.6 If, pursuant to Article 24.3, the GOVERNMENT receives the Royalty in kind, and pursuant to Article 28, the GOVERNMENT requests assistance for the sale of all or part of the Royalty received in kind, each CONTRACTOR Entity shall assist the GOVERNMENT in selling all or part of such Royalty received in kind (belonging to the GOVERNMENT) in consideration of a commission per Barrel payable to such CONTRACTOR Entity, in accordance with Article 28.
- 24.7 If, pursuant to Article 24.3, the GOVERNMENT receives the Royalty in cash:
 - any Export Crude Oil shall be valued at the International Market Price obtained at the Delivery Point, as defined in Article 27.2;
 - any Export Non-Associated Natural Gas shall be valued at the actual price obtained at the Delivery Point under an approved contract, as provided in Article 27.3;
 - the CONTRACTOR shall pay such Royalty each Quarter, in arrears, within (c) thirty (30) days of the end of each Quarter, and shall calculate the payment due for the relevant Quarter by reference to the price for the Export Petroleum at the Delivery Point, determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) above, and the Royalty due on the Export Petroleum, determined in accordance with Article 24.4, for the said Quarter; and
 - the CONTRACTOR Entities shall be entitled to export freely the volume of Export Petroleum corresponding to the Royalty determined in accordance with Article 24.4 for the purpose of paying the Royalty in cash.

ARTICLE 25 - RECOVERY OF PETROLEUM COSTS

25.1 All Export Crude Oil produced and saved from the Contract Area shall, after deduction of any quantities of Export Crude Oil due for Royalty pursuant to Article 24, be considered as "Available Crude Oil".

All Associated Natural Gas produced and saved from the Contract Area, except for Associated Natural Gas which is used in Petroleum Operations, re-injected in a Petroleum Field, lost, flared or cannot be used or sold, shall be considered as "Available Associated Natural Gas".

All Export Non-Associated Natural Gas produced and saved from the Contract Area shall, after deduction of any quantities of Export Non-Associated Natural Gas due for Royalty pursuant to Article 24, be considered as "Available Non-Associated Natural

"Available Petroleum" means Available Crude Oil, Available Associated Natural Gas and Available Non-Associated Natural Gas.

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25.2 For the purpose of this Article 25:

- (a) any Available Crude Oil shall be valued at the International Market Price obtained at the Delivery Point, as defined in Article 27.2; and
- (b) any Available Associated Natural Gas and any Available Non-Associated Natural Gas shall be valued at the actual price obtained at the Delivery Point under an approved contract, as provided in Article 27.3.
- 25.3 Subject to the provisions of this Contract, from the First Production in the Contract Area, the CONTRACTOR shall at all times be entitled to recover all Petroleum Costs incurred under this Contract, of up to forty-five per cent (45%) of Available Crude Oil (which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall apply regardless of the gravity of the oil) and Available Associated Natural Gas, produced and saved within any Calendar Year. Available Crude Oil above this percentage or otherwise not used for the recovery of Petroleum Costs shall be Profit Crude Oil.
- 25.4 Subject to the provisions of this Contract, from First Production in the Contract Area, the CONTRACTOR shall at all times be entitled to recover all Petroleum Costs incurred under this Contract of up to fifty-five per cent (55%) of Available Non-Associated Natural Gas produced and saved within any Calendar Year. Available Non-Associated Natural Gas above this percentage or otherwise not used for the recovery of Petroleum Costs shall be Profit Natural Gas.
- 25.5 For the application of Article 25.3 and 25.4, the CONTRACTOR shall keep a detailed account of Petroleum Costs in accordance with the provisions detailed in the Accounting Procedure. Recovery of Petroleum Costs shall occur in the following order:
 - (a) Production Costs;
 - (b) Exploration Costs (including appraisal costs and further exploration within the Contract Area);
 - (c) Gas Marketing Costs;
 - (d) Development Costs; and
 - (e) Decommissioning Costs.
- 25.6 Total recovery of Petroleum Costs during any Calendar Year, expressed in quantities of Petroleum, shall not exceed the relevant percentages indicated in Articles 25.3 and 25.4. If in any Calendar Year, the Available Crude Oil and/or Available Non-Associated Natural Gas do not allow the CONTRACTOR to recover all its Petroleum Costs pursuant to this Article 25, the amount of un-recovered Petroleum Costs in such Calendar Year shall be carried forward indefinitely to the subsequent Calendar Years until all Petroleum Costs are fully recovered, but, save as provided in Articles 14.10 and 38.4, in no other case after the termination of the Contract.
- 25.7 The provisions of Articles 27.5 and 27.6 shall be applied to determine the quantities of Available Crude Oil and/or Available Non-Associated Natural Gas due to the CONTRACTOR for the recovery of its Petroleum Costs.

- 25.8 The quantities of Petroleum corresponding to the share of Available Petroleum due to the CONTRACTOR for the recovery of its Petroleum Costs shall be delivered to the CONTRACTOR at the Delivery Point. Title and risk of loss of such Available Petroleum shall be transferred at the Delivery Point.
- 25.9 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall be entitled to receive, take in kind and to export freely all Available Petroleum to which it is entitled for recovery of its Petroleum Costs in accordance with the provisions of this Contract and to retain Abroad any proceeds from the sale of all such Available Petroleum. Petroleum Costs in each Production Area shall be recovered from Available Petroleum from the Contract Area.
- 25.10 Subject to Article 38.4, for the avoidance of doubt, Petroleum Costs under this Contract are not recoverable against other contract areas held by the CONTRACTOR.

ARTICLE 26 - SHARING OF PROFIT PETROLEUM

- 26.1 Under this Contract.
 - "Profit Petroleum" means Profit Crude Oil and Profit Natural Gas: (a)
 - "Profit Crude Oil" means the quantities of Available Crude Oil and Available Associated Natural Gas produced from the Contract Area, after the recovery of Petroleum Costs, in accordance with Articles 1 and 25; and
 - "Profit Natural Gas" means the quantities of Available Non-Associated Natural Gas produced from the Contract Area, after the recovery of Petroleum Costs in accordance with Articles 1 and 25.
- 26.2 From First Production and as and when Petroleum is being produced, the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to take a percentage share of Profit Crude Oil and/or Profit Natural Gas, in consideration for its investment in the Petroleum Operations, which percentage share shall be determined in accordance with Article 26.5.
- 26.3 To determine the percentage share of Profit Crude Oil and/or Profit Natural Gas to which the CONTRACTOR is entitled, the "R" Factor shall be calculated in accordance with Article 26.4 and shall be applied to the Contract Area.
- 26.4 The "R" Factor shall be calculated as follows:

R = X/Y

where:

- is equal to Cumulative Revenues actually received by the CONTRACTOR; X:
- is equal to Cumulative Costs actually incurred by the CONTRACTOR.

For the purpose of this Article 26.4:

"Cumulative Revenues" means total Revenues, as defined below, received by the CONTRACTOR until the end of the relevant Semester, determined in accordance with Article 26.7.

"Revenues" means the total amount actually received by the CONTRACTOR for recovery of its Petroleum Costs and its share of Profit Petroleum in the Contract Area.

"Cumulative Costs" means all Petroleum Costs actually incurred pursuant to this Contract by the CONTRACTOR until the end of the relevant Semester, determined in accordance with Article 26.7.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Article 26.4, for the period from First Production until the end of the Calendar Year in which First Production occurs, the "R" Factor shall be deemed to be less than one (1).

- 26.5 The share of Profit Petroleum to which the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled from First Production is:
 - (a) for Profit Crude Oil, equal to the quantities of Petroleum resulting from the application of the relevant percentage as indicated below to the daily volume of production of Profit Crude Oil within the Contract Area at the corresponding Delivery Point:

"R" Factor CONTRACTOR's % Share of Profit Crude Oil

$$R \le or = 1$$

$$1 < R < or = 2$$
 $30\% - (30\% - 16\%) x (R-1)$

and

(b) for Profit Natural Gas, equal to the quantities of Non-Associated Natural Gas resulting from the application of the relevant percentage as indicated below to the daily volume of production of Profit Natural Gas within the Contract Area at the corresponding Delivery Point:

"R" Factor CONTRACTOR's % Share of Profit Natural Gas

$$1 < R < or = 2.75 40\% - (40\% - 20\%) x (R-1.0000)$$

26.6 The CONTRACTOR's accounting shall account separately for all components for the calculation of "X" and "Y" values in the formula provided in Article 26.4. 26.7 For each Semester, starting from the 1st of January of the Calendar Year following the Calendar Year in which First Production occurs, the CONTRACTOR shall calculate the "R" Factor applicable to the relevant Semester within thirty (30) days of the beginning of such Semester. The "R" Factor to be applied during a Semester shall be that determined by applying the Cumulative Revenues actually received and the Cumulative Costs actually incurred up to and including the last day of the preceding Semester.

If the CONTRACTOR is unable to calculate the "R" Factor for the relevant Semester before an allocation of Profit Petroleum for such Semester must be made, then the allocation of Profit Petroleum for the previous Semester shall be used for the relevant Semester. Upon the calculation of the "R" Factor for the relevant Semester:

- if the allocation of Profit Petroleum in the previous Semester and the relevant Semester is the same, then no adjustment shall be made; and
- (b) if the allocation of the Profit Petroleum in the two Semesters is different, then the CONTRACTOR shall make any adjustments to the Parties' respective shares of Profit Petroleum to restore them to the position that they would have been in had the "R" Factor for the relevant Semester been available from the start of such Semester.
- 26.8 If at any time an error occurs in the calculation of the "R" Factor, resulting in a change in the CONTRACTOR's percentage share of Profit Crude Oil and/or Profit Natural Gas, the necessary correction shall be made and any adjustments shall apply from the Semester in which the error occurred. The Party having benefited from a surplus of Profit Petroleum shall surrender such surplus to the other Party, beginning from the first day of the Semester following the Semester in which the error was recognised. However, each lifting of Petroleum relating to such error by the Party receiving the surplus shall not exceed twenty-five per cent (25%) of the share of Profit Petroleum to which such surrendering Party is entitled. For the avoidance of doubt, if at any time an error occurs in the calculation of the "R" Factor, which does not result in a change in the CONTRACTOR's percentage share of Profit Crude Oil and/or Profit Natural Gas, no correction shall be made.
- 26.9 The quantities of Profit Petroleum due to the CONTRACTOR shall be delivered to the CONTRACTOR Entities at the Delivery Point. Title and risk of loss of such Profit Petroleum shall be transferred to the CONTRACTOR Entities at the Delivery Point.

Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall be entitled to receive, take in kind and to export freely its share of Profit Petroleum in accordance with the provisions of this Contract and to retain Abroad any proceeds from the sale of all such Profit Petroleum.

26.10 The share of the Profit Petroleum to which the GOVERNMENT is entitled in any Calendar Year in accordance with Article 26.5 shall be deemed to include a portion representing the corporate income tax imposed upon and due by each CONTRACTOR Entity, and which will be paid directly by the GOVERNMENT on behalf of each such entity representing the CONTRACTOR to the appropriate tax authorities in accordance with Article 31.2. The GOVERNMENT shall provide the

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- 26.11 The quantities of Profit Petroleum due to the GOVERNMENT shall be delivered to the GOVERNMENT at the Delivery Point. Title and risk of loss of such Profit Petroleum shall be transferred at the Delivery Point.
- 26.12 At least twenty-one (21) days prior to CONTRACTOR's estimated date of First Production and, subsequently, thirty (30) days prior to the beginning of each Semester, the CONTRACTOR shall prepare and deliver to the GOVERNMENT a production program comprising the production forecast for the next Semester and the forecast of the quantities of Crude Oil and Natural Gas to which each Party shall be entitled during the said Semester.
- 26.13 Within ninety (90) days following the end of each Calendar Year, the CONTRACTOR shall prepare and deliver an annual production report to the GOVERNMENT, stating the quantities of Crude Oil and Natural Gas to which each Party is entitled, the quantities of Crude Oil and Natural Gas lifted by each Party and the resulting over-lift or under-lift position of each Party, pursuant to the lifting agreement entered into pursuant to Article 16.14.
- 26.14 Any costs or expenditure incurred by the CONTRACTOR, its Subcontractors or suppliers relating to the lifting of the GOVERNMENT's share of Petroleum by the CONTRACTOR shall not be considered Petroleum Costs and shall be charged to the GOVERNMENT according to terms to be mutually agreed between the CONTRACTOR and the GOVERNMENT.

ARTICLE 27 - VALUATION AND METERING OF CRUDE OIL AND NATURAL

Valuation

- For the purpose of this Contract, any Crude Oil produced in the Contract Area shall be valued at the end of each Quarter at the Delivery Point based on the International Market Price, as defined in Article 27.2.
- 27.2 The "International Market Price" referred to in Article 27.1 shall be the weighted average price per Barrel, expressed in Dollars, obtained by the CONTRACTOR at the Delivery Point, by netback if necessary, during the Quarter ending on the date of valuation for Arm's Length Sales of Crude Oil.

The CONTRACTOR shall provide evidence to the GOVERNMENT that the sales of Crude Oil referred to in Article 27.2 are Arm's Length Sales. If the GOVERNMENT considers that any such sale of Crude Oil is not on the basis of an Arm's Length Sale then the GOVERNMENT has the right to refer the matter to an expert pursuant to Article 42.2.

To determine such price, the Parties shall, prior to the commencement of Production, agree on a basket of Crude Oil comparable to those produced in the Contract Area and sold in the international market. Prices obtained shall be adjusted to account for any variations such as quality, specific gravity, sulphur content, transportation costs, product yield, seasonal variations in price and demand, general market trends and other terms of sale.

27.3 The price of Natural Gas shall be the actual price obtained at the Delivery Point, (which may take into account quantities to be sold, quality, geographic location of markets to be supplied as well as costs of production, transportation and distribution of Natural Gas from the Delivery Point to the relevant market, in accordance with standard international petroleum industry practice). The GOVERNMENT shall have the right to review and approve Natural Gas sales contracts.

