PRODUCTION SHARING CONTRACT

BETWEEN

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

AND

OIL & NATURAL GAS CORPORATION LIMITED

AND

THE ASSAM COMPANY LIMITED

AND

CANORO RESOURCES LTD.

AND

CENTURION ENERGY INTERNATIONAL INC.

BLOCK : AA-ON/7
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APPENDICES

Appendix A - Description of Contract Area

Appendix B - Map of Contract Area

Appendix C - Accounting Procedure to Production Sharing Contract

Appendix D - Calculation of the Investment Multiple for Production Sharing purposes.

Appendix E - Form of Parent Financial and Performance Guarantee.

Appendix F - Procedure for Acquisition of Goods and Services.
This Contract made this 19th day of February 1999 between:

1. The President of India, acting through the Joint Secretary, Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas (hereinafter referred to as Government) of the FIRST PART;

   AND

2. OIL & NATURAL GAS CORPORATION LIMITED, a corporate body established by the Government of India under Companies Act 1956 (hereinafter referred to as ONGC which expression shall include the successors and permitted assigns and legal representatives) of the SECOND PART;

   AND

3. THE ASSAM COMPANY LIMITED, a member of the Duncan Macneill Group, UK, having its Registered office at Greenwood Tea Estate, P.O. Dibrugarh, Assam, Head Office at 52 Chowringhee Road, Calcutta and Corporate Office at 10, Community Centre, Basant Lok, Vasant Vihar, New Delhi 110 057, India, (herein referred to as "ACL" which expression shall include its successors, permitted assigns and legal representatives) of the THIRD PART;

   AND

4. CENTURION ENERGY INTERNATIONAL INC., a body corporate, incorporated under the Laws of Alberta, Canada, having its registered office at 890 Bow Valley Square II, 205-5th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2P 2V7 (hereinafter called CENTURION which expression shall include its successors, permitted assigns and legal representatives) of the FOURTH PART;

   AND

5. CANORO RESOURCES LTD., a body corporate incorporated under the Laws of British Columbia, Canada, having its registered office at Suite 1450, 840 - 7 Avenue S.W. T2P 3G2, Calgary, Alberta, Canada (hereinafter called CANORO which expression shall include its successors, permitted assigns and legal representatives) of the FIFTH PART.

CENTURION AND CANORO (Canadian Consortium) and ACL are hereinafter collectively referred as "Companies."

WITNESSETH:
WHEREAS

(1) The Oil Fields (Regulation and Development) Act, 1948 (53 of 1948) (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") and the Petroleum and Natural Gas Rules, 1959, made thereunder (hereinafter referred to as "the Rules") make provision inter-alia for the regulation of Petroleum Operations and the grant of licenses and leases for exploration and development of Petroleum in India;
(2) The Rules provide for the grant of exploration licences and mining leases in respect of land vested in a State Government by that State Government with previous approval of the Central Government; and ONGC is being granted petroleum exploration license to carry out Exploration Operations in association with other Companies in that area onshore identified as Block AA-ON/7 and more particularly described in Appendix A;

(3) The Rules provide for an agreement between the Government and the Licensee with respect to additional terms and conditions in regard to the license or lease;

(4) The Government desires that the Petroleum resources which may exist in India be discovered and exploited with the utmost expedition in the overall interest of India in accordance with good petroleum industry practices;

(5) The Companies have represented that they have, or will acquire and make available, the necessary financial and technical resources and the technical and industrial competence and experience necessary for proper discharge and/or performance of all obligations required to be performed under this Contract to provide guarantees as required in Article 29 for the due performance of its undertakings hereunder;

(6) As a result of discussions between representatives of the Government and Companies on the proposal of Companies, the Government has agreed to enter into this Contract with Companies with respect to the said area referred to in paragraph (2) above on the terms and conditions herein set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and covenants and conditions herein contained, IT IS HEREBY AGREED between the Parties as follows:
ARTICLE - 1
DEFINITIONS

In this Contract, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them hereunder:

1.1 "Accounting Procedure" means the principles and procedures of accounting set out in Appendix C.

1.2 "Affiliate" means a company that directly or indirectly controls or is controlled by a Party to this Contract or a company which directly or indirectly controls or is controlled by a company which controls a Party to this contract, it being understood that "control" means ownership by one company or more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting securities of the other company, or the power to direct, administer and dictate policies of the other company even where the voting securities held by such company exercising such effective control in that other company is less than fifty percent (50%) and the term "controlled" shall have a corresponding meaning.

1.3 "Appendix" means an Appendix attached to this Contract and made a part thereof.

1.4 "Appraisal Program" means a program, approved by the Management Committee, carried out following a Discovery of Petroleum in the Contract Area for the purpose of delineating the Petroleum Reservoirs to which the Discovery relates in terms of thickness and lateral extent and determining the characteristics thereof and the quantity of recoverable Petroleum therein.

1.5 "Appraisal Well" means a Well drilled pursuant to an approved Appraisal Program.

1.6 "Arms Length Sales" means sales of Petroleum made freely in the open international market, in freely convertible currencies, between willing and unrelated sellers and buyers and in which such buyers and sellers have no contractual or other relationship, directly or indirectly, or any common or joint interest as is reasonably and likely to influence selling prices and shall, inter-alia, exclude sales (whether direct or indirect, through brokers or otherwise) involving Affiliates, sales between entities comprising the Contractor, sales between governments and government-owned entities, counter trades, restricted or distress sales, sales involving barter arrangements and generally any transactions motivated in whole or in part by considerations other than normal commercial practices.

1.7 "Article" means an article of this Contract and the term "Articles" means more than one Article.
1.8 "Associated Natural Gas" or "ANG" means Natural gas occurring in association with Crude Oil either as free gas or in solution, if such Crude Oil can by itself by commercially produced.

1.9 "Barrel" means a quantity or unit equal to 158.9074 litres (forty two (42) United States gallons liquid measure, at a temperature of sixty (60) degrees Fahrenheit (15.56 degrees Celsius) under one atmosphere of pressure (14.7 psia).

1.10 "Basement" means any igneous or metamorphic rock, or rock or any stratum of such nature, in and below which the geological structure or physical characteristics of the rock sequence do not have the properties necessary for the accumulation of Petroleum in commercial quantities and which reflects the maximum depth at which any such accumulation can be reasonably expected in accordance with the knowledge generally accepted in the international petroleum industry.

1.11 "Calendar Month" means any of the twelve months of the Calendar Year.

1.12 "Calendar Quarter" means a period of three consecutive Calendar Months commencing on the first day of January, April, July and October of each Calendar Year.

1.13 "Calendar Year" means a period of twelve consecutive Months according to the Gregorian Calendar, commencing with the first day of January and ending with the thirty-first day of December.

1.14 "Commercial Discovery" means a Discovery of petroleum reserves which, when produced, is likely to yield a reasonable profit on the funds invested in Petroleum Operations, after deduction of Contract Costs, and which has been declared a Commercial Discovery in accordance with the provisions of Article 9 or Article 21, after consideration of all pertinent operating and financial data such as recoverable reserves, sustainable production levels, estimated development and production expenditures, prevailing prices and other relevant technical and economic factors according to generally accepted practices in the international petroleum industry.

1.15 "Commercial Production" means production of Crude Oil or Natural Gas or both from the Field and delivery of the same at the relevant Delivery Point under a program of regular production and sale.

1.16 "Company" for the purpose of this Contract means a Company (excluding the Nominee) which is a Party to this Contract and, where more than one Company is a Party to the Contract, the term "Companies" shall mean all such Companies (excluding the Nominee) collectively.
1.17 "Condensate" means those low vapour pressure hydrocarbons obtained from Natural Gas through condensation or extraction and refers solely to those hydrocarbons that are liquid at normal surface temperature and pressure conditions (provided that in the event Condensate is produced from a Petroleum Contract Area and is segregated and transported separately to the Delivery Point, then the provisions of this Contract shall apply to such Condensate as if it were Crude Oil).

1.18 "Contract" means this agreement and the Appendices mentioned herein and attached hereto and made an integral part hereof and any amendments made thereto pursuant to the terms hereof.

1.19 "Contract Area" means the area described in Appendix A and delineated on the map attached as Appendix B, or any portion of the said area remaining after relinquishment or surrender from time to time pursuant to the terms of this Contract.

1.20 "Contract Costs" means Exploration Costs, Development Costs and Production Costs.

1.21 "Contract Year" means a period of twelve consecutive months counted from the Effective Date or from the anniversary of the Effective Date.

1.22 "Contractor" means:
(a) prior to exercise by Government of its option to participate pursuant to Article 13, the Company (or the Companies), and
(b) in the event that Government exercises its option to participate pursuant to Article 13, the Company (the Companies) and the Nominee collectively.

1.23 "Cost Petroleum" means the total volume of Petroleum produced and saved for sale from the Field in a particular period for the recovery of Contract Costs as provided in Article 14.

1.24 "Crude Oil" means crude mineral oil, asphalt, ozokerite and all kinds of hydrocarbons and bitumens, both in solid and in liquid form, in their natural state or obtained from Natural Gas by condensation or extraction, including distillate and Condensate when commingled with the heavier hydrocarbons and delivered as a blend at the Delivery Point but excluding Natural Gas.

1.25 "Delivery Point" means, except as otherwise herein provided or as may be otherwise agreed between the Government and the Contractor, the point at which Petroleum reaches the outlet flanges of the Group Gathering Station and delivery facilities for both oil and gas.

1.26 "Development Area" means that part of the Contract Area corresponding to the area of an Oil Field or Gas Field delineated in simple geometric shape.
1.27 "Development Costs" means those costs and expenditures incurred in carrying out Development Operations, as classified and defined in Section 2 of the Accounting Procedure and allowed to be recovered in terms of Section 3 thereof.

1.28 "Development Operations" means operations conducted in accordance with the Development Plan and shall include the purchase, shipment or storage of equipment and materials used in developing Petroleum accumulations, the drilling, completion and testing of Development Wells, the drilling and completion of Wells for gas or water injection, the laying of gathering lines, the installation of separators, tankage, pumps, artificial lift and other producing and injection facilities required to produce, process and transport Petroleum into main Petroleum storage or gas processing facilities, either onshore or offshore, including the laying of pipelines within or outside the Contract Area, storage and Delivery Point or Points, the installation of said storage or gas processing facilities, the installation of export and loading facilities and other facilities required for the development and production of the said Petroleum accumulations and for the delivery of Crude Oil and/or Gas at the Delivery Point and also including incidental operations not specifically referred to herein as required for the most efficient and economic development and production of the said Petroleum accumulations in accordance with good petroleum industry practices.

1.29 "Development Plan" means a plan submitted by the Contractor containing proposals required under Article 9 for the development of a Commercial Discovery which has been approved by the Management Committee or Government.

1.30 "Development Well" means a Well drilled, deepened or completed after the date of approval of the Development Plan pursuant to Development Operations or Production Operations for the purposes of producing Petroleum, increasing production, sustaining production or accelerating extraction of Petroleum including production Wells, injection Wells and dry Wells.

1.31 "Discovery" means the finding, during Exploration Operations, of a deposit of Petroleum not previously known to have existed, which can be recovered at the surface in a flow measurable by conventional petroleum industry testing methods.

1.32 "Discovery Area" means that part of the Contract Area about which, based upon Discovery and the results obtained from a Well or Wells drilled in such part, both the Licensee and the Company(ies) are of the opinion that Petroleum exists and is likely to be produced in commercial quantities.

1.33 "Effective Date" means the later of the date of signing of Contract or the date of issue of Petroleum Exploration License by the State Government(s).
1.34 "Environmental Damage" means soil erosion, removal of vegetation, destruction of wildlife, pollution of groundwater or surface water, land contamination, air pollution, noise pollution, bush fire, disruption to water supplies, to natural drainage or natural flow of rivers or streams, damage to archaeological, palaeontological and cultural sites and shall include any damage or injury to, or destruction of soil or water in their physical aspects together with vegetation associated therewith, aquatic or terrestrial mammals, fish, avifauna or any plant or animal life whether in the sea or in any other water or on, in or under land.

1.35 "Exploration Costs" means those costs and expenditures incurred in carrying out Exploration Operations, as classified and defined in Section 2 of the Accounting Procedure and allowed to be recovered in terms of Section 3 thereof.

1.36 "Exploration Operations" means operations conducted in the Contract Area pursuant to this Contract in searching for Petroleum and in the course of an Appraisal Program and shall include but not be limited to aerial, geological, geophysical, geo-chemical, palaeontological, palynological, topographical and seismic surveys, analysis, studies and their interpretation, investigations relating to the subsurface geology including structure test drilling, stratigraphic test drilling, drilling of Exploration Wells and Appraisal Wells and other related activities such as surveying, drill site preparation and all work necessarily connected therewith that is conducted in connection with Petroleum exploration.