Accounting Statement

- In accordance with this Article 27.4, the GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR shall establish a statement showing calculations of the value of Petroleum produced and sold from the Contract Area. Such statement shall include following information:
 - quantities of Crude Oil sold by the CONTRACTOR Entities during the preceding Month constituting Arm's Length Sales together with corresponding sale prices;
 - quantities of Crude Oil sold by the CONTRACTOR Entities during the (b) preceding Month that do not fall in the category referred to in paragraph (a) above, together with sale prices applied during such Month;
 - inventory in storage belonging to the CONTRACTOR Entities at the beginning and at the end of the Month; and
 - quantities of Natural Gas sold by the CONTRACTOR Entities and the GOVERNMENT together with sale prices realised.

Metering

27.5 All Export Petroleum shall be metered at the Delivery Point in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice and such meters shall be to fiscal meter standards. All metering equipment shall be installed and operated by the CONTRACTOR. The GOVERNMENT shall, on receipt by the CONTRACTOR of reasonable prior written notice, have the right to inspect any such metering equipment installed by the CONTRACTOR, as well as all relevant documents and

- supporting information reasonably necessary to validate the accuracy of such metering. All metering equipment shall be subject to periodic technical inspections in accordance with prudent international petroleum industry practice.
- 27.6 If any metering equipment is defective, the CONTRACTOR shall use all reasonable endeavours to repair it within fifteen (15) days or, if deemed necessary by the CONTRACTOR, replace it as soon as reasonably practicable from the date the defect became known. The "Adjustment Date" shall be the last date that the metering equipment was known or agreed to have been measuring correctly, or if not known or agreed, the date that is midway between the date the defect was discovered and the last date the equipment was known to have measured correctly. The results from the defective equipment shall be disregarded for the period from the Adjustment Date until the date the defective equipment is repaired or replaced and the measurement for such period shall be estimated:
 - if check measuring equipment is installed and registering accurately, then by using the measurements recorded by such check measuring equipment;
 - if check measuring equipment is not installed or not registering accurately, then by correcting the error if the percentage of error is ascertainable by verification, calibration or mathematical calculation; or
 - (c) if neither method is feasible, then by estimating the volume and/or quantity delivered based on deliveries during the preceding comparable period of time when the metering equipment was registered accurately.
- 27.7 Any disputes arising under this Article 27 shall be settled by expert determination in accordance with the provisions of Article 42.2.

ARTICLE 28 - SALE OF GOVERNMENT SHARE

Upon the GOVERNMENT's prior written notice of at least ninety (90) days, each CONTRACTOR Entity shall provide all reasonably necessary assistance to the GOVERNMENT for the sale of all or part of the quantities of Crude Oil to which the GOVERNMENT is entitled, in consideration of a sales commission per Barrel to be established with reference to prudent international petroleum practice and to be mutually agreed upon between the Parties.

ARTICLE 29 - FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

- 29.1 Any payment to be made by a CONTRACTOR Entity to the GOVERNMENT pursuant to this Contract shall be in Dollars and shall be offset against any outstanding payments due by the GOVERNMENT to the CONTRACTOR Entity, or paid into the bank account duly designated by the GOVERNMENT in writing and shall be paid within thirty (30) days of the due date, after which interest compounded monthly at the rate of LIBOR plus two (2) percentage points shall be applied.
- 29.2 The GOVERNMENT may, at its sole discretion, direct the CONTRACTOR Entities to pay:

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- (a) any Royalty in cash due to the GOVERNMENT pursuant to the provisions of Article 24; and/or
- any proceeds from the sale undertaken by the CONTRACTOR Entity on behalf of the GOVERNMENT pursuant to Article 28 of any Crude Oil to which the GOVERNMENT is entitled pursuant to Article 25; and/or
- any Production Bonus,

to a fund for revenue sharing, which may in due course be established by legislation consistent with the Constitution of Iraq, between the Government of Iraq and other regions (including the Kurdistan Region) and governorates of Iraq. Nothing in this Article 29.2 shall be understood as implying any contractual relationship or other relationship between the CONTRACTOR and/or any CONTRACTOR Entity and the Government of Iraq and/or the regions of Iraq (other than the Kurdistan Region) and/or and governorates of Iraq.

- 29.3 Any payment due by the GOVERNMENT to a CONTRACTOR Entity shall be offset against future payments due by such CONTRACTOR Entity to the GOVERNMENT, or paid in Dollars to the bank account designated by the CONTRACTOR Entity in writing and shall be paid within thirty (30) days of the date of invoice, after which interest compounded monthly at the rate of LIBOR plus two (2) percentage points shall be applied.
- 29.4 Any currency conversion to be made under this Contract shall be at the exchange rate of the Central Bank of Iraq, provided such exchange rate applied to the CONTRACTOR Entities shall not be less favourable than the rate offered by other private, commercial or industrial banks in the international market. In the absence of the Central Bank of Iraq or in the event that the Central Bank of Iraq is unable to provide the relevant exchange rate, any currency conversion to be made under this Contract shall be at the exchange rate of a reputable commercial bank carrying on business in the international market and approved by the Parties.
- The CONTRACTOR shall not realise any gain or loss due to exchange rate fluctuations and, consequently, any gain or loss resulting from the exchange of currency shall be either considered as revenue and credited to the Accounts or shall be considered as a Petroleum Cost and shall be recovered by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with Articles 1 and 25, as the case may be.
- 29.6 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall at all times be entitled to freely convert into Dollars or any other foreign currency any Iraqi dinars received in the framework of the Petroleum Operations and to freely transfer the same Abroad. The conversion rate shall be as provided under Article 29.4.
- 29.7 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall have the right to be paid, receive, keep, transfer and use Abroad, without any restrictions, all proceeds of its share of Petroleum.
- 29.8 Each CONTRACTOR Entity and its Subcontractors shall have the right to freely open and maintain bank accounts for Petroleum Operations within or outside the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq.

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- 29.9 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall have the right to pay in any freely convertible currency all its financial requirements for the Petroleum Operations and to convert these currencies to Iraqi dinars in any bank in the Kurdistan Region or other parts of Iraq, at the same exchange rate as provided under Article 29.4.
- 29.10 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall have the right, without any restrictions, to freely repatriate Abroad and to freely dispose of:
 - any proceeds received in the Kurdistan Region or other parts of Iraq from the sale of Petroleum;
 - any proceeds received from other operations and activities carried out under this Contract in the Kurdistan Region or other parts of Iraq.
- 29.11 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall have the right to pay in any foreign currency its Subcontractors and its expatriate personnel, either in the Kurdistan Region, other parts of Iraq, or Abroad. Said Subcontractors and expatriate personnel shall be obliged to transfer to the Kurdistan Region the amount of foreign currency required for their local needs and they shall have the right to repatriate the proceeds of the sale of their belongings in accordance with the regulations in force in the Kurdistan Region.
- 29.12 Each CONTRACTOR Entity's Affiliates, Subcontractors and their personnel shall equally benefit from the same rights as such CONTRACTOR Entity and its personnel as regards this Article 29.
- 29.13 For the financing of Petroleum Operations, each CONTRACTOR Entity shall have the right to have recourse to external financing from third parties or from its Affiliated Companies on an arm's length basis.

ARTICLE 30 - CUSTOMS PROVISIONS

- 30.1 All services, material, equipment, goods, consumables and products imported into the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq by the CONTRACTOR, any CONTRACTOR Entity, its Affiliates, any Subcontractor or any agent of any of the foregoing, for use or consumption in the Petroleum Operations shall be admitted free and exempt from any and all Taxes on import. The CONTRACTOR, any CONTRACTOR Entity, its Affiliates, any Subcontractor or any agent of any of the foregoing shall have the right to re-export from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq free from all Taxes on export any material, equipment, goods, consumables and products that are no longer required for the Petroleum Operations, except where title has passed to the GOVERNMENT in accordance with Article 20, in which case re-export shall be approved by the Management Committee.
- 30.2 The CONTRACTOR, any CONTRACTOR Entity, its Affiliates, any Subcontractor or any agent of any of the foregoing, and their personnel (including their family members) shall have the right to freely import into the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq and re-export from the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq any personal belongings and furniture free and exempt from any Taxes on import or export. The sale in the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq of personal



belongings and furniture of expatriate personnel shall comply with Kurdistan Region

- Each CONTRACTOR Entity and its Affiliates shall be entitled to freely export from 30.3 the Kurdistan Region and other parts of Iraq, free of any Taxes, any Petroleum to which it is entitled pursuant to the provisions of this Contract.
- 30.4 The GOVERNMENT shall indemnify the CONTRACTOR, any CONTRACTOR Entity, its Affiliates, any Subcontractor or any agent of any of the foregoing, and their personnel (including their family members) for any import or export Taxes referred to in Articles 30.1, 30.2 or 30.3.

ARTICLE 31 - TAX PROVISIONS

- 31.1 Except as expressly provided in this Article 31, and without prejudice to the exemptions expressly provided for in Article 30 and in this Article 31, each CONTRACTOR Entity, its Affiliates and any Subcontractor shall, for the entire duration of this Contract, be exempt from all Taxes as a result of its income, assets and activities under this Contract. The GOVERNMENT shall indemnify each CONTRACTOR Entity upon demand against any liability to pay any Taxes assessed or imposed upon such entity which relate to any of the exemptions granted by the GOVERNMENT under this Article 31.1, and under Articles 31.4 to 31.11.
- 31.2 Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall be subject to corporate income tax on its income from Petroleum Operations as provided in Article 31.3, which shall be deemed to be inclusive and in full and total discharge of any Tax on income, receipts, revenues, gains or profits of each such entity. Payment of the said corporate income tax shall be made for the entire duration of this Contract directly to the official Kurdistan Region tax authorities by the GOVERNMENT, for the account of each CONTRACTOR Entity, from the GOVERNMENT's share of the Profit Petroleum received pursuant to Article 26.

Each CONTRACTOR Entity shall, within sixty (60) days after the end of each tax year, provide a statement to the appropriate Kurdistan Region tax authorities of its profits which are subject to corporate income tax, together with a calculation of the amount of corporate income tax due on those profits.

The GOVERNMENT shall, within ninety (90) days after the end of each tax year, provide to each CONTRACTOR Entity (i) the appropriate official tax receipts from the appropriate Kurdistan Region tax authorities or other relevant authority certifying the payment of its corporate income tax, as determined in the said statement, and that such entity has met all its Tax obligations in the preceding tax year, and (ii) a copy of any return or other filing made by the GOVERNMENT in respect of its payment of corporate income tax on behalf of such CONTRACTOR Entity.

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31.3 For the purposes of Article 31.2:

from time to time or substituted in respect of Petroleum Operations (as defined under the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law) by a petroleum operations taxation law for the Kurdistan Region, but in no event in excess of forty per cent (40%). The Parties acknowledge and agree that at the Effective Date of this Contract, the corporate income tax rate is fifteen per cent (15%) for all net taxable profits.

- (b) The GOVERNMENT and the CONTRACTOR agree that corporate income tax shall be calculated for each CONTRACTOR Entity on its net taxable profits under the Contract, as calculated in accordance with the provisions relating thereto in the Accounting Procedure.
- 31.4 Each CONTRACTOR Entity, its Affiliates as well as any Subcontractors shall be exempt from any withholding tax applicable on any payments made to them or by them to or from Affiliates or third parties, whether inside or outside the Kurdistan Region and/or Iraq, for the entire duration of this Contract.
- 31.5 Each CONTRACTOR Entity and its Affiliates shall be exempt from Additional Profits Tax, as referred to in Article 40 of the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law or any successor Tax.
- 31.6 Each CONTRACTOR Entity and its Affiliates shall be exempt from Surface Tax, as referred to in Article 40 of the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law or any successor Tax.
- 31.7 Each CONTRACTOR Entity and its Affiliates shall be exempt from Windfall Profits Taxes, as referred to in Article 40 of the Kurdistan Region Oil and Gas Law or any successor Tax.
- 31.8 Each CONTRACTOR Entity and any Subcontractor shall be subject to the payment or withholding of the personal income tax and social security contributions for which such entity or Subcontractor is liable to pay or withhold in respect of its employees who are Iraqi nationals, pursuant to the Law of Taxation (Law No. 5 of 1999) passed by the National Assembly of the Kurdistan Region, as may be amended from time to time, in the same manner as the same shall be generally applied to all other industries, except that a CONTRACTOR Entity or Subcontractor shall not be liable for such taxes or contributions with respect to employees of another Person.
- 31.9 It is acknowledged that double tax treaties will have effect to give relief from taxes to, but not limited to, the CONTRACTOR, CONTRACTOR Entities, Subcontractors and employees and other Persons in accordance with the provisions of such double tax treaties, but shall not impose an additional burden of taxation.
- 31.10 Any value added tax ("VAT") shall be considered as a Petroleum Cost and shall be cost recovered in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.

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- 31.11 Any value added tax ("VAT"), not otherwise recoverable by the CONTRACTOR under VAT law, shall be considered as a Petroleum Cost and shall be cost recovered in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1 and 25.
- 31.12 Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary in this Contract, the Parties acknowledge and agree that the provisions of this Article 31 shall apply individually and separately to all CONTRACTOR Entities under this Contract and that there shall be no joint and several liability in respect of any liability, duty or obligation referred to in this Article 31.

ARTICLE 32 - BONUSES

Signature Bonus

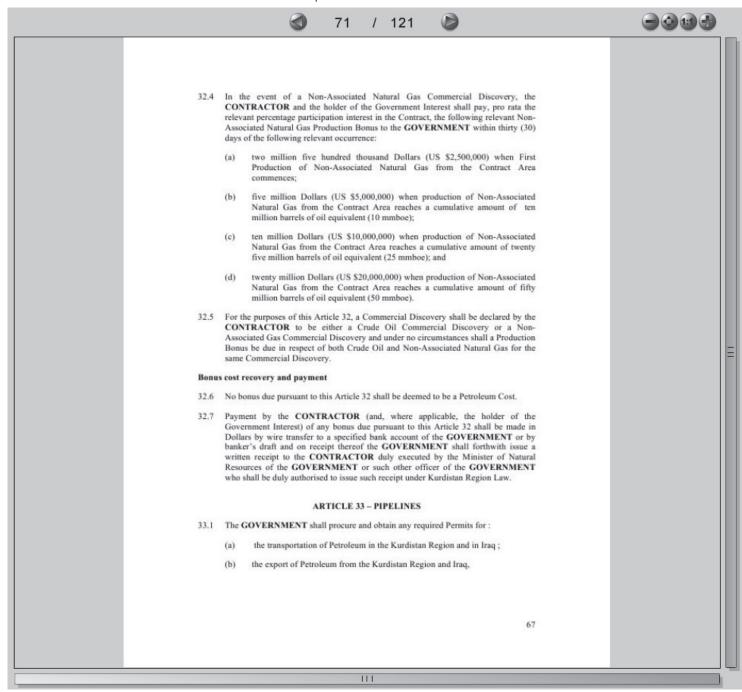
32.1 A signature bonus of two million Dollars (US\$2,000,000) ("Signature Bonus") shall be payable to the GOVERNMENT by TALISMAN within thirty (30) days of the Signature Date.

Capacity Building Bonus

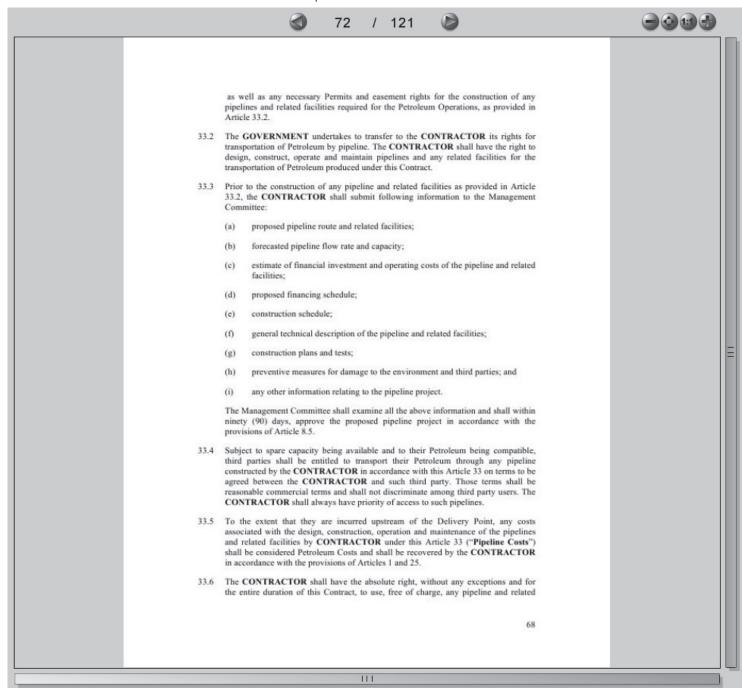
32.2 A capacity building bonus of eighteen million Dollars (US\$18,000,000) ("Capacity Building Bonus") shall be payable to the GOVERNMENT by TALISMAN within thirty (30) days of the Signature Date.

Production Bonuses

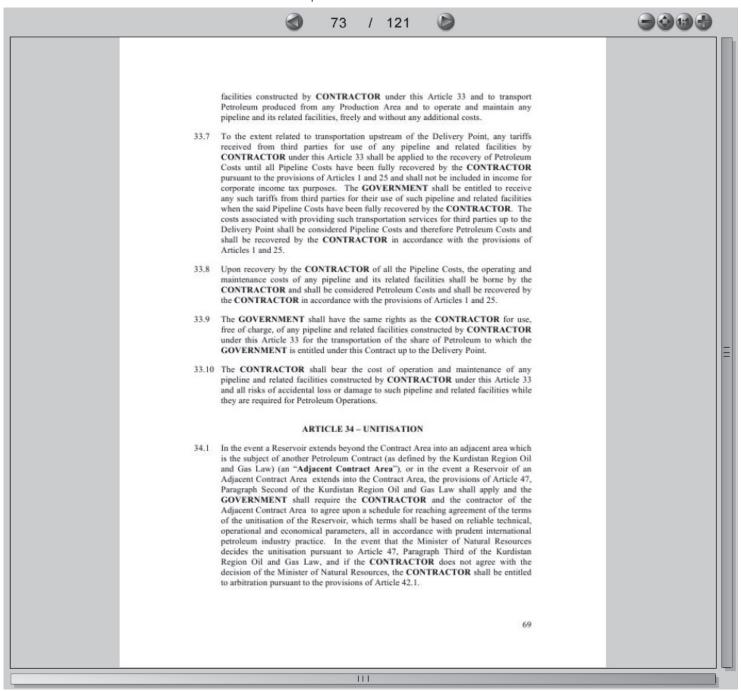
- 32.3 In the event of a Crude Oil Commercial Discovery, the CONTRACTOR and the holder of the Government Interest shall pay, pro rata the relevant percentage participation interest in the Contract, the following relevant Crude Oil Production Bonus to the GOVERNMENT within thirty (30) days of the following relevant occurrence:
 - two million five hundred thousand Dollars (US \$2,500,000) when First Production of Crude Oil from the Contract Area commences;
 - five million Dollars (US \$5,000,000) when production of Crude Oil from the Contract Area reaches a cumulative amount of ten million Barrels of Crude Oil (10 mmbo);
 - ten million Dollars (US \$10,000,000) when production of Crude Oil from the Contract Area reaches a cumulative amount of twenty five million Barrels of Crude Oil (25 mmbo); and
 - (d) twenty million Dollars (US \$20,000,000) when production of Crude Oil from the Contract Area reaches a cumulative amount of fifty million Barrels of Crude Oil (50 mmbo).

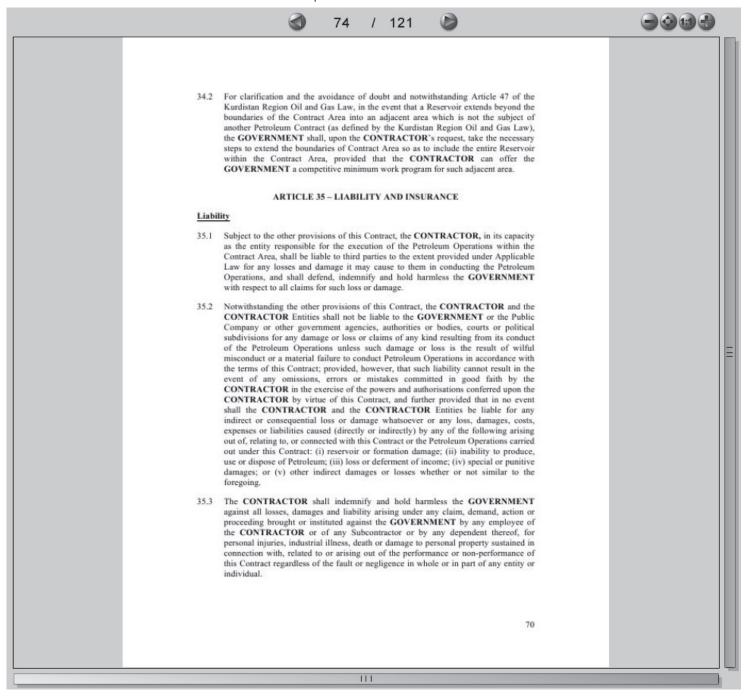


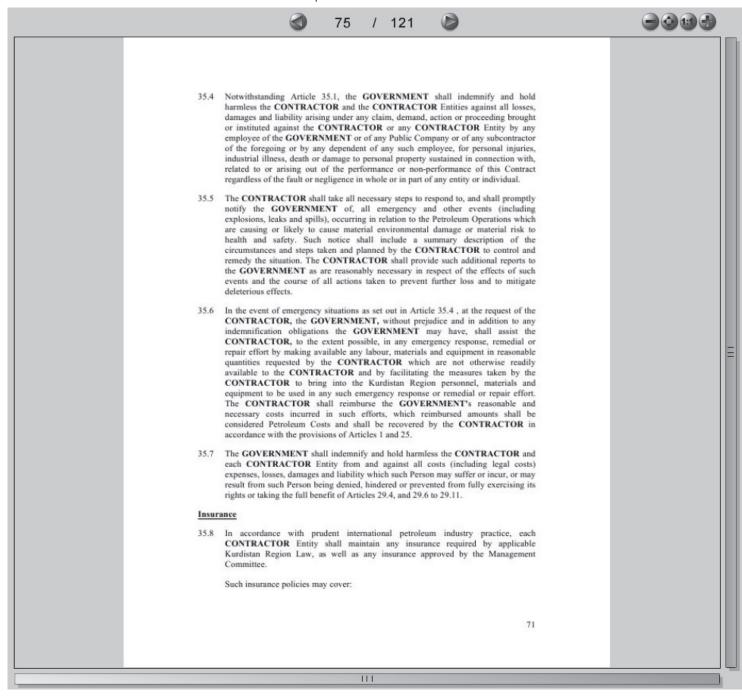
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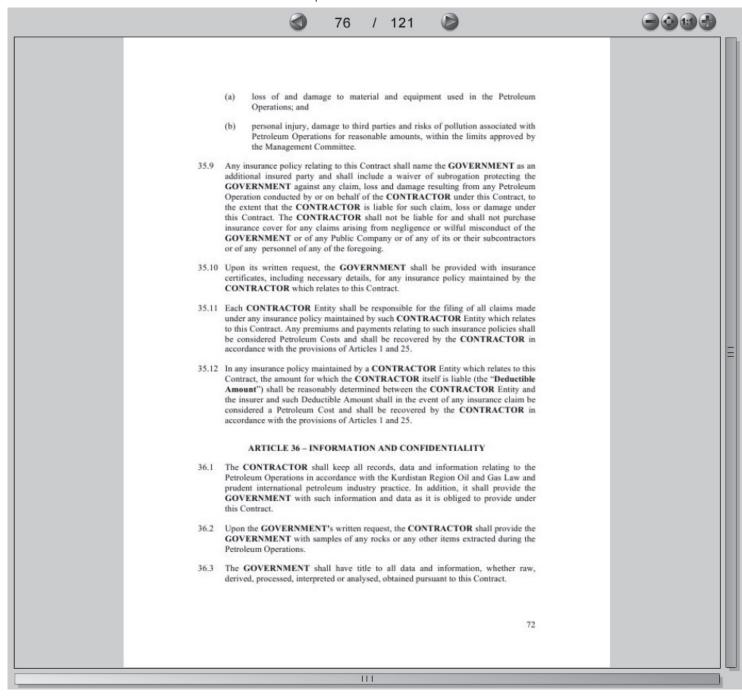


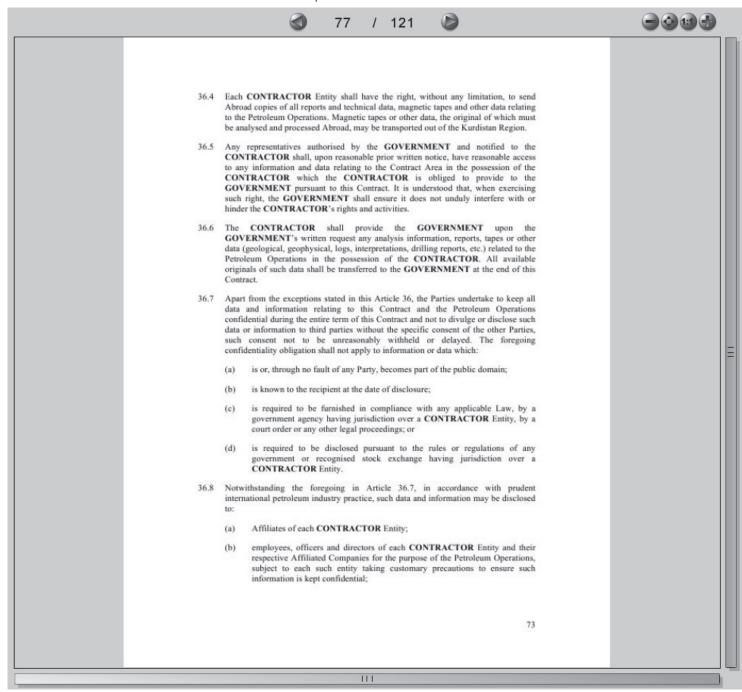
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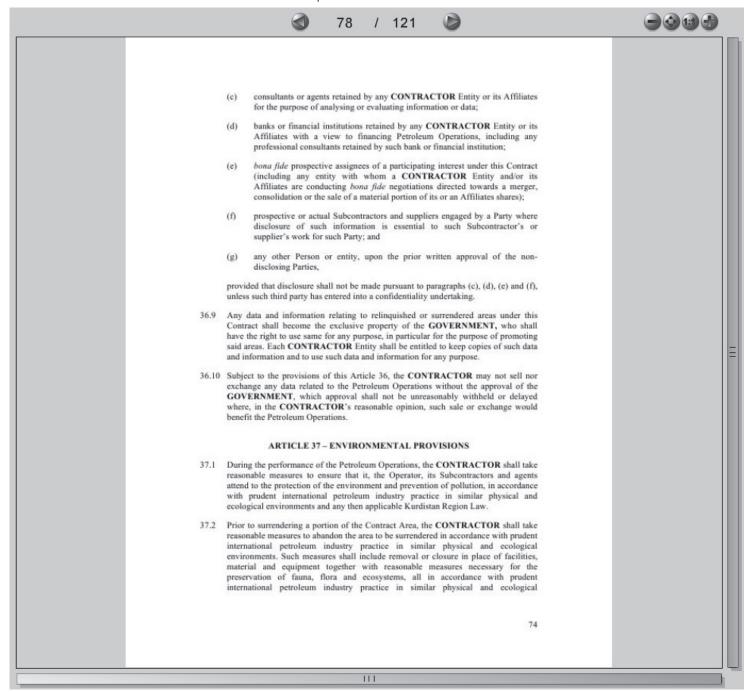