1.37 "Exploration Period" means a period not exceeding seven years commencing from the Effective Date during which Exploration Operations may be carried out by the Contractor as provided in Article 2 hereof.

1.38 "Exploration Well" means a Well drilled for the purpose of searching for undiscovered Petroleum accumulations on any geological entity (be it of structural, stratigraphic, facies or pressure nature) to at least a depth or stratigraphic level specified in the Work Program.

1.39 "Field" means an Oil Field or a Gas Field in respect of which Development Plan has been duly approved in accordance with Article 9 hereof.

1.40 "Financial Year" means the period from the first day of April to the thirty-first day of March of the following Calendar Year.

1.41 "Foreign Company" means a Company within the meaning of Section 591 of the Companies Act, 1956.

1.42 "Gas" means Natural Gas.
1.43 "Gas Field" means an area within the Contract Area consisting of a single Gas Reservoir or multiple Gas Reservoirs all grouped on or related to the same individual geological structure or stratigraphic conditions, designated by agreement between the Companies and the Licensee and approved by the Management Committee (to include the maximum area of potential productivity in the Contract Area in a simple geometric shape) in respect of which a Commercial Discovery has been declared and a Development Plan has been approved in accordance with Article 9 hereof.

1.44 "Investment" shall have the meaning assigned in paragraph 3 of Appendix D.

1.45 "Investment Multiple" means in relation to any Field, the ratio of accumulated Net Cash Income from the Field to accumulated Investment in the Field, earned by the Companies, as determined in accordance with paragraphs 2-8 of Appendix D.

1.46 "LIBOR" means the London Inter-Bank Offering Rate for six-month deposits of United States Dollars as quoted by the London office of the Bank of America (or such other Bank as the Parties may agree) for the day or days in question.

1.47 "Licensee" means any person or body corporate to whom a license is issued under the Petroleum and Natural Gas Rules, 1959, for the purpose of carrying out Petroleum Operations in the Contract Area in association with the Companies.

1.48 "Management Committee" means the committee constituted pursuant to Article 5 hereof.

1.49 "Month" means Calendar Month.

1.50 "Natural Gas" means wet gas, dry gas, all other gaseous hydrocarbons, and all substances contained therein, including sulphur and helium, which are produced from Petroleum or Gas Wells, excluding those condensed or extracted liquid hydrocarbons that are liquid at normal temperature and pressure conditions, and including the residue gas remaining after the condensation or extraction of liquid hydrocarbons from Gas.

1.51 "Net Cash Income" shall have the meaning assigned in paragraph 2 of Appendix D.

1.52 "Nominee" means ONGC appointed for the purpose of acquiring Government's Participating Interest pursuant to Article 13.

1.53 "Non Associated Natural Gas" or 'NANG' means Natural gas which is produced either without association with Crude Oil or in association with Crude Oil which by itself can not be commercially produced.

1.54 "Oil" means Crude Oil.
1.55 "Oil Field" means an area within the Contract Area consisting of a single Oil Reservoir or multiple Oil Reservoirs all grouped on or related to the same individual geological structure, or stratigraphic conditions, designated by agreement between the Companies and the Licensee and approved by the Management Committee (to include the maximum area of potential productivity in the Contract Area in a simple geometric shape) in respect of which a Commercial Discovery has been declared and a Development Plan has been approved in accordance with Article 9 hereof and a reference to an Oil Field shall include a reference to the production of Associated Natural Gas from that Oil Field as if such Associated Natural Gas was being produced from a separate Field.

1.56 "Operating Agreement" means the Operating Agreement entered into by the Company(ies) and the Licensee in accordance with Article 6, with respect to the conduct of Petroleum Operations.

1.57 "Operating Committee" means the committee established by that name in the Operating Agreement pursuant to Article 6.

1.58 "Operator" means Company designated and appointed as such and detailed in Article 6.

1.59 "Participating Interest" means a Party’s percentage of participation, as it may exist at any given time, in the Contractor’s rights and obligations under this Contract.

1.60 "Parties" means the parties signatory to this Contract including their successors and permitted assigns under this Contract and the term "Party" means any of the Parties.

1.61 "Petroleum" means Crude Oil, Condensate and Natural Gas existing in their natural condition.

1.62 "Petroleum Operations" means, as the context may require, Exploration Operations, Development Operations or Production Operations or any combination of two or more of such operations, including construction, operation and maintenance of all necessary facilities, plugging and abandonment of Wells, environmental protection, transportation, storage, sale or disposition of Petroleum to the Delivery Point, Site Restoration and all other incidental operations or activities as may be necessary.

1.63 "Production Costs" means those costs and expenditures incurred in carrying out Production Operations as classified and defined in Section 2 of the Accounting Procedure and allowed to be recovered in terms of Section 3 thereof.

1.64 "Production Operations" means all operations conducted for the purpose of producing Petroleum from the Field after the commencement of production from the Contract Area, including the operation and maintenance of all necessary facilities therefor.
1.65 "Profit Petroleum" means all Petroleum produced and saved from the Field in a particular period as reduced by Cost Petroleum and calculated as provided in Article 15.

1.66 "Quarter" means, Calendar Quarter.

1.67 "Reservoir" means a naturally occurring discrete accumulation of Petroleum.

1.68 "Section" means a section of the Accounting Procedure.

1.69 "Self-sufficiency" means, in relation to any Year, that the volume of Crude Oil and Crude Oil equivalent of Petroleum products exported from India during that Year either equals or exceeds the volume of Crude Oil and Crude Oil equivalent of Petroleum products imported into India during the same Year.

1.70 "Site Restoration" shall mean all activities required to return a site to its natural state or to render a site compatible with its intended after use (to the extent reasonable) after cessation of Petroleum Operations in relation thereto and shall include, where appropriate, proper abandonment of Wells or other facilities, removal of equipment, structures and debris, establishment of compatible contours and drainage, replacement of top soil, re-vegetation, slope stabilization, in filling of excavation or any other appropriate actions in the circumstances.

1.71 "Subcontractor" means any company or person contracted by the Operator to provide services with respect to Petroleum Operations.

1.72 "Statement" or "Statements" refers to the statements required to be furnished in accordance with Appendix C of this Contract.

1.73 "Well" means a borehole, made by drilling in the course of Petroleum Operations, but does not include a seismic shot hole.

1.74 "Work Program" means all the plans formulated for the performance of the Petroleum Operations.

1.75 "Year" means a Financial Year.
ARTICLE - 2
DURATION

2.1 The terms of this Contract, subject to the terms hereof and the applicable laws, shall be for a period of twenty five (25) years from the Effective Date, unless the Contract is terminated earlier in accordance with its terms, but may be extended upon mutual agreement between the Parties for a further Period not exceeding five (5) years; provided that in the event of Commercial Production of Non Associated Natural Gas, the Contract may, by mutual agreement between the Parties, be extended for a period upto but not exceeding thirty five (35) years from the Effective Date.

2.2 The Exploration Period shall begin on the Effective Date and shall consist of three (3) exploration phases for a total period not exceeding seven (7) consecutive Contract Years unless extended pursuant to the terms of this Contract.

2.3 Except as otherwise provided in this Contract, the term of the first exploration phase shall be two (2) consecutive Contract Years (hereinafter referred to as Phase I).

2.4 Except as otherwise provided in this Contract, the term of the second exploration phase shall be three (3) consecutive Contract Years from the end of Phase I (hereinafter referred to as Phase II).

2.5 Except as otherwise provided in this Contract, the terms of the third exploration phase shall be two (2) consecutive Contract Years from the end of Phase II (hereinafter referred to as Phase III).

2.6 At the expiry of any exploration phase of the Exploration Period, provided that the Contractor has completed the minimum Work Program for that exploration phase, the Contractor shall have the option, exercisable by giving written notice to the Government at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiry of the relevant phase, either:

(a) to terminate the Contract without obligation in respect of any subsequent phases of the Exploration Period; or

(b) to proceed to the next exploration phase on presentation with the notice referred to above of the relevant guarantee as provided for in Article 29; or

(c) to relinquish the entire Contract Area except for any Discovery Area and any Development Area and to conduct Development Operations and Production Operations in relation to any Discovery in accordance with the terms of this Contract.

If neither of the options provided for in paragraph (b) and (c) is exercised by the Contractor, this Contract shall terminate at the end of the then current exploration phase.
2.7 If, at the end of an exploration phase, drilling or testing operations are in progress on a well not included in the minimum Work Program, such exploration phase shall be extended for a period not exceeding six (6) months provided that the minimum Work Program for such phase has been completed or the Licensee gives its consent to the said extension; and provided further that the period of such extension shall be subtracted from the period of the next succeeding exploration phase. In the event of an extension as provided for herein, the notice referred to in Article 2.6 shall be given at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiry of the relevant extension.

2.8 Where sufficient time is not available prior to the expiry of the Exploration Period to complete the appraisal work on a Discovery, at the request of the Contractor, the Government shall extend the Exploration Period for such period, not exceeding thirty (30) months as may be mutually determined by the Licensee and the Contractor, for the appraisal work to be carried out and for the Management Committee, the Licensee, and the Contractor to comply with the provisions of Article 9 and Article 21.

2.9 If no Commercial Discovery has been made in the Contract Area by the end of the Exploration Period, the Contract shall terminate.

[Signature]
[Additional Signature]
ARTICLE - 3
RELINQUISHMENT

3.1 At the end of Phase I of the Exploration Period, in the event that the Contractor elects, pursuant to Article 2.6, to continue Exploration Operations in the Contract Area in Phase II, the Contractor shall retain seventy five percent (75%) of the original Contract Area including any Development Area and Discovery Area in not more than three (3) areas of simple geometrical shapes and relinquish the balance of the Contract Area prior to the commencement of Phase II.

3.2 At the end of Phase II of the Exploration Period, in the event that the Contractor elects, pursuant to Article 2.6, to continue Exploration Operations in the Contract Area in Phase III, the Contractor shall retain twenty five percent (25%) of the original Contract Area, including any Development Area and Discovery Area in not more than three (3) areas of simple geometrical shapes and relinquish the balance of the Contract Area prior to the commencement of Phase III.

3.3 At the end of Phase III of the Exploration Period, the Contractor shall retain only Development Areas and Discovery Areas.

3.4 If the Contractor exercises the option provided for in paragraph (c) of Article 2.6, the Contractor shall, after any Field and Development Area have been designated, relinquish all of the Contract Area not included within the said Field and Development Area.

3.5 As and when the Contract is terminated under the provisions of Article 2 or in accordance with any other provisions of this Contract, the entire Contract Area remaining with the Contractor shall be deemed to have been relinquished by the Contractor as on the date on which the Contract is terminated.

3.6 Relinquishment of all or part of the Contract Areas or termination of the Contract shall not be construed as absolving the Contractor of any liability undertaken or incurred by the Contractor in respect of the Contract Area prior to the date of such relinquishment or termination.

3.7 Any liability of the Contractor shall be limited to causes of action arising out conduct of Petroleum Operations during the period between the Effective Date and date of said relinquishment or termination as the case may be.

\[\text{Signature}\]
ARTICLE - 4
WORK PROGRAM & BUDGET

4.1 Subject to all relevant permission and clearances for regular Petroleum Operation being granted and one copy each of data docket and data package pertaining to the Block and any other information covered under Article 7.1 of the Contract available with EXCOM office at Delhi transferred to the Contractor on the Effective Date. Contractor shall commence Petroleum Operations within the Block not later than six (6) months from the Effective Date. However, ONGC will endeavour to handover additional information and data, covered under Article 7.1, collected since compilation of the Data Package to Contractor within such reasonable time so that schedule of work programme for Exploration Phase-I does not get affected.

4.2 During the currency of Phase I, as per Article 2.3, the Contractor shall complete the following Work Program:
   - a seismic program consisting of the acquisition, processing and interpretation of fifty (50) line kilometers of seismic data in relation to the exploration objectives;
   - a seismic reprocessing and interpretation of 100 LKM of existing seismic data.

4.3 During the currency of Phase II, as per Article 2.4, the Contractor shall complete the following Work Program:
   - One (1) Exploratory Well shall be a deep test Well and shall be drilled to at least one of the following depths:
     (i) Barail Main Sand;
     (ii) Basement;
     (iii) 3800 meters;
     (iv) that point below Barail Top at which further drilling becomes impracticable due to geological conditions encountered and drilling would be abandoned by a reasonable prudent Operator in the same or similar circumstances.