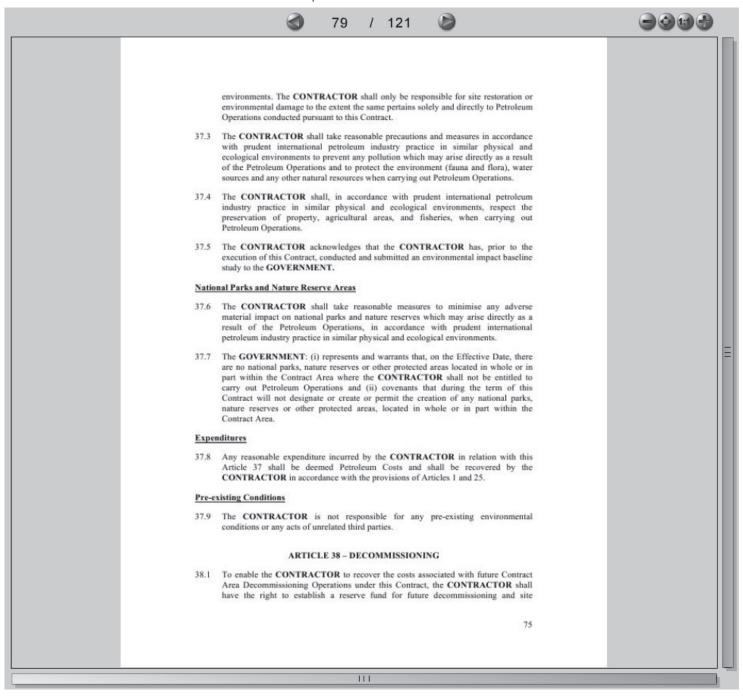


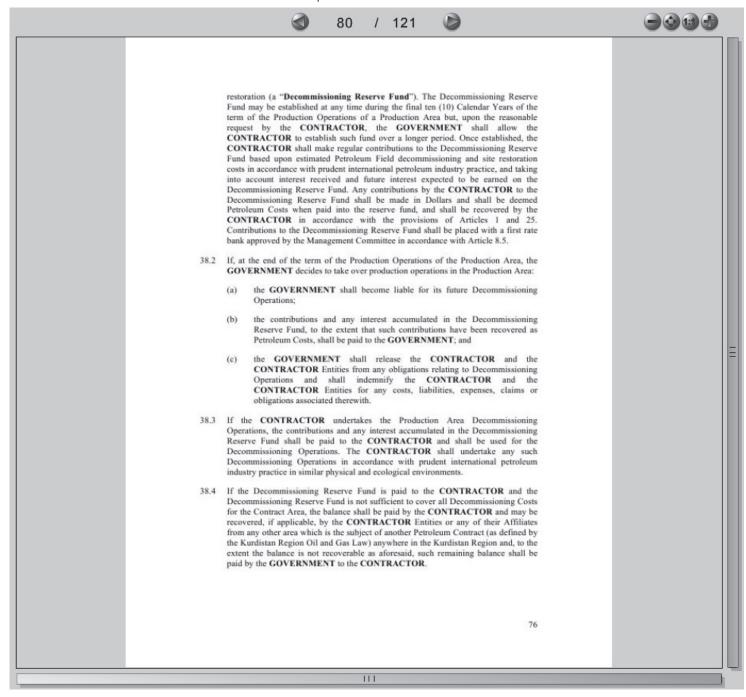


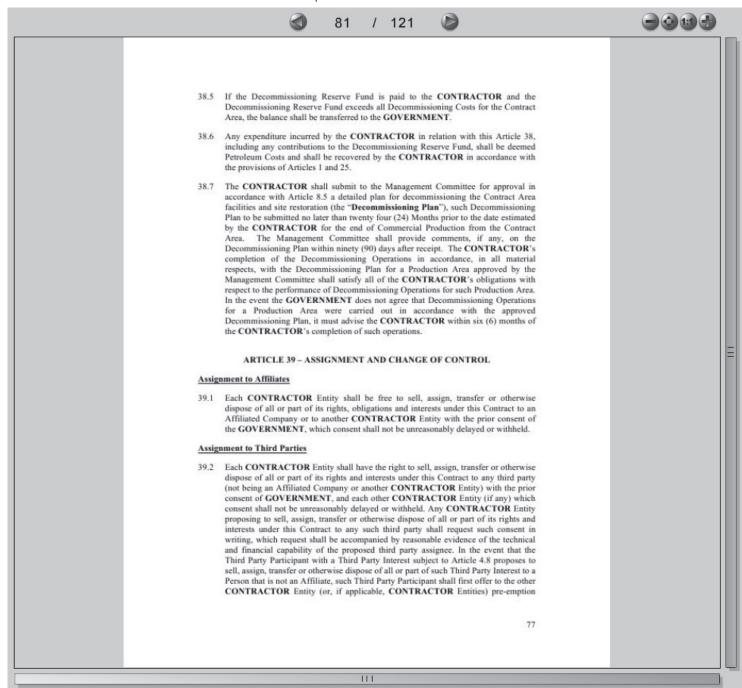


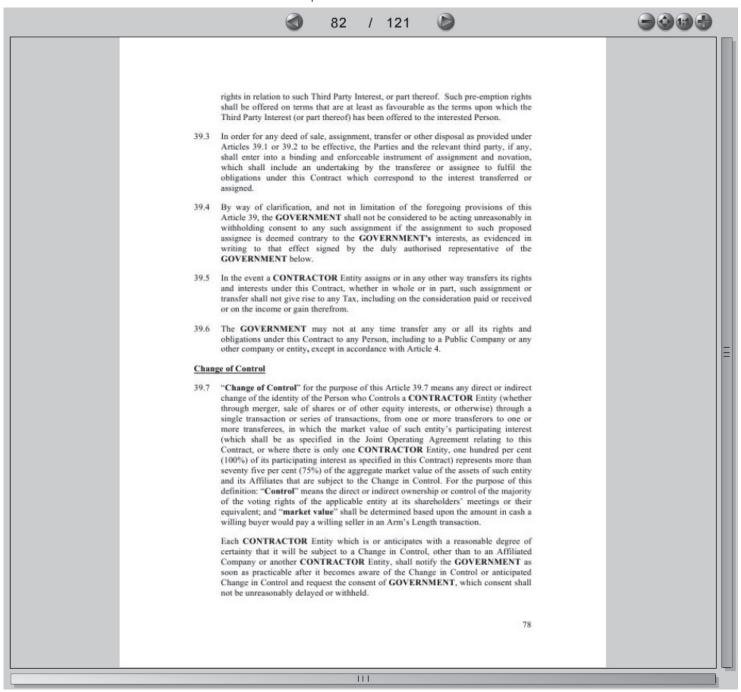


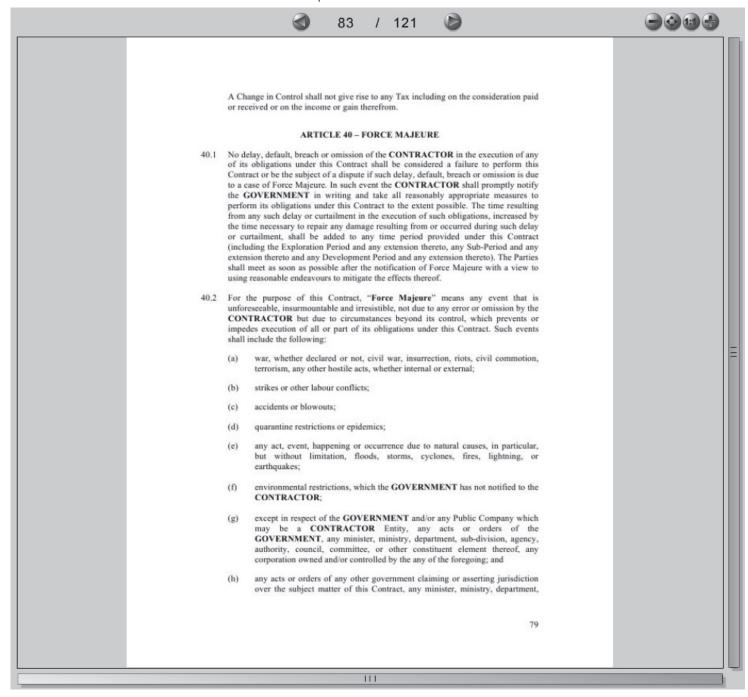


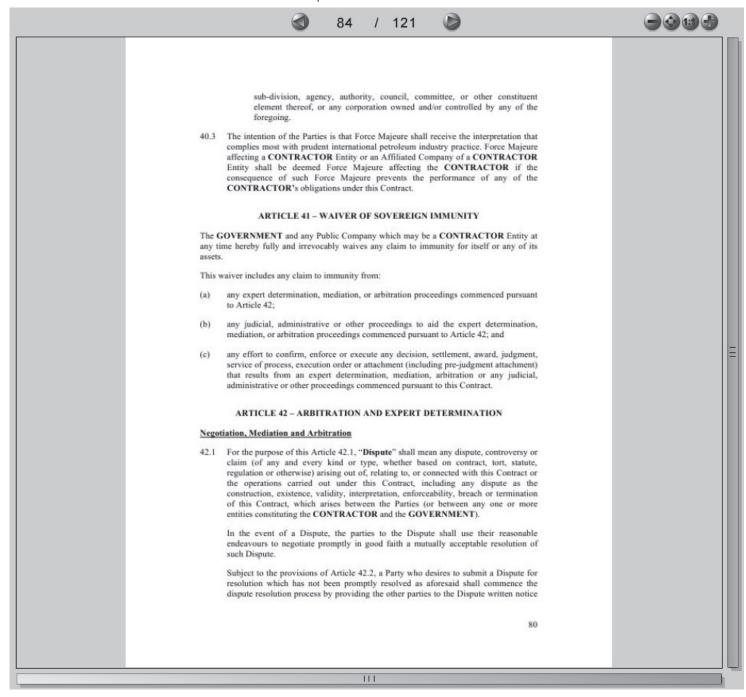


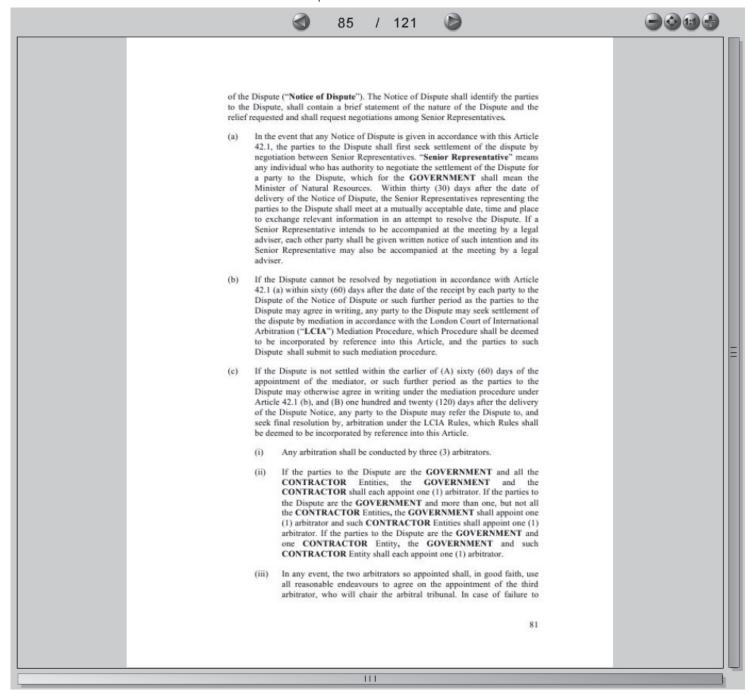


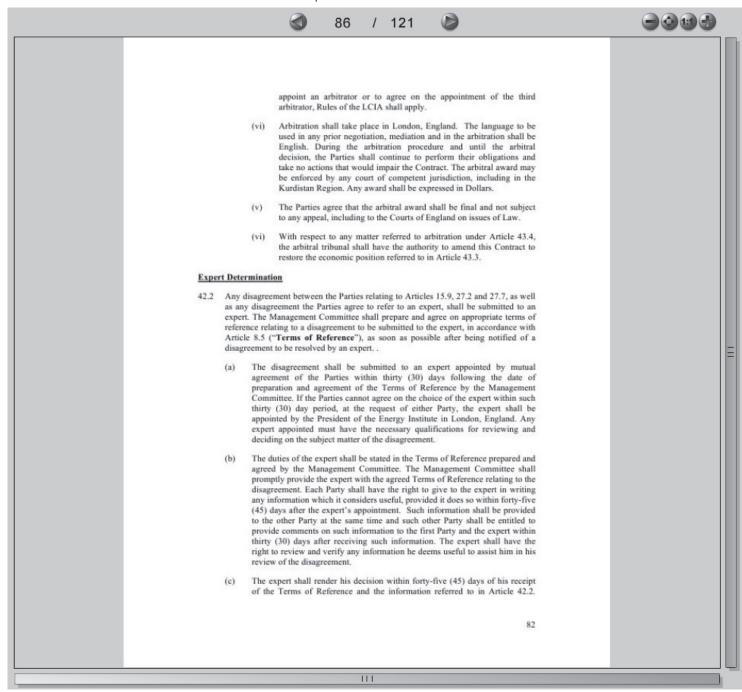


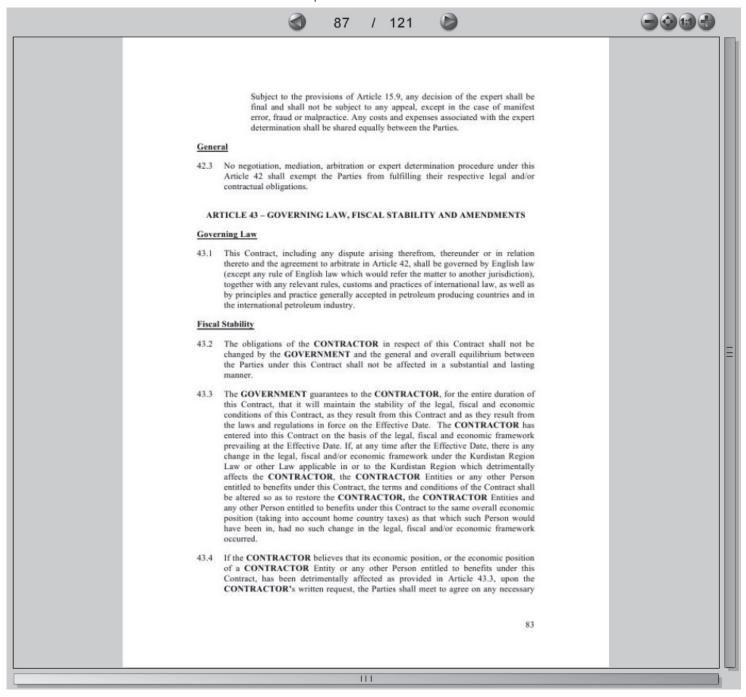


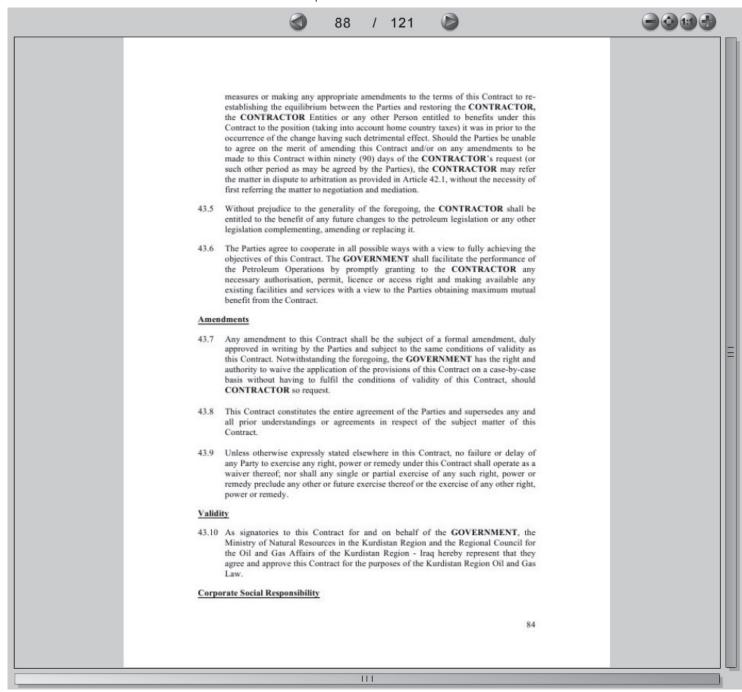


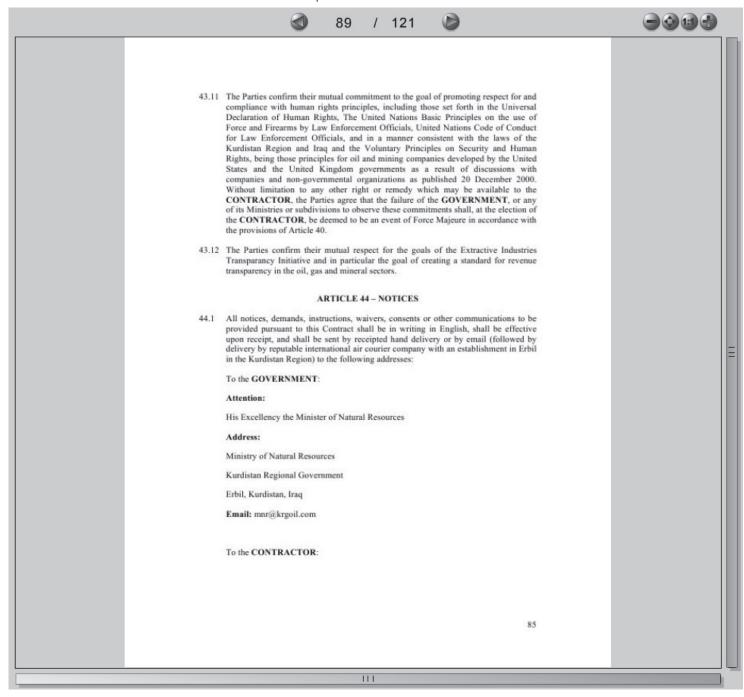


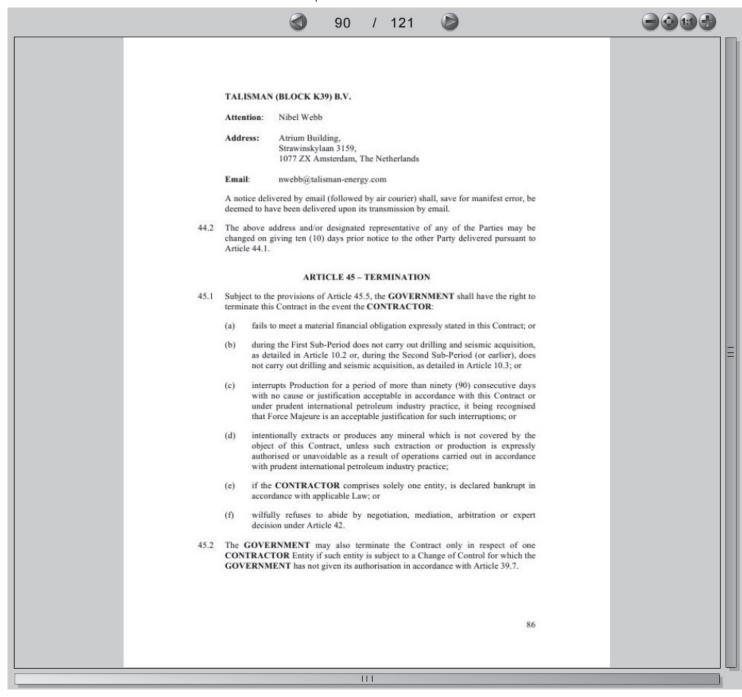


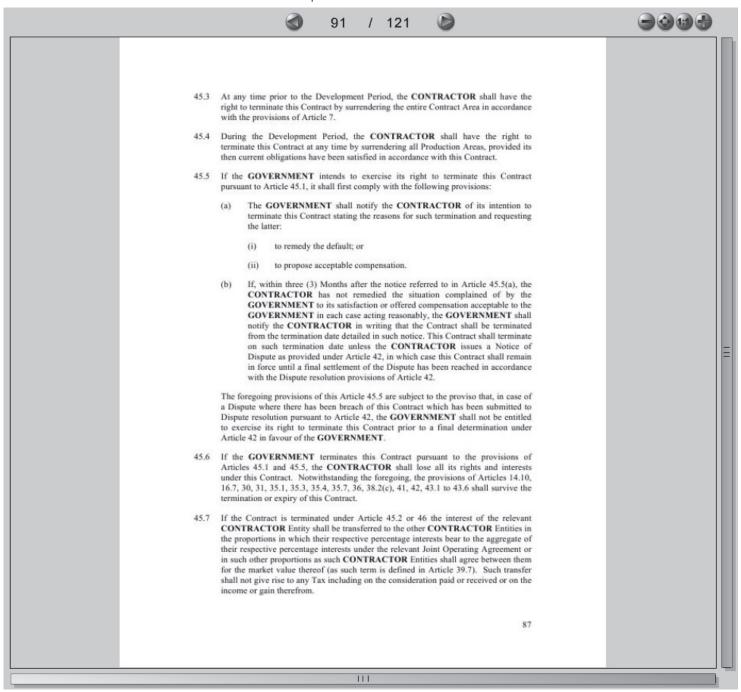


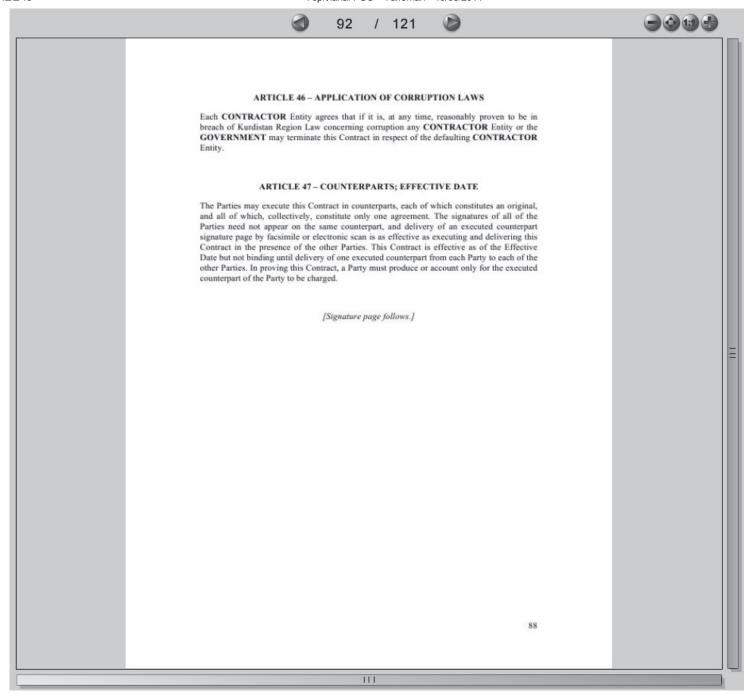


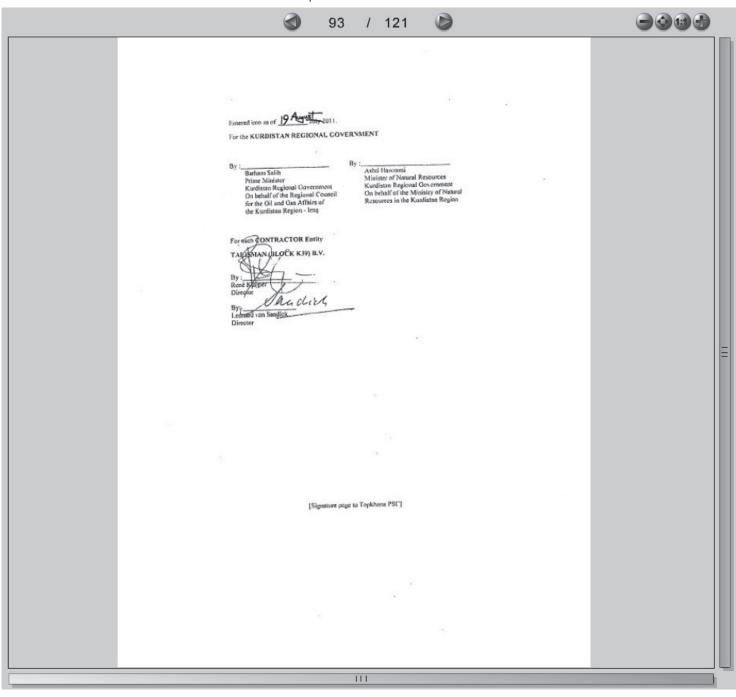




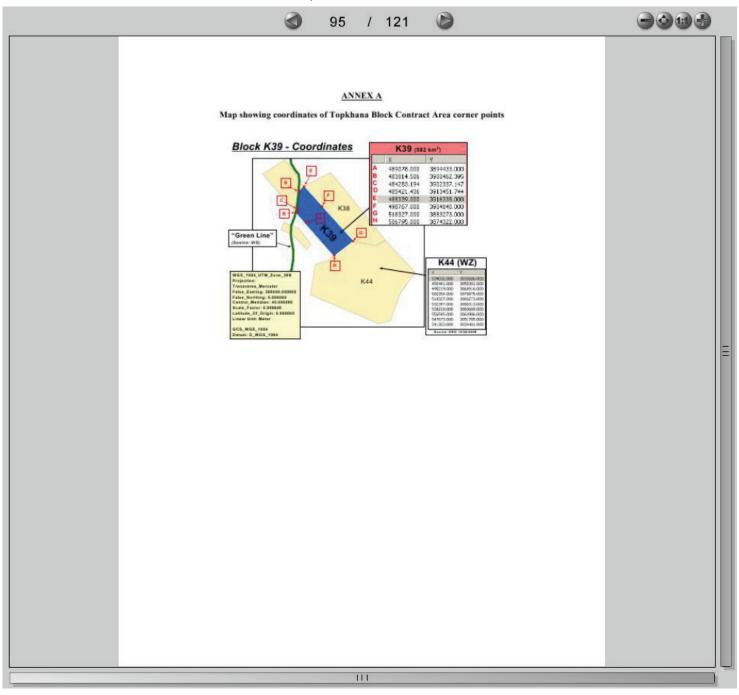


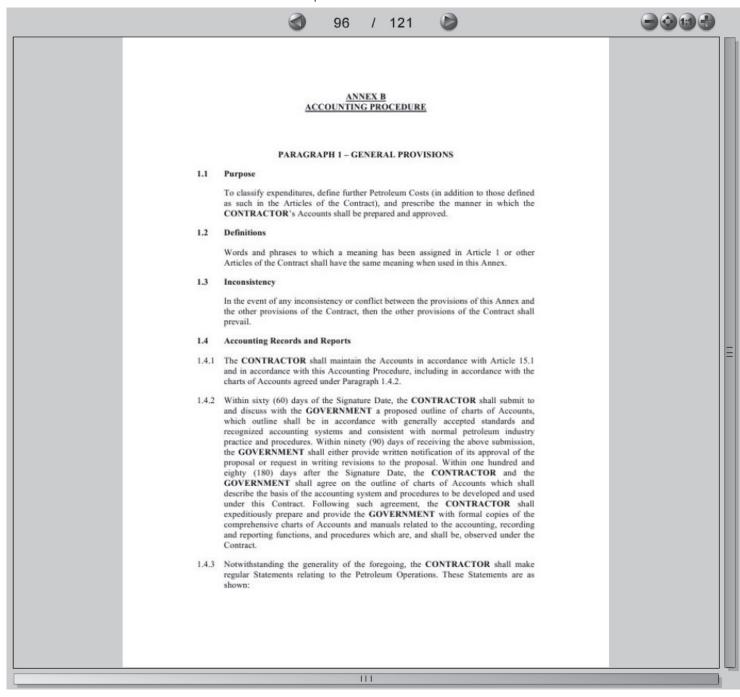


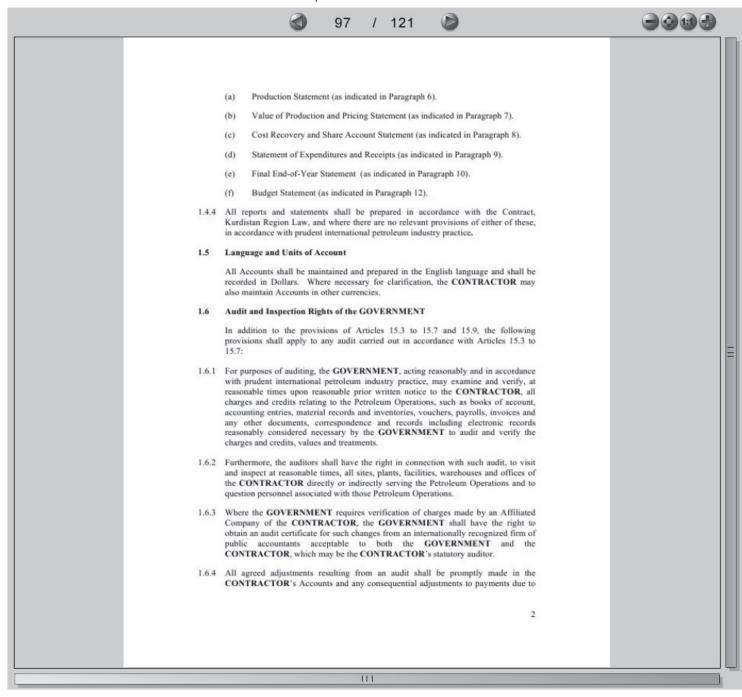


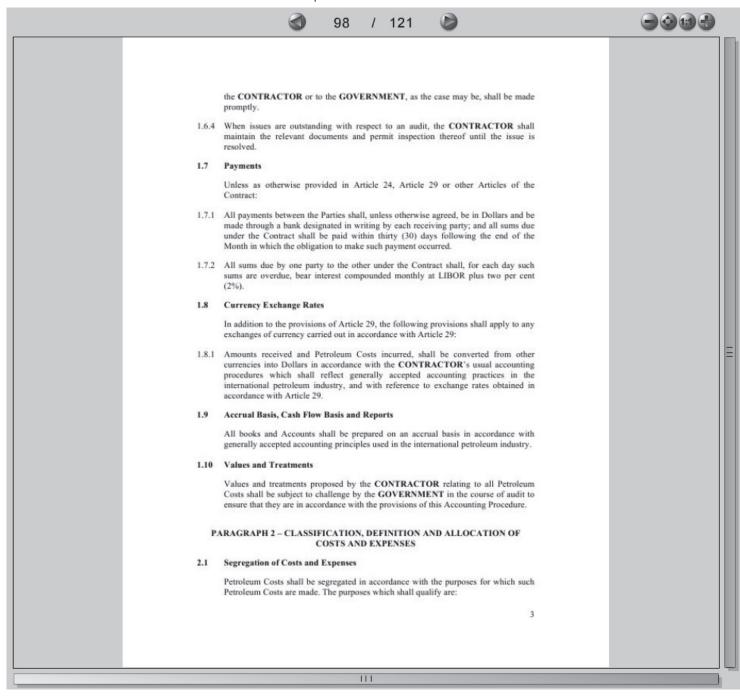


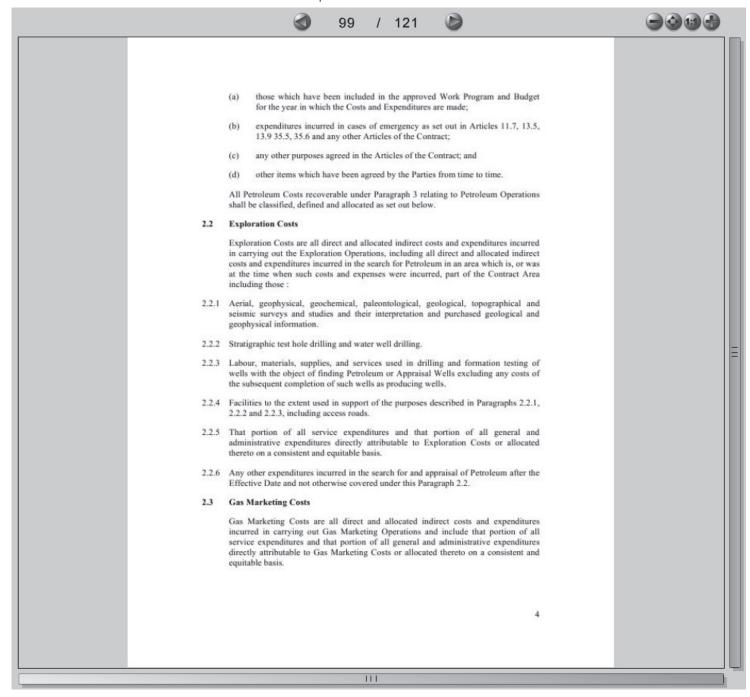