4.4 During the currency of Phase III, as per Article 2.5, the Contractor shall complete the following Work Program:
   a) Acquisition, processing and interpretation of one hundred (100) line kilometers of data.
   b) One exploratory well which shall be drilled to atleast one of the following depths:
      (i) Barail Main Sand
      (ii) Basement
      (iii) 3800 meters
(iv) that point below Barail Top at which further drilling becomes impracticable due to geological conditions encountered and drilling would be abandoned by a reasonable prudent Operator in the same or similar circumstances.

4.5 The actual depth objective for each of the Wells shall be determined by the Contractor in the light of the advice of the Management Committee before the commencement of the drilling. Each Well which reaches the geological objective for which the depth objective was determined shall be deemed to have been drilled to the depth objective or to actual total depth, whichever is greater. The Contractor shall ensure that all relevant subsurface, geological, geo-chemical and geophysical information necessary for the attainment of the exploration objectives in accordance with good oil field practices is obtained during exploratory drilling.

4.6 If the depth/geological objective of the Well is not achieved for any reason, in that case, a substitute Well shall be drilled, of the same specifications as stipulated in Articles 4.3 & 4.4.

4.7 The Contractor undertakes to complete the minimum Work Program in accordance with Articles 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 and 4.6, as the case may be. In the event that the Contractor fails to fulfill the said minimum Work Program by the end of the relevant exploration phase, the Contractor shall pay to the Licensee within sixty (60) days following the end of the relevant phase, an amount which, when evaluated in terms of the minimum Work Program specified for the relevant phase, is equal to the amount which will be required to complete the said minimum Work Program, in accordance with sound international petroleum industry practices, reduced by the amount of the bank guarantee referred to in Article 29.1 (a).

4.8 If the minimum Work Program commitment for the third phase of exploration has been completed earlier than eighteen months from the end of the phase, the Contractor shall meet with the Government to discuss the possibility of early relinquishment, unless the Contractor undertakes further work, subject to approval of the Management Committee.

4.9 In the event that the Contractor has carried out work in excess of the minimum Work Program specified in Articles 4.2 or 4.3, as the case may be, the excess work done shall be set off against the minimum Work Program for the following exploration phase.

4.10 The Contractor shall furnish to Government an irrevocable unconditional letter of guarantee from a reputable bank for a percentage of the estimated expenditure for each phase of the Exploration Period as provided in Article 29.
4.11 As soon as possible after the Effective Date, in respect of the period ending with the last day of the Year in which the Effective Date falls and thereafter ninety (90) days before commencement of each following Year, the Contractor shall submit to the Management Committee, through the Operating Committee, the Work Programs and budgets relating to Petroleum Operations to be carried out during the relevant phase, or as the case may be, the ensuing Year. The Yearly Work Program and budget for the Exploration Period shall include the minimum Work Program specified in this Article 4.

4.12 The Contractor may propose amendments to the details of an approved Work Program and budget in the light of the then existing circumstances and shall submit to the Management Committee, through the Operating Committee, modifications or revisions to the Work Program and budgets referred to in Article 4.11.

4.13 Work Programs and budgets related to Development Operations and Production Operations shall be submitted as provided in Article 9.
ARTICLE - 5
MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

5.1 For the purpose of proper performance of Petroleum Operations under the provisions of this Contract, there shall be constituted a committee to be called the Management Committee.

5.2 The Management Committee shall consist of six (6) members, three (3) members nominated by and representing Government and the Licensee taken together and three (3) members nominated by and representing the Company(ies).

5.3 A representative of the Licensee shall be designated as the Chairman of the Management Committee and a Deputy Chairman shall be designated from amongst the representatives of the Government or the Licensee.

5.4 Parties may nominate alternate members with full authority to act in the absence and on behalf of the members nominated under Article 5.2 and may, at any time, nominate another member or alternate member to replace any member nominated earlier by notice to other members of the Management Committee.

5.5 A quorum of the Management Committee shall consist of two (2) members representing the Government and the Licensee and two (2) members representing the Companies.

5.6 The Management Committee shall review and have advisory functions in the following matters:

(a) the annual Work Program and budget proposed during the Exploration Period and any revisions or modifications thereto submitted to it by the Operator through the Operating Committee;

(b) proposals for surrender or relinquishment of any part of the Contract Area by the Contractor;

(c) any other matter required by the terms of this Contract to be submitted to it for review or advice;

(d) any other matter which the Contractor or the Operating Committee decides to submit for review or advice including matters concerning inter-party relationships;

(e) any other matter which the Management Committee desires to be submitted to it.
5.7 The following matters shall be submitted to the Management Committee for approval:

(a) annual Work Programs and budgets and any modifications or revisions thereto, as proposed by the Operating Committee, for Development Operations and Production Operations;

(b) proposals for an Appraisal Program, the declaration of a Discovery as a Commercial Discovery and the approval of Development Plans as may be required under this Contract, or revisions or additions to an Appraisal Program or a Development Plan;

(c) delineation of a Field and a Development Area;

(d) appointment of auditors;

(e) collaboration with licensees or contractors of other areas;

(f) claims or settlement of claims for or on behalf of or against the Contractor in excess of limits specified in the Operating Agreement or fixed by the Management Committee from time to time, or as stipulated in the Contract;

(g) any proposed mortgage, charge or encumbrance on Petroleum assets, Petroleum reserves or production of Petroleum;

(h) any other matter required by the terms of this Contract to be submitted for the approval of the Management Committee;

(i) any other matter which the Contractor or the Operating Committee decides to submit to it;

(j) any other matter which the Management Committee decides should be submitted to it.

5.8 The Management Committee shall not take any decision without obtaining prior approval of the Government where such approval is required under this Contract or any applicable law (including rules and regulations) of India.

5.9 The Management Committee shall meet at least once every three (3) months or more frequently at the request of any member. The Chairman shall convene each meeting by notifying the members at least twenty eight (28) days prior to such a meeting (or a shorter period of notice if the members unanimously so agree) of the time and place of such meeting and the purpose thereof and shall include in such notice a provisional agenda for such meeting. The Chairman shall be responsible for processing the final agenda for such meeting and the agenda shall include all items of business requested by the members to be included, provided such requests are received by the Chairman at least ten (10) days prior to the date fixed for the meeting. Matters not included in the agenda may be taken up at the meeting by any member with the unanimous consent of all the members, present in the meeting.
5.10 The Chairman shall preside over the meetings of the Management Committee and, in his absence, the Deputy Chairman or other member nominated by the Government or the Licensee shall preside over the meetings.

5.11 The Chairman shall appoint one of the members nominated by the Companies as Secretary to the Management Committee with responsibility, inter-alia, for preparation of the minutes of every meeting in the English language which shall be signed by each member present at the meeting and provided to every member of the Management Committee with two (2) copies of the minutes not later than twenty eight (28) days after the date of the meeting.

5.12 Within twenty one (21) days of the receipt of the minutes of a meeting, members shall notify the Chairman and the other members of their approval of the minutes by putting their signatures on one copy of the minutes and returning the same to the Chairman or by indicating such approval to the Chairman by telex, cable, or facsimile, with copies to the other members. Any member may suggest any modification, amendment or addition to the minutes by telex, cable or facsimile to the Chairman and other members or by indicating such suggestions when returning the copy of the minutes to the Chairman. If the Chairman or any other member does not agree with the modification, amendment or addition to the minutes suggested by any member, the matter shall be brought to the attention of the other members and resubmitted to the Management Committee at the next meeting and the minutes shall stand approved as to all other matters. If a member fails to appropriately respond within the aforesaid twenty one (21) day period as herein provided, the minutes shall be deemed approved by such member.

5.13 The meetings of the Management Committee shall be held in New Delhi, India, unless otherwise mutually agreed by the members of the Management Committee.

5.14 All matters requiring the approval of the Management Committee shall be approved by a unanimous vote of all the members of the Management Committee.

5.15 A member of the Management Committee not present at a meeting may vote on any matter on the agenda in such meeting by:

(a) appointing in writing, including by telex, cable or fax, another member of the Management Committee as his proxy for that meeting; or

(b) giving notice of such vote to the Chairman prior to the submission of such matter for vote at such meeting.

5.16 The Management Committee may appoint legal, financial or technical subcommittees comprised of such representatives as may be agreed by the Management Committee to consider any matter requiring approval or decision of the Management Committee.
ARTICLE - 6
OPERATORSHIP, OPERATING AGREEMENT AND OPERATING COMMITTEE

6.1 Except as provided in Article 6.2 and subject to the terms of the Operating Agreement, CENTURION shall be the Operator for the Exploration Operations, Development Operations and Production Operations within the Contract Area during the term of the Contract.

6.2 In respect of each Field in which the Licensee is participating, the Licensee shall have the option to become the Operator of the Field at any time after ten years have elapsed from the date of commencement of Commercial Production from that Field.

6.3 In the event the Licensee elects to exercise the option specified in Article 6.2, it shall so notify the Contractor in writing at least one hundred and eighty (180) days prior to the date from which the Licensee would like to assume the operatorship and the transfer of operatorship shall be effected in accordance with the provisions of the Operating Agreement.

6.4 Except as provided in Article 6.2, no change in operatorship shall be effected without the consent of the Licensee and the Management Committee and such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

6.5 The operating functions required of the Contractor under this Contract shall be performed by the Operator on behalf of all constituents of the Contractor subject to, and in accordance with, the terms and provisions of the Contract and generally accepted international petroleum industry practice.

6.6 Within thirty (30) days of the Effective Date, the Companies and the Licensee shall execute a mutually agreed Operating Agreement. The said Agreement shall be consistent with the provisions of this Contract and shall provide for, among other things:

(a) the appointment, resignation, removal and responsibilities of the Operator;

(b) the establishment of an Operating Committee comprising of an agreed number of representatives of the Licensee and the Companies respectively, chaired by a representative of the Operator;

(c) functions of the said Operating Committee taking into account the provisions of the Contract, procedures for decision making, frequency and place of meetings;

(d) Participating Interest, contribution to costs, default, disposal of Petroleum and assignment as between the parties to the Operating Agreement.
ARTICLE - 7

GENERAL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS
OF THE PARTIES

7.1 Subject to the provisions of this Contract, the Contractor shall have the following rights:

(a) the exclusive right to carry out Petroleum Operations excluding the right for exploration and exploitation of coal bed methane in the Contract Area and to recover costs and expenses as provided in this Contract;

(b) the right to use, free of charge, such quantities of Petroleum produced from any Field as are reasonably required for conducting Petroleum Operations in the Contract Area in accordance with generally accepted practices in the international petroleum industry. The use of quantities of petroleum for the purpose of conducting Petroleum Operations in the Contract Area shall be subject to audit;

(c) the right to lay pipelines, build roads, construct bridges, ferries, aerodrones, landing fields, radio telephones and related communication and infrastructure facilities and exercise other ancillary rights as may be reasonably necessary for the conduct of Petroleum Operations subject to such approvals as may be required and the applicable laws in force from time to time for the regulation and control thereof;

(d) the right of full and free access to available relevant data and samples (including but not limited to technical data such as seismic, well information, well completion reports, and any other data in the possession or control of Government or ONGC of the Contract Area). Such access shall be at the material, copying and reproduction cost to the Contractor.