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| Entered into as of 19 Top 2011. For the KURDISTAN REGIONAL GOVERNMENT By: Barham Salih Prime Minister Kurdistan Regional Government On behalf of the Regional Council for the Oil and Gas Affairs of the Kurdistan Region - Iraq For each CONTRACTOR Entity TALISMAN (BLOCK K39) B.V. By: René Kuijper Director By: Leonard van Sandick Director | |
| [Signature page to Topkhana PSC] | |
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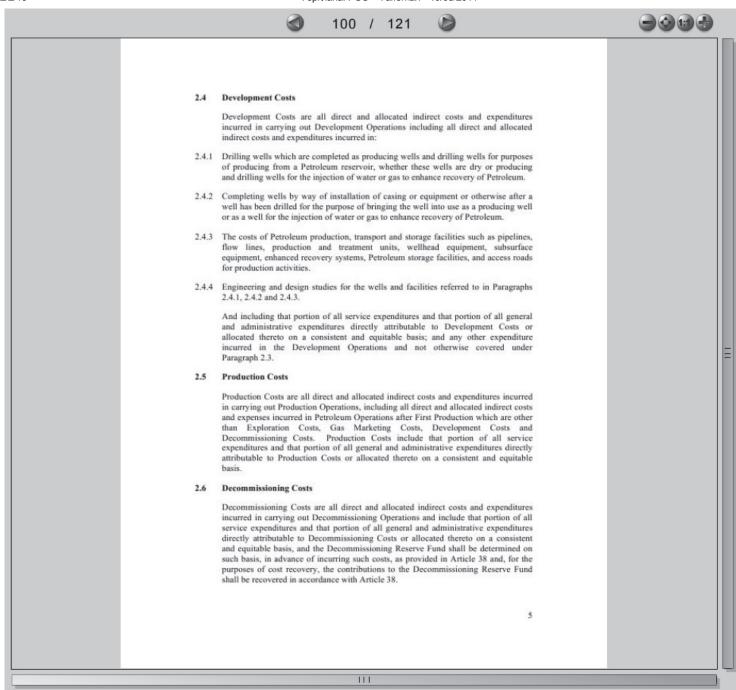


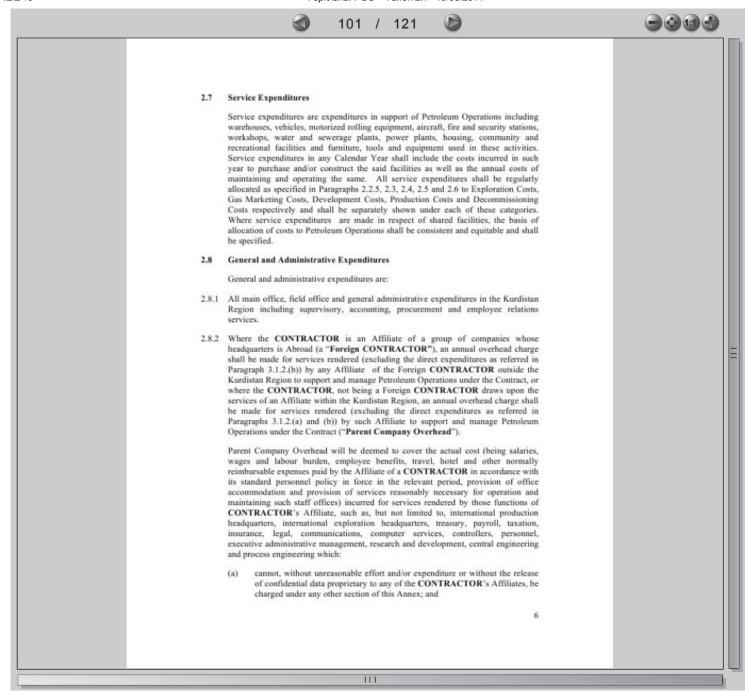


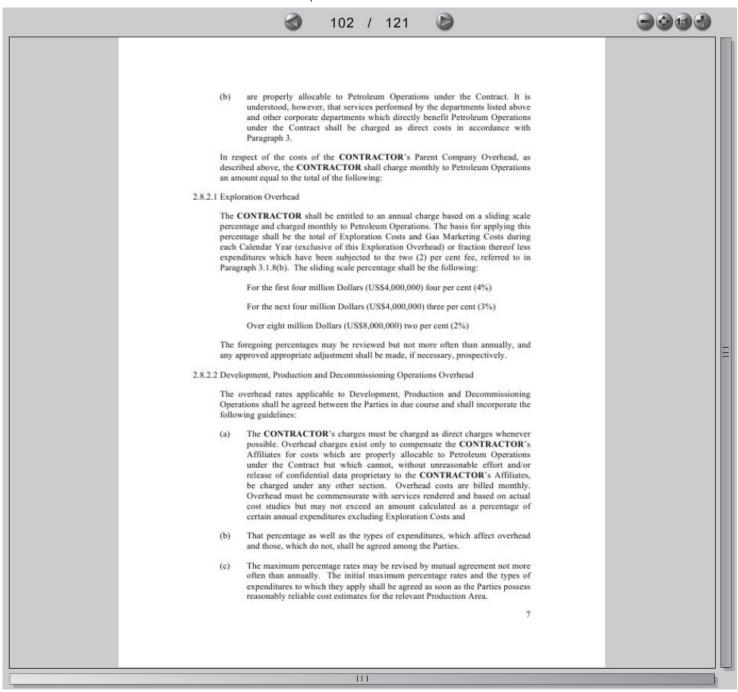


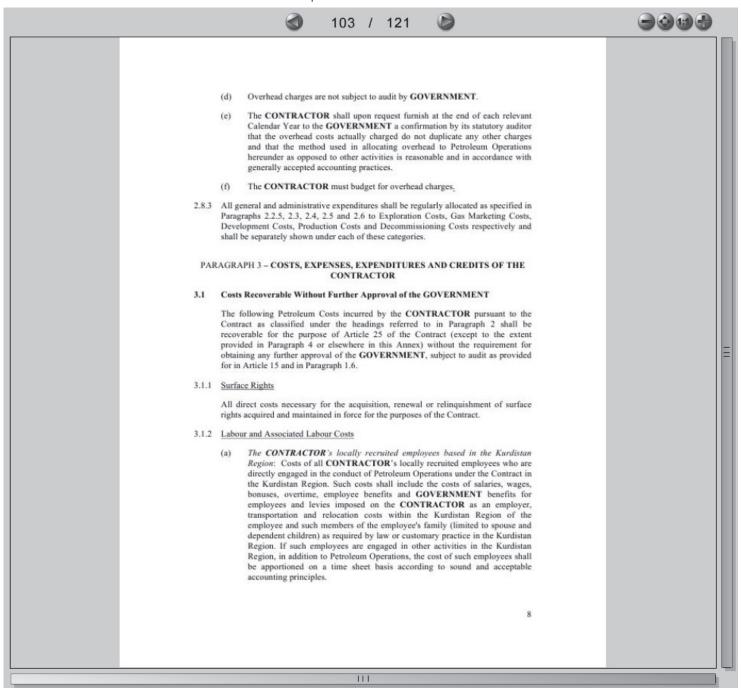


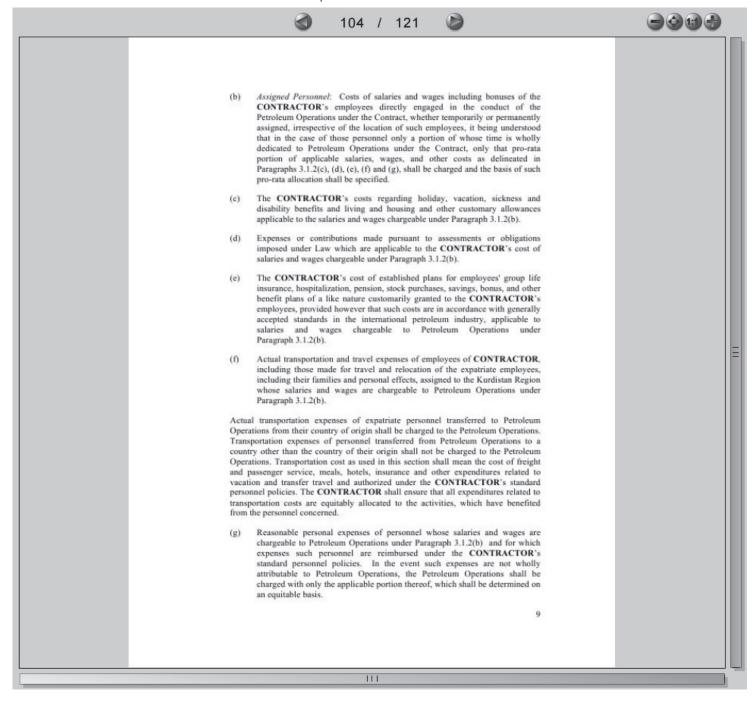


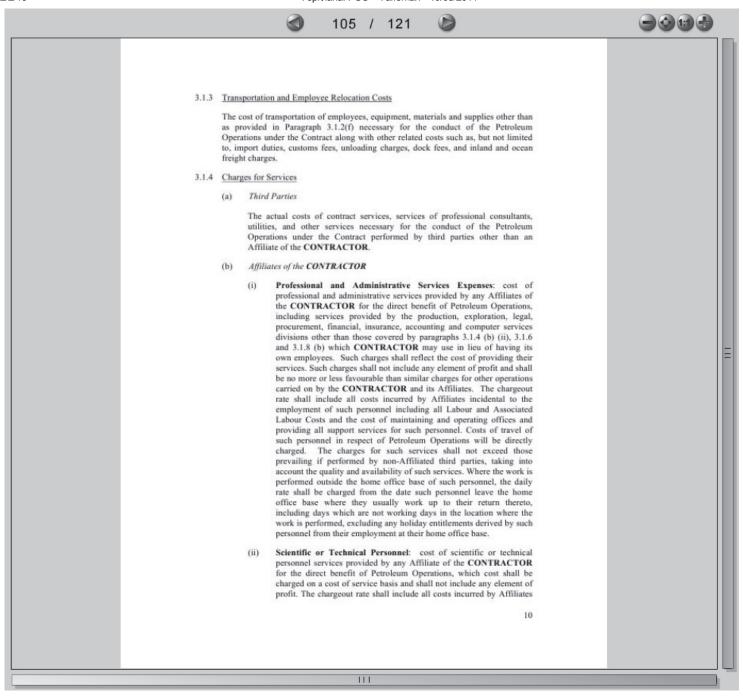


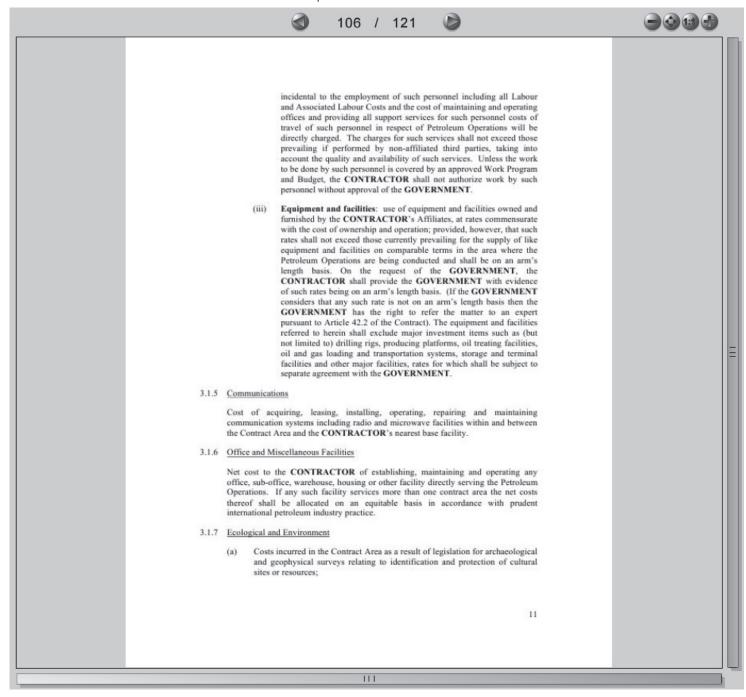


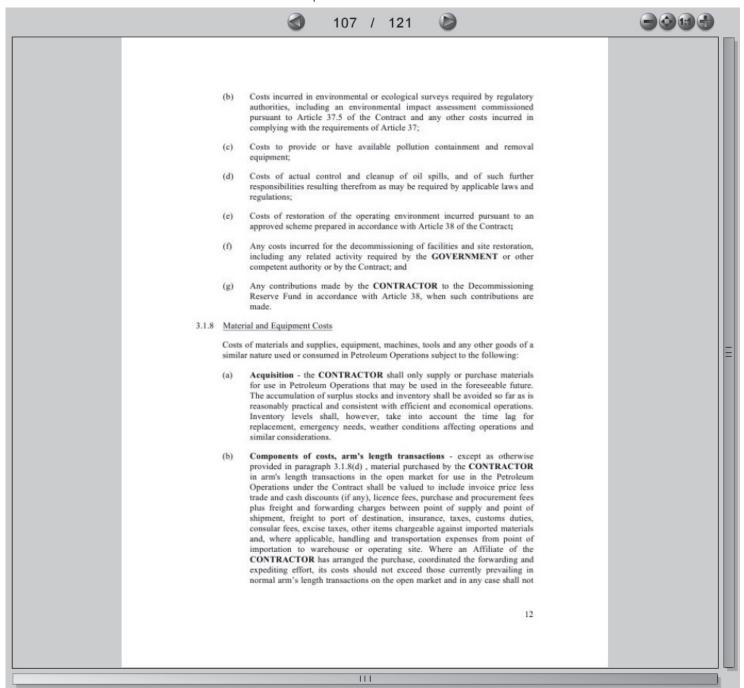


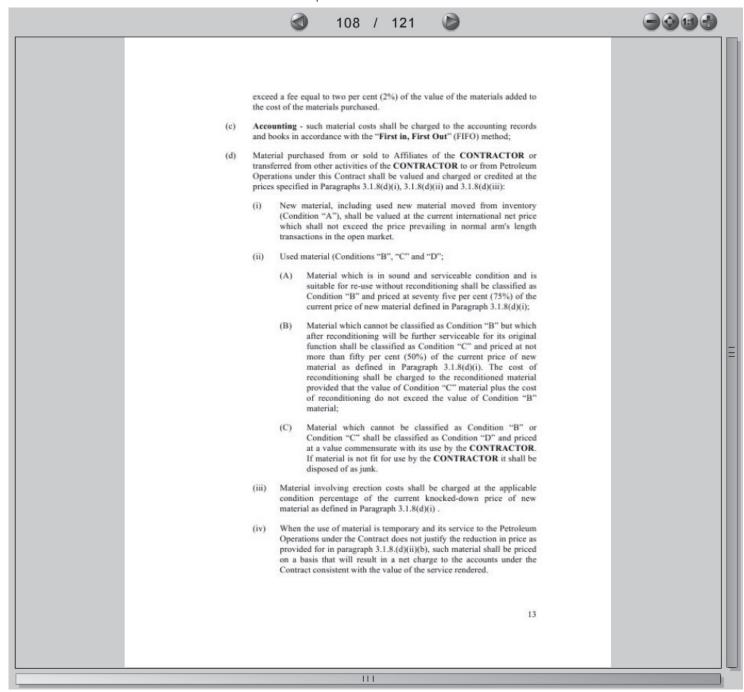


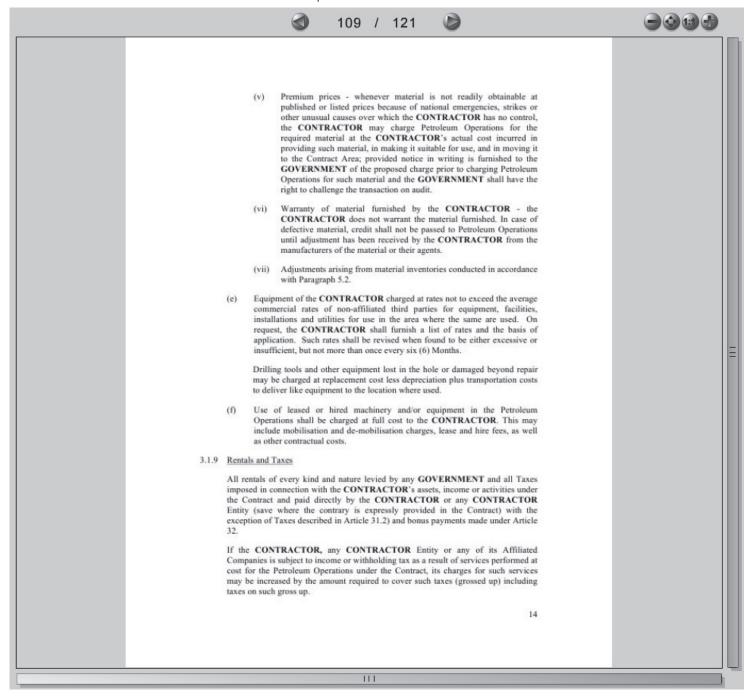


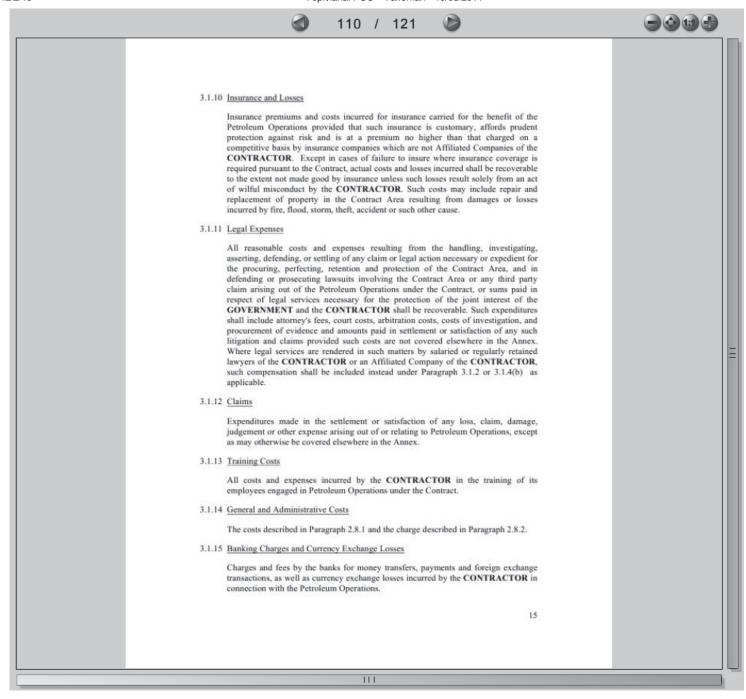


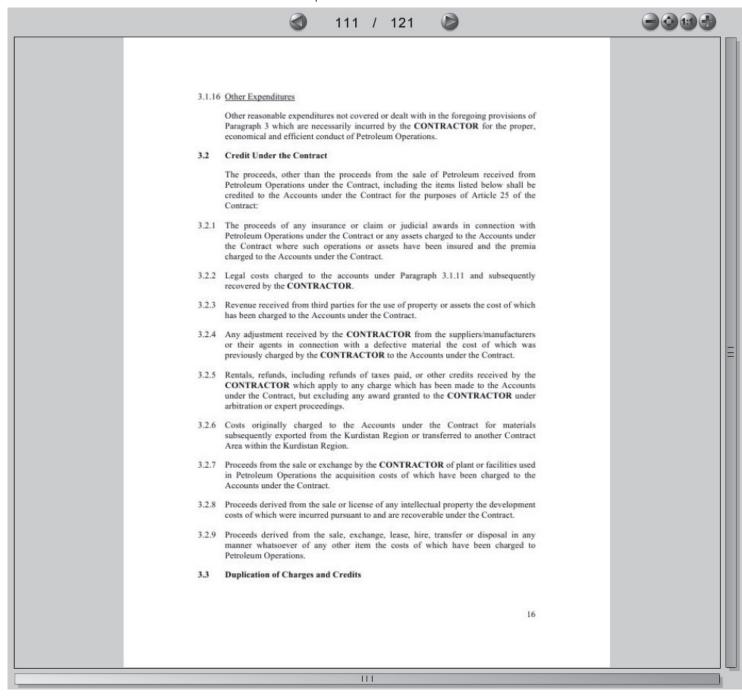


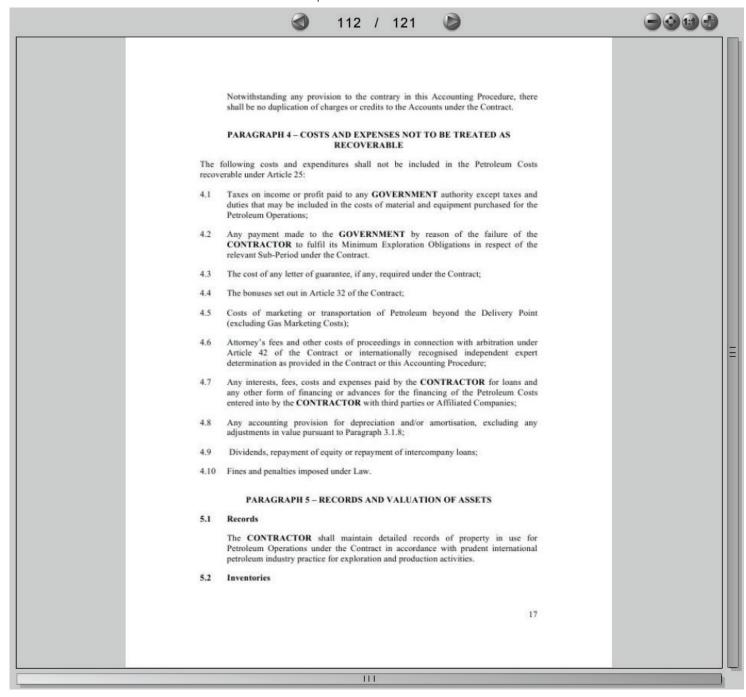


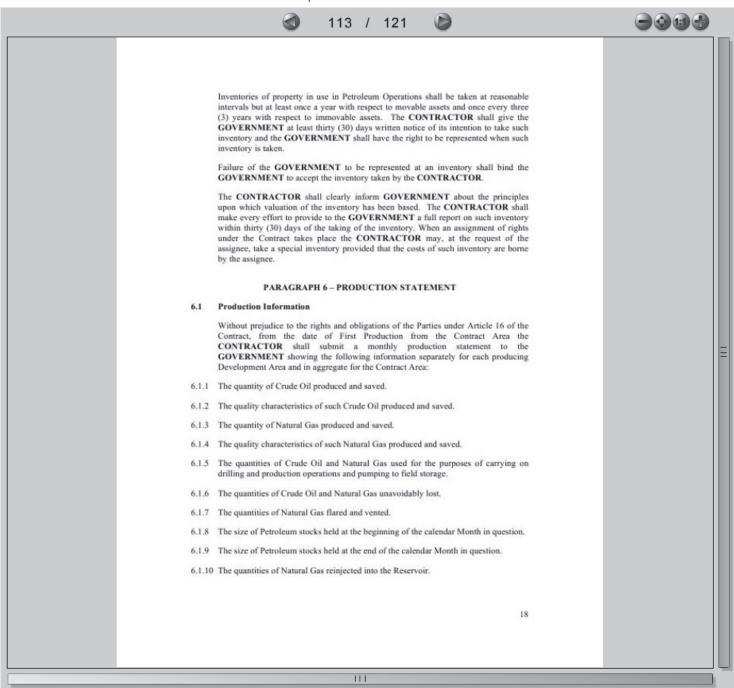


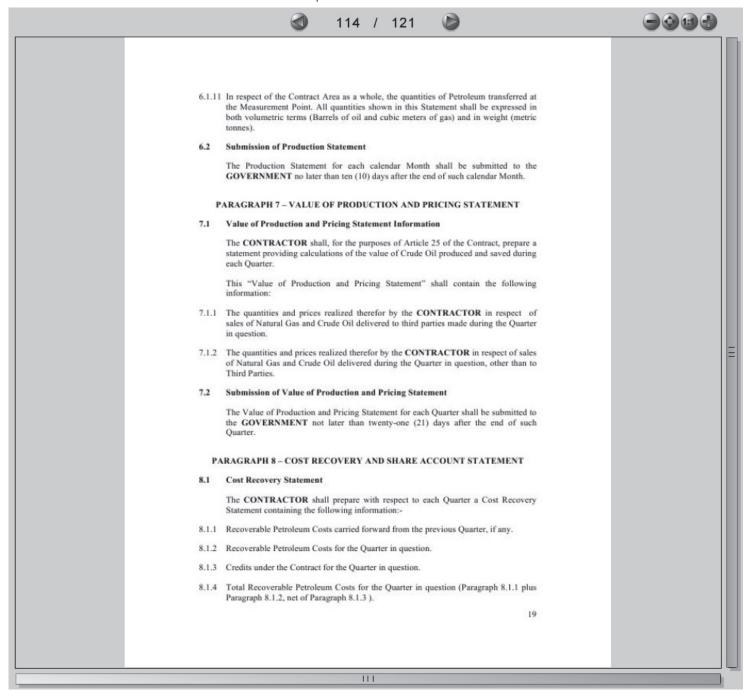


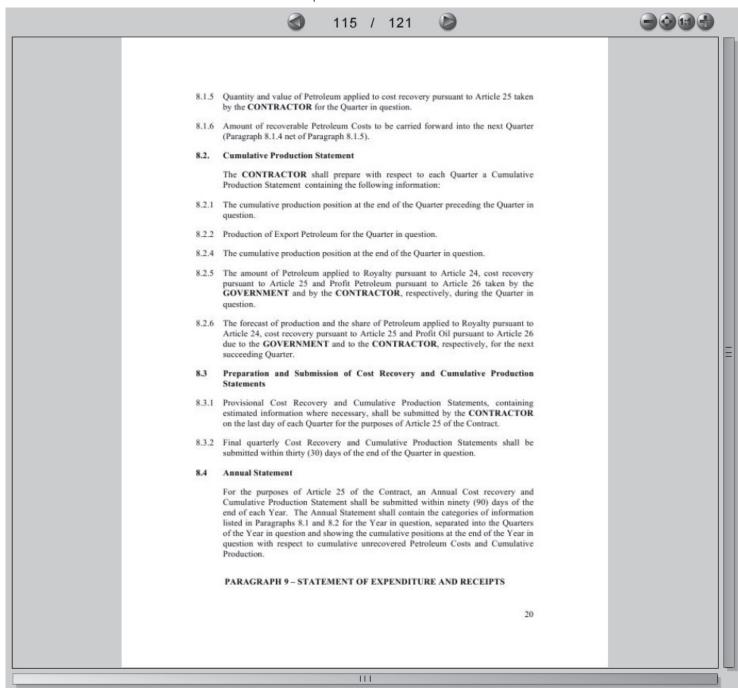


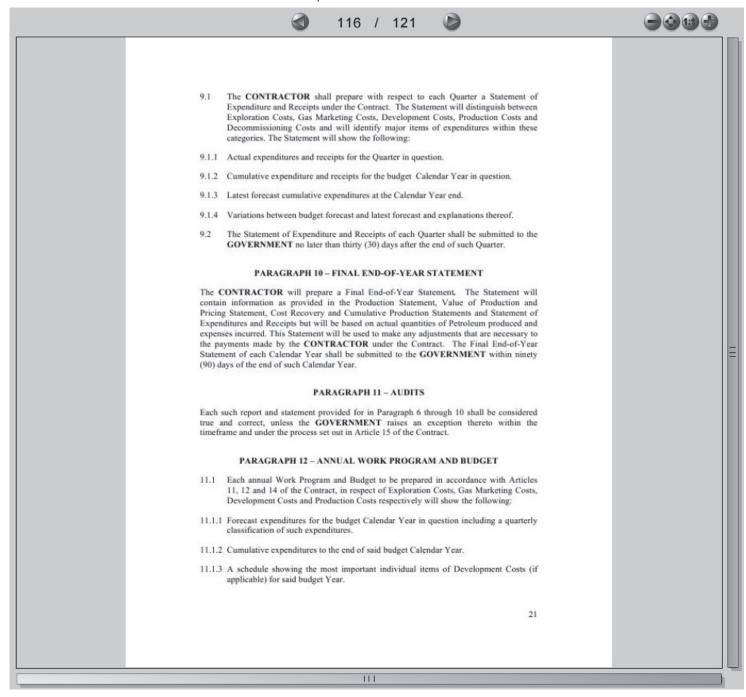


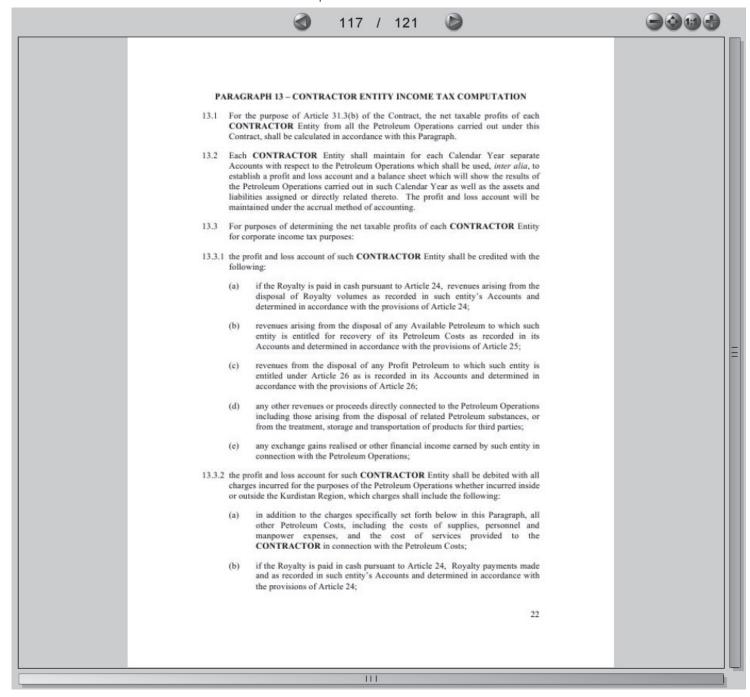




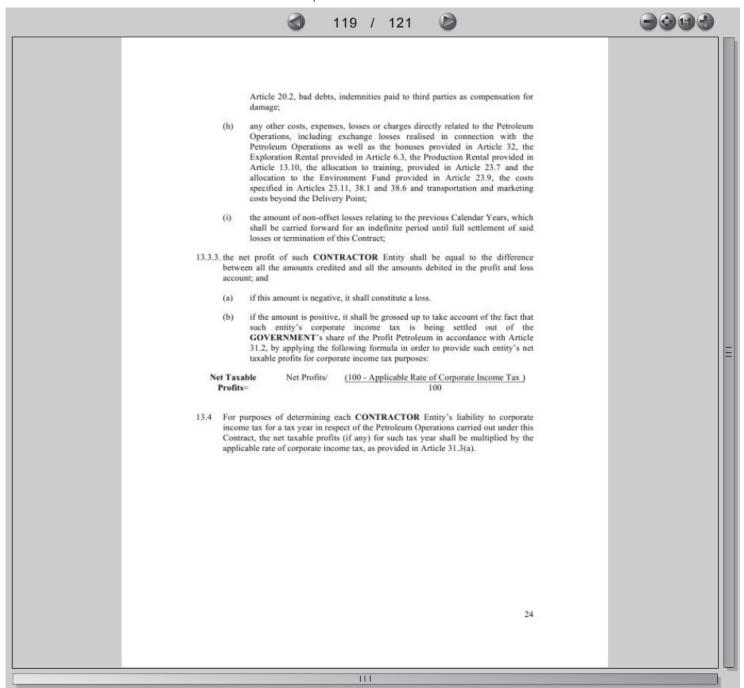


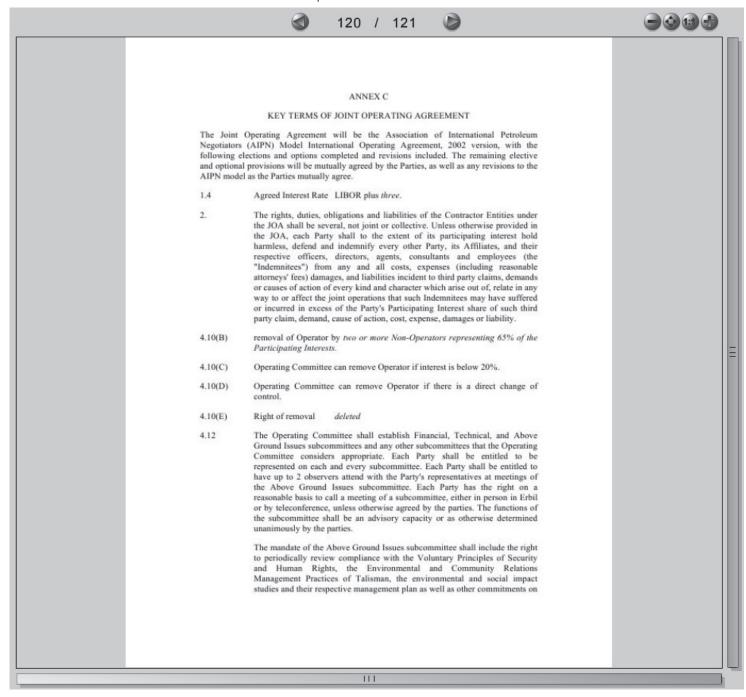






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| General and administrative expenditures related performed under this Contract; | d to the Petroleum Operations | |
| (d) depreciation of capital expenditure in according provisions: | ordance with the following | |
| capital expenditures incurred by the COI of the Petroleum Operations shall be dep basis; | | |
| (ii) the depreciation rates, which shall be Year during which such capital expendit Calendar Year during which the assets expenditures are put into normal service first Calendar Year in question and for earlier as follows: | corresponding to said capital ce, whichever is later, for the | |
| Nature of the capital asset to be depreciated | Annual depreciation Rate | |
| Permanent buildings | 10.0% | |
| Temporary buildings | 20.0% | |
| Office and home furniture and fixtures | 20.0% | |
| Productive wells | 20.0% | |
| Production and delivery equipment | 20.0% | |
| Drilling equipment | 20.0% | |
| Pipelines | 20.0% | |
| Automotive equipment | 20.0% | |
| Marine and aviation equipment | 20.0% | |
| All other capital assets | 20.0% | |
| (e) Exploration Costs (which for the avoidance expenditures) shall be deductible on a reducin 20% per annum. | | |
| interest and fees paid to creditors of the CO? amount; | NTRACTOR, for their actual | |