7.2 The Government reserves the right to itself, or to grant to the Licensee or others the right to prospect for and mine minerals or substances other than Petroleum within the Contract Area; provided, however, that if after the Effective Date, the Licensee or others are issued rights, or the Government proceeds directly to prospect for and mine in the Contract Area any minerals or substances other than Petroleum, the Contractor shall use its best efforts to avoid obstruction to or interference with such operations within the Contract Area and the third parties and/or Government, as the case may be, shall use best efforts to ensure that operations carried out do not obstruct or unduly interfere with Petroleum Operations in the Contract Area.
7.3 The Contractor shall:

(a) except as otherwise expressly provided in this Contract, conduct all Petroleum Operations at its sole risk, cost and expense and provide all funds necessary for the conduct of Petroleum Operations including funds for the purchase or lease of equipment, materials or supplies required for Petroleum Operations as well as for making payments to employees, contractors and Sub contractors;

(b) conduct all Petroleum Operations within the Contract Area diligently, expeditiously, efficiently and in a safe and workman like manner in accordance with good petroleum industry practice pursuant to the approved Work Programs;

(c) ensure provision of all information data, samples etc., which the Licensee may be required to furnish under the applicable laws;

(d) ensure that all equipment, materials, supplies, plant and installations used by the Contractor, the Operator, and Subcontractors comply with generally accepted standards in the international petroleum industry and are of proper construction and kept in good working order;

(e) in the preparation and implementation of work Programs and in the conduct of Petroleum Operations, follow good international petroleum industry practices with such degree of diligence and prudence reasonably and ordinarily exercised by experienced parties engaged in a similar activity under similar circumstances and conditions;

(f) establish and submit to the Management Committee for approval appropriate criteria and procedures for the purchase, lease or rental of machinery, equipment, assets and facilities required for Petroleum Operations based on economic considerations and generally accepted practices in the petroleum industry with the objective of ensuring cost and operational efficiency in the conduct of Petroleum Operations;

(g) establish and submit for the approval of the Management Committee appropriate procedures including tender procedures for the acquisition of goods and services as provided in Article 23.2;

(h) after the designation of a Field and a Development Area, pursuant to this Contract, forthwith proceed to take all necessary action for prompt and orderly development of the Fields and the Development Area and for the production of Petroleum in accordance with the terms of this Contract;
(i) appoint a technically competent and sufficiently experienced representative, and, in his absence, a suitably qualified replacement therefor, who shall be resident in India and who shall have full authority to take such steps as may be necessary to implement this Contract and whose names shall, on appointment within ninety (90) days after commencement of the first Contract Year, be made known to the Licensee and the Government;

(j) provide acceptable working conditions, living accommodation and access to medical attention and nursing care in the Contract Area for all personnel employed in Petroleum Operations and extend these benefits to other persons who are engaged in or assisting in the conduct of Petroleum Operations in the Contract Area;

(k) carry out such other obligations as are specified in this Contract, in particular those specified in Article 12; and

(l) be always mindful of the rights and interests of India in the conduct of Petroleum Operations.
ARTICLE - 8
GOVERNMENT / LICENSEE ASSISTANCE

8.1 Upon application in the prescribed manner, and subject to compliance with applicable laws and relevant procedures, the Government will:

(a) use their best endeavors to provide the right of ingress and egress from the Contract Area and any facilities used in Petroleum Operations, wherever located, and which may be within their control;

(b) use their good offices, when necessary, to assist Contractor in procurement of facilities required for execution of Work Programs including necessary approvals, permits, consents, authorizations, visas, work permits, licenses, rights of way, easement, surface rights and security protection, required pursuant to this Contract and which may be available from resources within the Government's control;

(c) use their good offices to assist in identifying and making available necessary priorities for obtaining local goods and services pursuant to Article 23;

(d) in the event that onshore facilities are required outside the Contract Area for Petroleum Operations including, but not limited to, storage, loading and processing facilities, pipeline and offices, use their good offices in assisting the Contractor to obtain from the authorities of the State Government in the State in which such facilities are required, such licenses, permits, authorizations, consents, security protection, surface rights and easements as are required for the construction and operation of the said facilities by the Contractor.

(e) Use its best endeavors to facilitate conclusion of petroleum offtake agreements between the Contractor and the nominees of the Government designated for this purpose.

8.2 Licensee shall keep the Companies timely informed of:

(a) any act required under law to keep any existing license or lease issued with respect to the carrying out of Petroleum Operations in the Contract Area valid and in good order and of any action taken by the Licensee in this regard;

(b) any request to the Licensee, or order of which the Licensee is aware, from the public authorities concerning any matter related to the said license or lease or Petroleum Operations in the Contract Area.
ARTICLE - 9
DISCOVERY, DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION

9.1 If and when a Discovery is made within the Contract Area, the Contractor shall:

(a) forthwith inform the Government of such Discovery;

(b) promptly thereafter, but in no event later than a period of thirty (30) days from the date of such Discovery, furnish to the Government particulars, in writing, of such Discovery;

(c) promptly run tests to determine whether the Discovery is of potential commercial interest and, within a period of sixty (60) days after completion of such tests, submit a report to the Management Committee containing data obtained from such tests and its analysis and interpretation thereof, together with a written notification to the Government of whether, in the Contractor’s opinion, such Discovery is of potential commercial interest and merits appraisal.

9.2 If the Operator determined to conduct a drill stem or production test, in open hole or through perforated casing, with regard to any Discovery, it shall notify to the extent possible the Licensee of the time of such test at least twenty four (24) hours prior to the proposed test, and the Licensee shall have the right to have a representative present during such test.

9.3 If, pursuant to Article 9.1 (c), the Contractor notifies the Government and the Licensee that a Discovery is of potential commercial interest, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Management Committee with due diligence, within one hundred and twenty (120) days of such notification, a proposed Appraisal Program with a work Program and budget to carry out an adequate and effective appraisal of such Discovery designed to achieve both the following objectives: (i) determine without delay, and, in any event, within the period specified in Article 9.5, whether such Discovery is a Commercial Discovery and (ii) determine, with reasonable precision, the boundaries of the area to be delineated as a Field.

9.4 The proposed Appraisal Program shall be considered by the Management Committee within forty five (45) days after submission thereof pursuant to Article 9.3. The said Appraisal Program, together with the work Program and budget submitted by the Contractor, revised in accordance with any agreed amendments or additions thereto, approved by the Management Committee, shall be adopted as the Appraisal Program and the Contractor shall promptly commence implementation thereof, and the Yearly budget for the Exploration Period, adopted pursuant to Article 4, shall be revised accordingly.
9.5 The Contractor shall, unless otherwise agreed, in respect of a Discovery of Crude Oil, advise the Management Committee by notice in writing within a period of twenty four (24) months from the date on which the notice provided for in Article 9.1 was delivered, whether such Discovery is a Commercial Discovery or not. Such notice shall be accompanied by a report on the Discovery setting forth all relevant technical and economic data as well as all evaluations, interpretations and analysis of such data and feasibility studies relating to the Discovery prepared by or for the Contractor, with respect to the Discovery. If the Contractor is of the opinion that Petroleum has been discovered in commercial quantities, it shall propose that the Management Committee declare the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery based on the report submitted. In respect of discovery of gas, the provision of Article 21 shall apply.

9.6 The Management Committee shall, within forty five (45) days of the date of the notice referred to in Article 9.5, consider the proposal of the Contractor and request any other additional information it may reasonably require so as to reach a decision on whether or not to declare the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery. Such decision shall be made within the later of (a) ninety (90) days from the date of notice referred to in Article 9.5 or (b) ninety (90) days of receipt of such other information as may be required under this Article 9.6.

9.7 If a Discovery is declared a Commercial Discovery; within two hundred (200) days of the declaration of the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery, the Contractor shall submit to the Management Committee a comprehensive plan for the development of the Commercial Discovery. Such plan shall contain detailed proposals by the Contractor for the construction, establishment and operation of all facilities and services for and incidental to the recovery, storage and transportation of the Petroleum from the proposed Development Area to the Delivery Point together with all data and supporting information including but not limited to:

(a) Description of the nature and characteristic of the Reservoir, data, statistics, interpretations and conclusions on all aspects of the geology, reservoir evaluation, petroleum engineering factors, reservoir models, estimates of reserve in place, possible production magnitude, nature and ratio of Petroleum fluids and analysis of producible Petroleum;

(b) Outlines of the development project and/or alternative development projects, if any, describing the production facilities to be installed and the number of wells to be drilled under such development project and/or alternative development projects, if any.
(c) Estimate of the rate of production to be established and projection of the possible sustained rate of production in accordance with generally accepted international petroleum industry practice under such development project and/or alternative development projects, if any, which will ensure that the area does not suffer an excessive rate of decline of production or an excessive loss of reservoir pressure;

(d) estimates of Development Costs and Production Costs under such development project and/or alternative development projects, if any;

(e) Contractor's recommendations as to the particular project that it would prefer;

(f) Work Program and budget for Development proposal concerning the designation of the Field;

(g) anticipated adverse impact on the environment and measures to be taken for prevention or minimization thereof and for general protection of the environment on conduct of operations;

(h) the information required in Articles 21.4.1 and 21.4.2.

9.8 Any proposed development plan submitted by the Contractor pursuant to Article 9.7 may be approved by the Management Committee, with such amendments and modifications as it may decide, within two hundred and seventy (270) days of the declaration of the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery. If such a Development Plan has not been approved by the Management Committee within this two hundred and seventy (270) day period, the Contractor shall have the right to submit such plan directly to the Government for approval, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. The said submission will be answered within sixty (60) days of receipt.

9.9 A Development Plan approved by the Management Committee or the Government, as the case may be, from time to time shall commit the Contractor to the obligations stipulated in Articles 9.13 to 9.15.

9.10 The Management Committee shall obtain such approvals from the Government as may be required, except where this Contract provides that the Contractor may obtain such approvals directly.

9.11 If the Licensee considers a Discovery to be non-commercial while the Companies consider that it is commercial and the Management Committee fails to declare the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery within the time limit stipulated in Article 9.6 hereof, the Companies may declare the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery and submit development and production plans in respect of the Discovery to the Management Committee as per the provisions of Article 9.7 and after such plans have been approved by the Management Committee or the Government, as the case may be, the Companies shall, acting solely, provide the entire Development Costs and undertake development of
the said Field. If however, the said Field turns out to be non-commercial, the entire Development Cost of the said Field shall be borne solely by the Companies and such expenditure shall be reckoned as expenditure on unsuccessful exploration but shall not count as Investment in the Contract Area and shall not be recoverable as Cost Petroleum from any other Field of Contract Area but shall be recoverable from Petroleum produced from such oil Field. Licensee shall have no claim on the production from such Field.

9.12 In the event that the Licensee considers a Discovery to be commercial, but the Companies consider the same as non-commercial, the Licensee shall give notice to the Companies to that effect and thereafter the Field relating to such Discovery shall be excluded from the Contract Area and the Licensee may proceed, acting solely, to develop that Field, providing the entire Development Cost. In that event, the Contractor shall have no claim on the production from such a Field and such a Field shall be excluded from the Contract Area for all purposes.

9.13 Work Programs and budgets for Development and Production Operations shall be submitted to the Management Committee as soon as possible after the designation of a Development Area and thereafter not later than 31st December each Calendar Year in respect of the Year immediately following.

9.14 The Management Committee, when considering any Work Program and budget, may require the Contractor to prepare an estimate of potential production to be achieved through the implementation of the said program and budget for each of the three(3) Years following the Year to which the Work Program and budget relate. If major changes in Year to Year estimates of potential production are required, these shall be based on concrete evidence necessitating such changes.

9.15 Not later than the fifteenth (15th) day of January each Calendar Year, in respect of the Year immediately following, the Contractor shall determine the "Program Quantity" with the approval of the Management Committee. The Program Quantity for any Year shall be the maximum quantity of Petroleum based on Contractor's estimates, as approved by the Management Committee, which can be produced from a Field(s) consistent with sound international petroleum industry practices and minimizing unit production cost, taking into account the capacity of the producing Wells, gathering lines, separators, storage capacity and other production facilities available for use during the relevant Year, as well as the transportation facilities up to the Delivery Point.

9.16 Proposed revisions to the details of the Development Plan or an annual Work Program or budget in respect of Development and Production Operations shall, for good cause and if the circumstances so justify, be submitted to the Management Committee for approval, through the Operating Committee, provided that revisions shall not be made so as to extend a designated Field or a Development Area or to substantively change any aspect of the Development Plan.
ARTICLE - 10
UNIT DEVELOPMENT

10.1 If a Reservoir in a Discovery Area is situated partly within the Contract Area and partly in an area in India over which other parties have a contract to conduct Petroleum Operations, the Government may, for securing the more effective recovery of Petroleum from such Reservoir as one Field, by notice in writing to the Contractor, and such other parties requiring that the Contractor and the such other parties:

(a) collaborate and mutually agree on the joint development of the Reservoir as one Field;

(b) submit such agreement between the Contractor and such other parties to the Government for approval; and

(c) jointly prepare a plan for such joint development of the said Reservoir, within one hundred and eighty (180) days of the approval of the agreement referred to in (b) above.

10.2 If no plan is submitted within the period specified in Article 10.1 (c) or such longer period as the Parties may agree or, if such plan as submitted is not acceptable to the Government and the Parties cannot agree on amendments to the proposed joint development plan, the Government may cause to be prepared, at the expense of the Contractor and the other parties referred to in Article 10.1, a plan for such joint development consistent with generally accepted practices in the international petroleum industry which shall take into consideration any plans and presentations made by the Contractor and the aforementioned other parties.

10.3 If the Parties are unable to agree on the proposed plan for joint development, then any Party may refer the matter to a sole expert for final determination pursuant to Article 33, provide that the Contractor may in case of any disagreement on the issue of joint development or the proposed joint development plan, or within sixty (60) days of determination by a sole expert, notify the Licensee and the Government that it elects to surrender its right in the reservoir in the said Discovery Area in place of participation in a joint development in which event Contractor shall have no obligation to conduct any Petroleum Operation in relation to such reservoir within the said discovery area.

10.4 If a proposed joint development plan is agreed and adopted by the Parties, or adopted following determination by the sole expert, the plan as finally adopted shall be the approved joint development plan and the Contractor shall comply with the terms of the said Development Plan as if the Commercial Discovery is established.
10.5 The provisions of Articles 10.1, 10.2, and 10.3 shall apply mutatis mutandis to a Discovery of a Reservoir located partly within the Contract Area, which, although not equivalent to a Commercial Discovery if developed alone, would be a Commercial Discovery if developed together with that part of the Reservoir which extends outside the Contract Area to areas subject to contract for Petroleum Operations by other parties.

10.6 If a Reservoir is situated partly within the Contract Area and partly in an area in India which, at the time of making of the Discovery by the Contractor, has not been offered under an exploration bidding round and/or no production sharing contract similar to this Contract has been granted or is under negotiation and/or no license or lease to conduct petroleum operations has been granted or under consideration, the Government may consider the extension of the Contract Area to include the entire area of the Reservoir if so requested by the Contractor.
**ARTICLE - 11**

**MEASUREMENT OF PETROLEUM**

11.1 The volume and quality of Petroleum produced and saved from a Field shall be measured by methods and appliances generally accepted and customarily used in good international petroleum industry practice and approved by the Management Committee.

11.2 Net volume of Crude Oil and Natural Gas means Crude Oil and Natural Gas produced from the well head minus the Crude Oil and Natural Gas used for Petroleum Operations and further exploration / exploitation or unavoidably lost or flared.

11.3 The Government may, at all reasonable times, inspect and test the appliances used for measuring the volume and determining the quality of Petroleum, provided that any such inspection or testing shall be carried out in such a manner so as not to unduly interfere with Petroleum Operations.

11.4 Before commencement of Production in a Field, the Parties shall mutually agree on:

(a) methods to be employed to optimize the measurement of volumes of Crude Oil production;

(b) the point at which Petroleum shall be measured and the respective shares allocated to the parties in accordance with the terms of this Contract;

(c) the frequency of inspections and testing of measurement appliances and relevant procedures relating thereto; and

(d) the consequences of a determination of an error in measurement.

11.5 The Contractor shall undertake to measure the volume and quality of the Petroleum produced and saved from a Field at the agreed measurement point consistent with generally accepted practices in the international petroleum industry, with the frequency and according to procedures agreed pursuant to Article 11.3. The Contractor shall not make any alteration in the agreed method or procedures for measurement or to any of the approved appliances used for that purpose without the written consent of the Management Committee and the Government.

11.6 The Contractor shall give the Government timely notice of its intention to conduct measuring operations and the Government shall have the right to be present at and supervise, either directly or through authorized representatives, such operations.
ARTICLE - 12
PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT

12.1 The Government and the Contractor recognize that Petroleum Operations will cause some impact on the environment in the Contract Area. Accordingly, in performance of the Contract, the Contractor shall conduct its Petroleum Operations with due regard to concerns with respect to protection of the environment and conservation of natural resources. Towards this end, and in the furtherance of any laws promulgated or as the Government may otherwise require from time to time, the Contractor shall:

a) employ standard industry techniques, practices and methods of operation for the prevention of Environmental Damage in conducting its Petroleum Operations;

b) take necessary and adequate steps to:

(i) prevent Environmental Damage and, where some adverse impact of the environment is unavoidable, to minimize such damage and the consequential effects thereof on property and people;

(ii) ensure adequate compensation for injury to persons or damage to property caused by the effect of Petroleum Operations.

12.2 If the Contractor fails to comply with the provisions of paragraph (b)(i) of Article 12.1 or contravenes any relevant law, and such failure or contravention results in any Environmental Damage, the Contractor shall forthwith take all necessary and reasonable measures to remedy the failure and the effects thereof.

12.3 If the Government has, on reasonable grounds, good reason to believe that any works or installations erected by the Contractor or any operations conducted by the Contractor are endangering or may endanger persons or any property of any person, or are causing or may cause pollution, or are harming or may harm wildlife or the environment to a degree which the Government deems unacceptable, the Government may require the Contractor to take remedial measures within such reasonable period as may be determined by the Government and to repair any damage to the environment. If the Government deems it necessary, it may also require the Contractor to discontinue Petroleum Operations in whole or in part until the Contractor has taken such remedial measures or has repaired any damage caused.
12.4 The measures and methods to be used by the Contractor for the purpose of complying with the terms of paragraph (b)(i) of Article 12.1 shall be determined in timely consultation with the Government upon the commencement of Petroleum Operations or whenever there is a significant change in the scope or method of conducting Petroleum Operations and shall take into account the international standards applicable in similar circumstances and the relevant environmental impact study carried out in accordance with Article 12.5 below.

The Contractor shall notify the Government, in writing, of the measures and methods finally determined by the Contractor and shall cause such measures and methods to be reviewed from time to time in the light of prevailing circumstances.

12.5 The Contractor shall cause a person or persons with special knowledge on environmental matters, approved by the Government, to carry out an environmental impact studies in order:

(a) to determine, at the time of the study, the prevailing situation relating to the environment, human beings and local communities, the wildlife and marine life in the Contract Area and in the adjoining or neighbouring areas; and

(b) to establish the likely effect on the environment, human beings and local communities, the wildlife and marine life in the Contract Area and in the adjoining or neighbouring areas in consequence of Petroleum Operations to be conducted under this Contract and to submit, for consideration by the Parties, methods and measures contemplated in Article 12.4 for minimizing Environmental Damage and carrying out Site Restoration activities.

12.5.1 The first of the aforementioned studies if not covered under Article 12.5 shall be carried out in two parts, namely, a preliminary part which must be concluded before commencement of any work in Contract Area relating to a seismicographic or other survey, and a final part relating to drilling in the Exploration Period. The part of the study relating to drilling operations in the Exploration Period shall be approved by Government before the commencement of such drilling operations.

12.5.2 The second of the aforementioned studies shall be completed before commencement of Development Operations and shall be submitted by the Contractor as part of the Development Plan, with specific approval of Government being obtained before commencement of Development Operations.

12.5.3 The studies mentioned in Article 12.5 above shall contain proposed environmental guidelines to be followed in order to minimize Environmental Damage and shall include, but not be limited to, the following, to the extent appropriate to the respective study:

\[\text{Signatures}\]
(a) proposed access cutting;
(b) clearing and timber salvage;
(c) wildlife and habitat protection;
(d) fuel storage and handling;
(e) use of explosives;
(f) camps and staging;
(g) liquid and solid waste disposal;
(h) cultural and archaeological sites;
(i) selection of drilling sites;
(j) terrain stabilization;
(k) protection of freshwater horizons;
(l) blowout prevention plan;
(m) flaring during completion and testing of Gas and Oil Wells;
(n) abandonment of Wells;
(o) rig dismantling and site completion;
(p) reclamation for abandonment;
(q) noise control; and
(r) debris disposal.

12.6 The Contractor shall ensure that:

(a) Petroleum Operations are conducted in an environmentally acceptable and safe manner consistent with good international petroleum industry practice and that such Petroleum Operations are properly monitored;

(b) the pertinent completed environmental impact study is made available to its employees and to any person under its direct or indirect control and Subcontractors to develop adequate and proper awareness of the measures and methods of environmental protection to be used in carrying out Petroleum Operations; and

(c) the contracts entered into between the Contractor and its Subcontractors relating to its Petroleum Operations shall include the provisions stipulated herein and any established measures and methods for the implementation of the Contractor's obligations in relation to the environment under this Contract.

12.7 The Contractor shall, prior to conducting any drilling activities, prepare and submit for review by the Government contingency plans for dealing with oil spills, fires, accidents and emergencies, designed to achieve rapid and effective emergency response. The plans referred to above shall be discussed with the Government and concerns expressed shall be taken into account.
12.7.1 In the event of an emergency, accident, oil spill or fire arising from Petroleum Operations affecting the environment, the Contractor shall forthwith notify the Government and shall promptly implement the relevant contingency plan and perform such Site Restoration Activities as may be necessary as provided in paragraph (b) of Article 12.9.

12.7.2 In the event of any other emergency or accident arising from the Petroleum Operations affecting the environment, the Contractor shall take such action as may be prudent and necessary in accordance with good international petroleum industry practice in such circumstances.

12.8 In the event that the Contractor fails to comply with any of the terms contained in Article 12.7 within a period specified by the Government, the Government, after giving the Contractor reasonable notice in the circumstances, may take any action which may be necessary to ensure compliance with such terms and to recover from the Contractor, immediately after having taken such action, all costs and expenditures incurred in connection with such action together with such interest as may be determined in accordance with Section 1.7 of Appendix C of this Contract.

12.9 On expiry or termination of this Contract or relinquishment of part of the Contract Area, the Contractor shall:

a) subject to Article 27, remove all equipment and installations from the relinquished area or former Contract Area in a manner agreed with the Government pursuant to an abandonment plan; and

b) perform all necessary Site Restoration activities in accordance with good international petroleum industry practice and take all other action necessary to prevent hazards to human life or to the property of others or the environment with respect to Petroleum operations carried out by Contractor.

12.10 In this Article, a reference to Government includes the State Government.

12.11 If Contract Area is partly located on areas forming part of certain national parks, sanctuaries, mangroves, wetlands of national importance, biosphere reserves and other biologically sensitive areas, passage through the above mentioned areas shall generally not be permitted. However, if there is no passage, other than through these areas, to reach a particular point beyond these areas, permission of the concerned authorities shall be obtained.

12.12 The obligations and liability of the Contractor for the environment hereunder shall be limited to damage to the environment which:

(a) occurs after the Effective Date; and
(b) results from an act or omission of the Contractor.
ARTICLE 13
GOVERNMENT PARTICIPATION

PARTICIPATING INTEREST OF THE PARTIES

13.0 The initial Participating Interest of the Parties hereunder are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Participating Interest</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACL</td>
<td>(35) Percentage Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CANORO</td>
<td>(33) Percentage Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CENTURION</td>
<td>(30) Percentage Interest</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13.1 The Government, through its designated Nominee, shall have the option to acquire a Participating Interest from the Companies in accordance with the provisions of this Article. If the Government exercises such option to participate, its Participating Interest shall be transferred to the Nominee from the Companies in the proportion which each Company’s Participating Interest bears to the total Participating Interest of the Companies.

13.2 Government shall have an option to acquire a Participating Interest of thirty percent (30%) in any Field by serving notice to that effect on the Company(ies) within ninety (90) days of the decision of the Management Committee under Article 9.6.

13.3 In the event that the Government exercises its option to participate pursuant to Article 13.2, the Nominee shall contribute its Participating Interest share of all Development and Production costs incurred with respect to the Field from the date of approval of the Development Plan for such Field and shall assume a share of all rights and obligations, corresponding to its Participating Interest share, from the said date, with respect to such Field but shall not be liable for any costs incurred prior to the said date.

13.4 Except as provided in the this Article or elsewhere in this Contract, the rights and obligations to be assumed by the Nominee shall include but not be limited to:

(a) the right to take Cost Petroleum in accordance with the provisions of Article 14;

(b) the right to take its total Participating Interest share of the Contractor’s Share of Profit Petroleum in accordance with the provisions of Article 15;

(c) the right to receive its Participating Interest share of any incidental income and receipt arising from Petroleum Operations and apportioned to the Fields in which it is participating.

[Signatures]
(d) the obligation to contribute its Participating Interest share of costs and expenses as provided in Article 13.3.

13.5 All payments by the Nominee in an Year, in respect of its Participating Interest share of Contract Costs, shall be made in United States Dollars, or any other convertible currency agreed between the Parties, to the extent required, provided that the Nominee shall be entitled to contribute its Participating Interest share of such costs in the relevant Year in Indian Rupees to the maximum extent that Rupees are required by the Contractor to meet its obligations in India.
ARTICLE - 14

RECOVERY OF COSTS FOR OIL AND GAS

14.1 The Contractor shall be entitled to recover Contract Costs at the rate of one hundred percent (100%) out of the total volumes of Petroleum produced and saved from each Field in the Year, separately for each Field, in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

14.2 Exploration Costs incurred by the Contractor in the Contract Area up to the date of Commercial Production of Petroleum from a Field in that Contract Area shall be aggregated, and the Contractor shall be entitled to recover the aggregate of such Exploration Costs out of the Cost Petroleum from the Field at the rate of one hundred percent (100%) per annum of such Exploration Costs beginning from the date of such Commercial Production, as provided in Article 14.4.

14.3 The Contractor shall be entitled to recover out of the Cost Petroleum from any Field in Contract Area, the Exploration Costs which it has incurred in that Contract Area in any Year after the Effective Date at the rate of one hundred percent (100%) per annum of such Exploration Costs beginning from the date such Exploration Costs are incurred as provided in Article 14.4.

14.4 The Contractor shall be entitled to recover Exploration Costs as provided in Articles 14.2 and 14.3 in proportion to the values of the quantity of Petroleum produced and saved from the Field as reduced by the Production Costs in the Field, in the relevant Year, provided that such Exploration Costs once recovered shall not be allowable for recovery second time.