| losses of Assets resulting from destruction or renounced or abandoned during the year, asset | | |
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| III | | |





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| | hese subject matters to the Government and local communities and other environmental and community relations matters. | |
| 4.12(C) | Alternate 1 Operator shall conduct regular HSE assessments. Non Operators have the right to participate. | |
| 5.9 | Passmark vote: 60% of the Participating Interests is required; failing approval of a proposal on that basis, Operator has the casting vote. | |
| | The JOA shall provide if the passmark is not achieved in respect of certain defined matters, (which matters shall include: completion of the Minimum Work Obligations, security issues, matters dealing with the local communities) then the matter shall be determined by reference to the following voting procedure: | |
| | (i) the vote of two or more parties, which are not Affiliates, with | |
| | collectively at least 60%; | |
| | (ii) the vote of two or more parties, which are not Affiliates, with collectively at least 51%; | |
| | (iii) the position that received the largest number of votes, and in the event of a tie; | |
| | (iv) the vote of the Operator. | |
| | The JOA shall provide for the unanimous vote of the Operating Committee with respect to certain matters including the approval of a Development Plan. | |
| 5.13(B) | Effect of a vote - deleted | |
| 6.4(B) | Alternate 2 - Operator shall provide AFEs to Non Operators | |
| 7.5(B) | 300% for G&G Data; 1600% for exploration; 1200% for appraisal. | |
| 8.4(D)(i),(ii) | Alternative 2 a majority in interest of the non defaulting Parties. | |
| 8.4(E) | included. | |
| 12.2(F) | Alternate 1 - pre-emptive right on Transfer | |
| 12.3(C) | Atlemate 1 - pre-emptive right on Change of Control | |
| 12.2, 12.3 | will include a statement that the provisions of Article 4 of the Contract override any conflicting provisions of these Articles. | |
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