14.5 Development Costs incurred by the Contractor in any Field up to the date of Commercial Production from such Field shall be aggregated, and the Contractor shall be entitled to recover out of the Cost Petroleum from that Field the aggregate of such Development Costs at the rate of one hundred percent (100%) per annum of such Development Costs beginning from the date of such Commercial Production from the said Field.

14.6 The Contractor shall be entitled to recover out of the Cost Petroleum the Development Costs which it has incurred on such Field after the date of Commercial Production from the Field at the rate of one hundred percent (100%) per annum of such Development Costs beginning from the date such Development Costs are incurred.

14.7 The Contractor shall be entitled to recover in full during any Year the Production Costs incurred on a Field in that Year out of the Cost Petroleum from such Field.
14.8 If during any Year the Cost Petroleum from any Field is not sufficient to enable the Contractor to recover in full the Contract Costs due for recovery in that year in accordance with the provisions of Articles 14.1 to 14.7 then, subject to the provisions of Article 14.16:

(a) recovery shall first be made of the Production Costs; and
(b) recovery shall next be made of the Exploration Costs; and
(c) recovery shall then be made of the Development Costs.

The unrecovered portions of Contract Costs shall be carried forward to the following Year and the Contractor shall be entitled to recover such Costs in such Year or the subsequent Years as if such Costs were due for recovery in that Year, or the succeeding Years, until the unrecovered Costs have been fully recovered out of Cost Petroleum from the Field.

14.9 For the purposes of this Article, as well as Article 15:

(a) costs, receipts and income shall be converted into production unit equivalents, and vice versa, using the relevant prices established pursuant to Article 19 for Crude Oil and Article 21 for Natural Gas.

(b) revenue received from the sale of Condensate produced from a Field (valued in accordance with Article 19) shall be aggregated with the value of Crude Oil produced and saved from the said Field as though such revenues were realized from Crude Oil.

(c) revenue received from the sale of Condensate produced from a Gas Field (valued in accordance with Article 19) shall be aggregated with the value of Non Associated Natural Gas produced and saved from the said Field as though such revenues were realized from Non Associated Natural Gas.

14.10 Pending completion of the calculations required to establish definitively the Contractor’s entitlement to Cost Petroleum from any Field in any Year, the Contractor shall take delivery, provisionally, of volumes of Crude Oil and/or Natural Gas representing its estimated Cost Petroleum entitlement calculated with reference to estimated production quantities, costs and prices for the Field as established by the Contractor and approved by the Management Committee. Such provisional determination of Cost Petroleum shall be made every Quarter on an accumulative basis. Within sixty days of the end of each Year, a final calculation of the Contractor’s entitlement to Cost Petroleum, based on actual production quantities, costs and prices for the entire Year, shall be undertaken and any necessary adjustments to the Cost Petroleum entitlement shall be agreed upon between the Parties and made as soon as practicable thereafter.
ARTICLE - 15
PRODUCTION SHARING OF PETROLEUM BETWEEN CONTRACTOR & GOVERNMENT

15.1 The Contractor and the Government shall share in the Profit Petroleum from the each Field within Contract Area in accordance with provisions of this Article.

The Share of Profit Petroleum in any Year, shall be calculated for the each Field on the basis of the Investment Multiple actually achieved by the Companies at the end of preceding Year for that Field as provided in Appendix D.

15.2 Profit Split
The split of the Profit Petroleum between Government and Contractor, on the basis of Investment Multiple, as stated in Article 15.1 above will be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Investment Multiple</th>
<th>Share of Government in Percentage</th>
<th>Share of Contractor in Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15.2.1</td>
<td>&lt; 1.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.2.2</td>
<td>1.0 to &lt; 2.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.2.3</td>
<td>2.0 to &lt; 2.5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.2.4</td>
<td>2.5 to &lt; 3.0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.2.5</td>
<td>≥ 3.0</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15.3 For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby stated that once the Contractor's Investment Multiple has increased so as to trigger, in any Year, a higher percentage of Profit Petroleum sharing for the Government (and a lower percentage for the Contractor) than that existing before the date of such increase, the Parties shall be entitled to share in the total volume of Profit Petroleum in the proportions specified in the relevant Articles above in respect of the higher levels of or Investment Multiple and shall not be entitled to receive any Profit Petroleum shares in respect of the lower levels of profitability.

15.4 The value of the Contractor's Investment Multiple at the end of any Year in respect of each Field shall be calculated in the manner provided for, and on the basis of the net cash flows specified, in Appendix "D" to this Contract. However, the volume of Profit Petroleum to be shared between the Government and the Contractor shall be determined
for each Quarter on an accumulative basis. Pending finalization of accounts, delivery of Profit Petroleum shall be taken by the Government and the Contractor on the basis of provisional estimated figures of Contract Costs, production, prices, receipts, income and any other income or allowable deductions and on the basis of the value of the Investment Multiple achieved at the end of the preceding Year. All such provisional estimates shall be approved by the Management Committee. When it is necessary to convert monetary units into physical units of production equivalents or vice versa, the price or prices determined pursuant to Articles 19 and 21 for Crude Oil, Condensate and Natural Gas respectively shall be used. Within sixty (60) days of the end of each Year, a final calculation of Profit Petroleum based on actual costs, quantities, prices and income for the entire Year shall be undertaken and any necessary adjustments to the sharing of Petroleum shall be agreed upon between the Government and the Contractor and made as soon as is practicable thereafter.

15.5 The Profit Petroleum due to the Contractor in any Year from any Field shall be divided between the Parties constituting the Contractor in proportion to their respective Participating Interests.
16.1 All Parties and the operations under the Contract shall be subject to all fiscal legislation in India except where, pursuant to any authority granted under any applicable law, they are exempted wholly or partly from the application of the provisions of a particular law or as otherwise provided herein.

16.2 Pursuant to the provisions of section 42 of the Income-Tax Act, 1961, the allowances specified herein shall apply in computing income tax payable by a Company on its profits and gains from the business of Petroleum Operations in lieu of (and not in addition to) corresponding allowances provided for under the heading "Profits and Gains of Business or Profession" in the Income-Tax Act 1961.

16.2.1 Subject to the provisions herein below, deductions at the rate of one hundred percent (100%) per annum shall be allowed for all expenditures incurred in respect of Exploration Operations and drilling operations. The expenditure incurred in respect of Development Operations, other than drilling operations, and Production Operations will be allowable as per the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The expenses so incurred are subject to the following:

(a) where any expenditure is not solely incurred on Petroleum Operations or is incurred as part of or in conjunction with any other business, only that proportion of the total expenditure which can be proved to the assessing officer to represent a fair proportionate part thereof, having regard to all relevant facts and circumstances, shall be allowed;

(b) Sections 40A and 44C of the Income-Tax Act, 1961, shall apply.

16.2.2 Companies shall be entitled for income tax purposes only to deduct at the rate of one hundred percent (100%) of all of its unsuccessful exploration costs incurred in contract areas covered by other contracts from the aggregate value of Petroleum allocable to the Contractor from the Contract Area:

(a) Unsuccessful Exploration Costs incurred in contract areas other than the Contract Area where Commercial Discovery has been made up to the date of commencement of Commercial Production shall be aggregated and the Company(ies) shall be entitled to deduct such costs at the rate of one hundred per cent (100%) per annum;
ARTICLE - 17
CUSTOMS DUTIES

17.1 Machinery, plant, equipment, materials and supplies imported by Contractor or its Subcontractors solely and exclusively for use in Petroleum Operations shall be exempted from customs duties subject to compliance with procedures and conditions as may be determined pursuant to applicable customs duty legislation, Article 23 and the terms herein specified.

17.2 Contractor shall submit to the Government a list of Subcontractors who are engaged by it for the purpose of obtaining the various categories of items specified herein pursuant to the conduct of Petroleum Operations and who may claim exemptions hereunder.

17.3 In order to qualify for the exemption from customs duties as provided for in Article 17.1, all imported items for which duty exemption is being claimed shall be certified by a responsible representative of the Contractor to be imported in terms of this Contract solely and exclusively for use in carrying out Petroleum Operations and shall be approved by a representative of the Government to be eligible for such exemption pursuant to the terms of the Contract.

17.4 The Government shall have the right to inspect the records and documents of the physical item or items for which an exemption is or has been provided under Article 17.1 to determine that such item or items are being or have been imported solely and exclusively for the purpose for which the exemption was granted. The Government shall also be entitled to inspect such physical items wherever located to ensure that such items are being used for the purpose herein specified and any item not being so used shall immediately become liable to payment of the applicable customs duties.

17.5 Subject to Article 27, the Contractor and its Subcontractors may sell or otherwise transfer in India all imported items which are no longer required for Petroleum Operations, subject to applicable laws governing customs duties and sale or disposal of such items.
ARTICLE - 18

DOMESTIC SUPPLY, SALE, DISPOSAL AND EXPORT
OF CRUDE OIL & CONDENSATE

18.1 Until such time as the total availability to the Government and government Companies of Crude Oil and Condensate from all Petroleum production activities in India meets the total national demand as determined by the Government, each constituent of the Contractor shall be required to sell to the Government or its nominee all of their entitlement to Crude Oil and Condensate from each Field in order to assist in satisfying the national demand.

18.2 Pursuant to Article 18.1 and subject to Article 18.4, each constituent of the Contractor shall offer to sell to the Government (or its nominee) its total Participating Interest share of Crude Oil and Condensate to which it is entitled under Articles 14 and 15 at the price determined in accordance with Article 19 for sales to Government and the Government shall have the option to purchase the whole of the crude at the said price.

18.3 The aforementioned offer shall be made by a constituent of the Contract, in writing, at least six (6) months preceding the Year in which the sale is to be made, specifying the estimated quantities and grade of Crude Oil and Condensate being offered (based upon estimates which shall be adjusted within ninety (90) days of the end of each Year on the basis of actual quantities produced and saved). The Government shall exercise its said option to purchase, in writing, not later than ninety days (90) prior to the commencement of the Year in respect of which the sale is to be made, specifying the quantity and grade of Crude Oil and Condensate which it elects to take in the ensuing Year. Failure by the Government to give such notice within the period specified shall be conclusively deemed an election to take all of the Crude Oil and Condensate offered (adjusted as provided herein) in the ensuing Year.

18.4 If, during any Year, India attains Self-sufficiency, the Government shall promptly thereafter, but in no event later than the end of the first Calendar Quarter of the following Year, so advise the each constituent of the Contractor by written notice. In such event, as from the end of the second Calendar Quarter of the following Year, or such earlier date as the Parties may mutually agree, Government shall have the option but not obliged to purchase and the each constituent of the Contractor shall have the right to lift and export its Participating Interest share of Crude Oil and Condensate until such time, if any as Self-sufficiency shall have ceased to exist. If Self-sufficiency ceases to exist during a Year, the Government shall recover its option to purchase under Article 18.2 in respect of the following Year by giving notice thereof to the each constituent of the Contractor.
18.5 All payments in respect of sales to the Government pursuant to provisions of this Article shall be made by the Government within the period for credit applicable in the calculation of the price pursuant to Article 19. If no time frame for credit is applicable in such calculation, payment shall be made within forty five (45) days from the date of delivery of Crude Oil or Condensate to the Government at the Delivery Point. In the case of sales by a Foreign Company, payment shall be made in United States Dollars or any other convertible currency acceptable to the Government and the Foreign Company, by wire transfer, to the credit of the Foreign Company’s designated account with a bank within or outside India designated by the Foreign Company. Subject to any change in the relevant laws, in the case of sales by a domestic company, payment shall be made in equivalent Indian rupees to the credit of the domestic company’s designated account with a bank in India designated by the domestic company. Notwithstanding the above, each constituent of the Contract shall submit an invoice to the Government within fifteen (15) days from the date of delivery of Crude Oil. All amounts unpaid by the Government by the due date shall, from the due date, bear interest calculated on a day to day basis at the LIBOR plus two percent (2%) will be paid.

18.6 If full payment is not received by a constituent of the Contractor when due as provided in Article 18.4, it shall, at any time thereafter, notify the Government of the default and, unless such default is remedied within fifteen (15) days from the date of the said notice, such constituent shall have the right, unless otherwise agreed, upon written notice to the Government;

a) to suspend the sale to the Government purchase under Article 18.2;

b) to freely lift, sell and export all its Participating Interest share of Crude Oil subject to destination restrictions in accordance with Government policy, until the Government has paid the due amount plus interest as provided herein;

c) if the payment plus interest is not received by each constituent of the Contractor within one hundred and twenty (120) days from the date the said payment was due, to receive and export the Government’s share of Profit Oil until such time as either Government has paid all amounts due plus interest, or the value, based on the price as determined in accordance with Article 19, of Government’s share of Profit Oil so exported is equal to all amounts due plus interest, whichever first occurs; provided, however, that if the Government makes a payment to such constituent after it has commenced export of Government’s share of Profit Oil and such payment together with the value of Government’s share of Profit Oil exported (based on the price determined in accordance with Article 19) exceeds the amount due plus interest, necessary adjustment shall be carried out to refund to the Government forthwith the excess the amount received by the constituent;
18.7 The Company shall be entitled to freely lift and sell/export any Crude Oil and Condensate which the Government has elected not to purchase pursuant to this Article 18, subject to Government’s generally applicable destination restrictions to countries with which the Government, for policy reasons, has severed or restricted trade.

18.8 No later than sixty (60) days prior to the commencement of production in a Field, and thereafter no less than sixty (60) days before the commencement of each Year, the Contractor shall cause to be prepared and submitted to the Parties a production forecast setting out the total quantity of Crude Oil that it estimates can be produced from a Field during the succeeding Year, based on a maximum efficient rate of recovery of Crude Oil from that Contract Area (or those Contract Areas) in accordance with good petroleum industry practice. No later than thirty (30) days prior to the commencement of each Quarter, the Contractor shall advise its estimate of production for the succeeding Quarter and shall endeavor to produce the forecast quantity for each Quarter.

18.9 Each Party comprising the Contractor shall, throughout the term of this Contract, have the right to separately take in kind and dispose of all its share of Cost Petroleum and Profit Petroleum and shall have the obligation to lift the said Cost Petroleum and Profit Petroleum on a current basis and in such quantities so as not to cause a restriction of production or inconvenience to the other Parties.

18.10 The Government shall, throughout the term of this Contract, have the right to separately take in kind and dispose of its share of Profit Petroleum and of such portion of the share of the constituents of the Contractor of Crude Oil as is purchased by the Government pursuant to Article 18, and shall have the obligation to lift all of the said Petroleum on a current basis and in such quantities so as not to cause a restriction of production or inconvenience to the other Parties.

18.11 For the purpose of implementing the provisions of Articles 18.9 and 18.10, a Crude Oil lifting procedure shall be agreed upon by the Parties no later than six (6) months prior to the commencement of production in a Field. Such lifting procedure shall include, but not necessarily be limited to:

(a) a procedure for notification by the Operator to the Government, and to each Party comprising the Contractor, of projected Crude Oil production;

(b) a procedure for notification by the Government, and by each constituent of the Contractor, to the Operator, of its expected offtake and the consequences of inability or failure to offtake.
ARTICLE - 19

VALUATION OF PETROLEUM

19.1 For the purpose of this Contract, the value of Crude Oil, Condensate and Natural Gas shall be based on the price determined as provided herein.

19.2 A price for Crude Oil shall be determined for each Month or such other period as the Parties may agree (hereinafter referred to as "the Delivery Period") in terms of United States Dollars per Barrel, FOB Delivery Point for Crude Oil produced and sold or otherwise disposed of from each Contract Area, for each Delivery Period, in accordance with the appropriate basis for that type of sale or disposal specified below.

19.3 In the event that some or all of total sales of constituents of Contractor of Crude Oil during a Delivery Period are made to third parties at Arms Length Sales, all sales so made shall be valued at the weighted average of the prices actually received by the said constituents, calculated by dividing the total receipts from all such sales FOB the Delivery Point by the total number of Barrels of the Crude Oil sold in such sales.

19.3.1 In the event that a portion of such third party Arms Length Sales are made on a basis other than an FOB basis as herein specified, the said portion shall be valued at prices equivalent to the prices FOB the Delivery Point for such sales determined by deducting all costs (such as transportation, demurrage, loss of Crude Oil in transit and similar costs) incurred downstream of the Delivery Point, and the prices so determined shall be deemed to be the actual prices received for the purpose of calculation of the weighted average of the prices for all third party Arms Length Sales for the Delivery Period.

19.3.2 Each Company constituting the Contractor shall separately submit to the designated nominee of the Government, within fifteen (15) days of the end of each Delivery Period, a report containing the actual prices obtained in their respective Arms Length Sales to third parties of any Crude Oil. Such reports shall distinguish between term sales and spot sales and itemize volumes, customers, prices received and credit terms, and each constituent of the contractor shall allow the designated nominee of the Government to examine the relevant sales contracts.

19.4 In the event that some or all of the Parties' comprising Contractor Company's total sales of Crude Oil during a Delivery Period are made to the Government or its nominee, the price of all sales so made shall, unless otherwise agreed between the Parties, be determined on the basis of either the FOB selling price per Barrel of one or more crude Oils which, at the time of calculation, are being freely and actively traded in the international market and
are similar in characteristics and quality to the Crude Oil in respect of which the price is being determined, such FOB selling price to be ascertained from Platt's Crude Oil Market Wire daily publication ("Platt's"), or the spot market for the same crude oils ascertained in the same manner, whichever price, in the opinion of the Parties, more truly reflects the current value of such crude oils. For any Delivery Period in which sales take place, the price shall be the arithmetic average price per Barrel determined by calculating the average for such Delivery Period of the mean of the high and low FOB or spot prices for each day of the Crude Oils selected for comparison adjusted for differences in the Crude Oil and the crude oils being compared for quality, transportation costs, delivery time, quantity, payment terms, the market area into which the crude oil is being sold, other contract terms to the extent known and other relevant factors. In the event that Platt's cases to be published or is not published for a period of thirty (30) consecutive days, the Parties shall agree on an alternative daily publication. In the event of changing market conditions, the Parties may review and mutually agree on changes to the period over which the average price of comparable crude oils may be calculated.

19.4.1 At least six (6) months prior to commencement of production from the first Field and from each Field thereafter in the Contract Area, the Parties shall meet in order to establish a provisional list of the crude oils to be selected for comparison with the Crude Oil to be sold and an appropriate mechanism for the purpose of giving effect to Article 19.4 and definitively establishing the price of Crude Oil to be sold pursuant to Article 19.4. In determining the quality of a Crude Oil, account shall be taken of all relevant characteristics including but not limited to gravity, sulphur and metal content, pour point and product yield.

19.4.2 In the event that, at the relevant time, no crude oils of similar quality to the Crude Oil to be sold are being actively traded in the international markets where prices can be ascertained by international publication, or the official FOB selling prices and the international spot market price vary widely between producers, the Parties shall meet in good faith to determine an appropriate pricing basis.

19.4.3 The Parties shall meet annually, or sooner upon notice served by any Party on the others, to review the list of selected crude oils or the mechanism established pursuant to article 19.4.1 in light of any new facts since the date of selection of such crude oils or establishment of such mechanism and to determine what adjustment (if any) should be made to the said selection or mechanism by mutual agreement of the Parties.

19.5 In the event that in any Delivery Period, some but not all of a Party's (each constituent of the Contractor) sales of Crude Oil from a Field are made to the Government or a Government company and some but not all are made to third parties in Arms Length Sales and the price as established in accordance with Article 19.4 differs by more than two
two percent (2%) from the price as determined in accordance with Article 19.3 for the same Delivery Period, the Parties shall meet, upon notice from any Party to determine if the prices established for the relevant Delivery Period should be adjusted taking into account third party Arms Length Sales made by each constituent of the Contractor of the same or similar Crude Oil from the relevant Field or other Fields and published information in respect of other genuine third party Arms Length Sales of the same or similar Crude Oil for that Delivery Period. Until the matter of an adjustment for the relevant Delivery Period is finally determined, the price as established in accordance with this Article will apply for that Delivery Period. Any adjustment, if necessary will be made within thirty (30) days from the date the adjustment for that Delivery Period is finally determined.

19.6 A Company constituting the Contractor shall determine the relevant prices in accordance with this Article and the calculation, basis of calculation and the price determined shall be supplied to the Government or its nominee and shall be subject to agreement by the Government or its nominee before it is finally determined. Pending final determination, the last established price, if any, for the Crude Oil shall be used.

19.7 In the event that the Parties fail to reach an agreement on any matter concerning selection of the crude oils for comparison, the calculation, the basis of, or mechanism for the calculation of the prices, the prices arrived at, the adjustment of any price or generally about the manner in which the prices are determined according to the provisions of this Article within thirty (30) days, or such longer period as may be mutually agreed between the Parties, from the date of commencement of Commercial Production or the end of each Delivery Period thereafter, any Party may refer the matter or matters in issue for final determination by a sole expert appointed as provided in Article 33.

19.7.1 Within ten (10) days of the said appointment, the Parties shall provide the expert with all information they deem necessary or as the expert may reasonably require.

19.7.2 Within fifteen (15) days from the date of his appointment, the expert shall report to the Parties on the issue(s) referred to him for determination, applying the criteria or mechanism set forth herein and indicate his decision thereon to be applicable for the relevant Delivery Period for Crude Oil and such decision shall be accepted as final and binding by the Parties.

19.7.3 Except for the adjustments referred to in Article 19.5, any price or pricing mechanism agreed by the Parties pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall not be changed retroactively.
19.8 Any sale or disposal to Affiliates or other sale or disposal of Crude Oil produced from a
field, other than to the Government or Government companies or to third parties in Arms
Length Sales, in any Delivery Period, shall be valued on the same basis as sales to the
Government or a Government company. In the event of such a sale or disposal by a
Company, such Company shall submit to the Government, within fifteen (15) days of the
end of each Delivery Period, all relevant information concerning such sales or disposals.

19.9 In the event that in any Delivery Period there is more than one type of sales referred to in
Articles 19.3, 19.4 and 19.8, then, for the purpose of calculating Cost Petroleum and
Profit Petroleum entitlement pursuant to Articles 14 and 15, a single price per Barrel of
Crude Oil for all the sales for the relevant Delivery Period shall be used. Such single price
shall be the weighted average of the prices determined for each type of sale, weighted by
the respective volumes of Crude Oil sold in each type of sale in the relevant Delivery
Period.

19.10 In this Article the term “nominee” means a company wholly or partially owned by the
Government (directly or indirectly) and shall include any other agency of the Government.

19.11 The provisions specified above for the determination of the price of sales of Crude Oil
shall apply mutatis mutandis to Condensate.

19.12 The price of Natural Gas shall be determined as provided in Article 21.
ARTICLE - 20
CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE CONTROL PROVISIONS

20.1 Subject to the provisions herein, and to compliance with the relevant provisions of the laws of general application in India governing currency and foreign exchange and related administrative instructions and procedures issued thereunder on a non-discriminatory basis, each Foreign Company comprising the Contractor shall, during the term of this Contract, have the right to:

(a) repatriate abroad, in United States Dollars or any other freely convertible currency acceptable to the Government and the Foreign Company, the net proceeds of sales of Petroleum in India;

(b) receive, retain and use abroad the proceeds of any export sales of Petroleum under the Contract;

(c) open, maintain and operate bank accounts with reputable banks, both inside and outside India, for the purpose of this Contract;

(d) freely import, through normal banking channels, funds necessary for carrying out the Petroleum Operations;

(e) convert into foreign exchange and repatriate sums imported pursuant to (d) above in excess (if any) of its requirements; and

(f) make payments outside of India for purchases, services and loans obtained abroad without the requirement that funds used in making such payments must come from or originate in India.

20.2 The rates of exchange for the purchase and sale of currency by the Companies shall be the rates in accordance with prevailing currency and exchange regulations and, for accounting purposes under this Contract, these rates shall apply as provided in Section 1.6 of Appendix "C".

20.3 Foreign Companies shall have full rights of control over movement of funds out of bank accounts established for the purpose of Petroleum Operations but shall provide to the Government or any body designated by it, monthly bank statements with an explanation of each deposit or payment from the account, and shall supply each quarter, in a form acceptable to the Government, or such designated body, full particulars of foreign exchange transactions pursuant to this Contract in order to facilitate monitoring of such accounts. Such particulars shall include:
(a) details of deposits of proceeds of sales of Petroleum, such as quantity of Petroleum sold, date of sale and unit price;

(b) the repayment of principal of loans made to the Contractor in foreign currency for purposes of Petroleum Operations;

(c) payments of interest, charges, fees and expenses in respect of loans referred to in paragraph (b) above;

(d) payments in foreign currency to persons not resident in India for the supply of capital goods required for the purpose of Petroleum Operations;

(e) payments in foreign currency to persons not resident in India for the supply of goods and services, other than capital goods, required for Petroleum Operations (including services of foreign employees and consultants);

(f) amounts remitted to India or paid elsewhere at the request of the Government to meet obligations under the Contract; and

(g) retention or disbursements to Affiliates in foreign currency representing the excess of net profits, depreciation and amortization over the payments made under paragraphs (b) through (f) above.

The Government shall have the right to verify any statements and reports submitted by the Contractor pursuant to this Article and the Contractor shall promptly respond to any query made by the Government or the designated financial body to the reasonable satisfaction of the Government or such designated body.

20.4 Domestic Companies shall be subjected to the relevant provisions of the applicable laws in India governing currency and foreign exchange and related administrative instructions and procedures issued thereunder from time to time.
ARTICLE - 21
NATURAL GAS

21.1 Subject to Article 21.2, the Indian domestic market shall have the first call on the utilization of Natural Gas discovered and produced from any Field within the Contract Area. Accordingly, any proposal by the Contractor relating to Discovery and production of Natural Gas from a Field shall be made in the context of the Government’s guidelines issued from time to time for the utilization of Natural Gas shall take into account the objectives of the Government to develop its resources in the most efficient manner and to promote conservation measures.

21.2 Contractor shall have the right to use Natural Gas produced from a Field for the purpose of Petroleum Operations including, but not limited to re-injection for pressure maintenance, gas lifting, and power generation etc.

21.3 For the purpose of sales to the domestic market pursuant to this Article 21, the Contractor shall have freedom to market the gas.

21.4 Associated Natural Gas (ANG)

21.4.1 In the event that a Discovery of Crude Oil contains ANG, Contractor shall declare in the proposal for the declaration of the said Discovery as a Commercial Discovery as specified in Article 10, whether (and by what amount) the estimated production of ANG is anticipated to exceed the quantities of ANG which will be used in accordance with Article 21.2 (such excess being hereinafter referred to as “the Excess ANG”). In such an event the Contractor shall indicate whether, on the basis of the available data and information, it has reasonable grounds for believing that the Excess ANG could be commercially exploited in accordance with the terms of this Contract along with the Commercial Production of the Crude Oil from the Oil Field, and whether the Contractor intends to so exploit the Excess ANG.

21.4.2 Based on the principle of full utilization and minimum flaring of ANG, a proposed Development Plan for an Oil Field shall, to the extent practicable, include a plan for utilization of the ANG including estimated quantities to be flared, re-injected, and to be used for Petroleum Operations; and, if the Contractor proposes to commercially exploit the Excess ANG for sale in the domestic market in accordance with Government’s guidelines, or elsewhere, the proposed plans for such exploitation.

\[\text{Signature}\]
21.4.3 If the Contractor wishes to exploit the Excess ANG, subject to Article 21.1 the Contractor shall be free to explore markets for the commercial exploitation of the said Excess ANG and submit its proposals for such exploitation to the Government in accordance with Article 21.4.2.

21.4.4 Where the Contractor is of the view that Excess ANG cannot be commercially exploited and chooses not to exploit the said Excess ANG, or is unable to find a market for the Excess ANG pursuant to Article 21.4.3, the Government shall be entitled to take and utilize such Excess ANG.

21.4.5 If the Government elects to take the Excess ANG as provided in Article 21.4.4:

a) the Contractor shall deliver such Excess ANG to the Government (or its nominee) free of cost, at the downstream flange of the gas/oil separation facilities;

b) the Contractor shall based on sound petroleum engineering practices, install such facilities as would facilitate, in so far as practicable, uninterrupted delivery of such Excess ANG to the Government or its nominee;

c) the cost of all facilities installed pursuant to paragraph (b) above shall be recoverable as Contract Costs;

d) the Government or its nominee shall bear all costs including gathering, treating, processing and transporting costs beyond the downstream flange of the gas/oil separation facilities; and

e) the delivery of such Excess ANG shall be subject to procedures to be agreed between the Government or its nominee and the Contractor prior to such delivery, such procedures to include matters relating to timing of off-take of such Excess ANG.

21.4.6 Excess ANG which is not commercially exploited by the Contractor, or taken by the Government or its nominee pursuant to this Article 21, shall be returned to the subsurface structure or flared or otherwise disposed of as approved by the Government in the context of the Development Plan, provided that flaring will be resorted to only for small quantities and as a last resort, provided that Contractor shall at all times be entitled to flare the Excess ANG which is not taken by any consumer, private or Government Agency with whom there is a valid contract of upliftment of ANG produced from the Contract Area.
21.4.7 As soon as practicable after the Discovery referred to in Article 21.4.1 or the submission to Government of the proposal for the declaration of the said Discovery as a Commercial Discovery as therein specified, or the submission of the proposed Development Plan referred to in Article the Contractor and the Government or its nominee shall meet to discuss the sale and/or disposal of any ANG discovered with a view to giving effect to the provisions of this Article 21 in a timely manner.

21.4.8 All costs incurred in complying with this Article shall be treated as Contract Cost.

21.5 Non Associated Natural Gas (NANG)

21.5.1 In the event of a Discovery of NANG, in the Contract Area the Contractor shall promptly report such Discovery to the Management Committee and the Government and the provisions of Articles 9.1 and 9.2 shall apply. The remaining provisions of Article 9 would apply to the Discovery and development of NANG only insofar as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Articles. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 3, the Contractor shall be entitled to retain the Discovery Area subject to the provisions of the Article 21.

21.5.2 If, pursuant to Article 9.1, the Contractor gives notification that the Discovery is of potential commercial interest, the Contractor shall submit to the Management Committee, and the Government within one (1) Calendar Year from the date of notification of the above said Discovery, the proposed Appraisal Program, including a Work Program and budget to carry out an adequate and effective appraisal of such Discovery, to determine (i) without delay, whether such discovery is a Commercial Discovery and (ii) with reasonable precision, the boundaries of the area to be delineated as the Development Area. Such proposed Appraisal Program shall be supported by all relevant data such as Well data, Contractor’s best estimate of reserve range and production potential, and shall indicate the date of commencement of the proposed Appraisal Program.

21.5.3 The proposed Appraisal Program referred to in Article 21.5.2 shall be considered by the Management Committee within one hundred and twenty (120) days of its submission by the Contractor and the said program together with the Work Program and budget submitted by the Contractor revised in accordance with any agreed amendments or additions thereto approved by the Management Committee shall be adopted as the Appraisal Program and the Contractor shall promptly proceed with implementation of the said program.
21.5.4 Where the Contractor has submitted a proposal for the declaration of the discovery as a Commercial Discovery, the Management Committee shall consider the proposal of the Contractor with reference to commercial utilization or commercial development of the NANG in the domestic market or elsewhere and in the context of Government's guidelines on gas utilization and the chain of activities required to bring the NANG from the Delivery Point to potential and consumers in the domestic market or elsewhere. The Management Committee may, within ninety (90) days, request the Contractor to submit any additional information on the Discovery and the related Appraisal Program that it may reasonably required to facilitate a decision on whether or not to declare the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery.

21.5.5 If on the basis of the results of the Appraisal Program, the Contractor is of the opinion that NANG has been discovered in commercial quantities, it shall submit to the Management Committee as soon as practicable but not later than three (3) years from the date of notification of the aforementioned Discovery, a proposal for the declaration of the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery. Such proposal shall take into account the Government’s guidelines on gas utilization and propose alternative options (if any) for use or consumption of the NANG and be accompanied by a report on the Discovery supported by, inter alia, technical and economic data, evaluations, interpretations and analyses of such data and feasibility studies relating to the Discovery prepared by or on behalf of the Contractor, and other relevant information. If no proposal is submitted to the Management Committee by the Contractor within three (3) years from the said Discovery, the Contractor shall relinquish its rights to develop such Discovery and the area relating to such Discovery shall be excluded from the Contract Area.

21.5.6 Where the Contractor has submitted a proposal for the declaration of a Discovery as a Commercial Discovery, the Management Committee shall consider the proposal of the Contractor with reference to commercial utilization or commercial development of the NANG in the domestic market or elsewhere and in the context of Governments policy on gas utilization and the chain of activities required to bring the NANG from the Delivery Point to potential consumers in the domestic market or elsewhere. The Management Committee or the Government may, within ninety (90) days of the submission of the said proposal, request the Contractor to submit any additional information on the Discovery, the anticipated markets or an other related matter, that may reasonably be required to facilitate a decision on whether or not to declare the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery.

21.5.7 The Management Committee shall submit its recommendations, on the Contractors proposal to the Government within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the date of receipt thereof accompanied by an indication of the probable date(s) by which the market(s) would be ready to receive the Gas and an estimate of the quantities
of Gas that could be so utilized. The Government shall respond within one hundred and twenty (120) days of receipt of the said recommendation from the Management Committee provided that the Government shall not be bound by the decision or recommendation of the Management Committee.

21.5.8 If the Management Committee, with the approval of the Government, declares the Discovery a Commercial Discovery, contractor shall, within one (1) Calendar Year of the declaration of the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery, submit a Development Plan for the development of the Discovery to the Management Committee and the Government for approval. Such Plan shall be supported by all relevant information including, inter alia, the information required in Article 9.7.

21.5.9 The Management Committee shall consider the proposed Development Plan and submit its recommendations to Government within one hundred and eighty (180) days of submission thereof by the Contractor. The Government shall respond to the proposed Development Plan within ninety (90) days of receipt of the recommendations from the Management Committee provided that the Government shall not be bound by the recommendation or decision of the Management Committee. If the Management Committee fails to submit its recommendations to Government within the said ninety (90) days period, the Government shall in any event respond to the Contractor within 270 days from the date of submission of the proposed Development Plan.

21.5.10 If the Government has failed to approve or disapproves the Contractor's proposed Development Plan, the Government shall advise the Contractor, in writing, of the reasons for such failure or disapproval and the Government and the Contractor shall meet to discuss the said Development Plan and the reasons for the said failure to approve or disapprove, and use their best efforts to agree on appropriate modifications thereto to meet the Government's concerns or objections. Thereafter, the Contractor shall have the right to resubmit, within ninety (90) days of communication from the Government, the proposed Development Plan duly amended to meet the Government's concerns. Such right of re-submission of the proposed Development Plan shall be exercisable by the Contractor only once. If no such plan is submitted to the Government within the above specified period, the Contractor shall relinquish its rights to develop such Gas Discovery and such Discovery shall be excluded from the Contract Area.

21.5.11 In the event that the Government, approves the Contractors proposal for declaration of the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery and the comprehensive plan or plans for development of such Discovery with such modifications and amendments as the Government may approve the said Gas Discovery shall be promptly developed by the Contractor in accordance with the approved plan which shall be the Development Plan.
21.5.12 In the event that the Contractor does not commence development of such Discovery within ten (10) years from the date of completion of the first discovery Well, the Contractor shall relinquish its rights to develop such Discovery and the area relating to such Discovery shall be excluded from the Contract Area.

21.5.13 Notwithstanding above Companies may declare the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery, and subject to approval of the Government, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, the Companies can proceed to develop the Discovery at their sole risk and cost. Licensee will not have any claim on the produce from the said Discovery, if any, out of the sale of the Gas from the said Discovery. If such development turn out to be non-commercial such expenditure shall be reckoned as expenditure on unsuccessful exploration but shall not count as investment in the Contract Area nor be recoverable as Cost Petroleum from any other Field or Contract Area but shall be recoverable from Petroleum produced from such Field.

21.5.14 Notwithstanding above, Licensee may declare the Discovery as a Commercial Discovery, and subject to approval of the Government, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, the Licensee can proceed to develop the Discovery at their sole risk and cost. The Companies will not have any claim on the produce from the said Discovery, if any, out of the sale of the Gas from the said Discovery. If such development turn out to be non-commercial such expenditure shall be reckoned as expenditure on unsuccessful exploration but shall not count as investment in the Contract Area nor be recoverable as Cost Petroleum from any other Field or Contract Area but shall be recoverable from Petroleum produced from such Field.

21.6 Valuation of Natural Gas

21.6.1 The Contractor shall endeavor to sell all Natural Gas produced and saved from the Field at competitive fair market arms-length prices.

21.6.2 Notwithstanding Article 21.6.1, Natural Gas produced from the Contract Area shall be valued for the purposes of this Contract as follows:

a) Gas which is flared with the approval of the Government or re-injected shall be ascribed a zero value;

b) Gas which is sold to the Government or any other Government nominee shall be valued at the prices actually obtained; and

c) Gas which is sold or disposed of otherwise than in accordance with paragraph (a) or (b) shall be valued on the basis of competitive Arms Length Sales in the region for similar sales under similar conditions.

21.6.3 The formula on which the prices shall be based and determined pursuant to Articles 21.6.2 (b) or (c) shall be approved by the Government prior to approval of the Development Plan.
ARTICLE - 22
EMPLOYMENT TRAINING & TRANSFER
OF TECHNOLOGY

22.1 Without prejudice to the right of the Contractor to select and employ such number of personnel as, in the opinion of the Contractor, are required for carrying out Petroleum Operations in a safe, cost effective and efficient manner, the Contractor shall, to the maximum extent possible, employ, and require the Operator and Subcontractors to employ, citizens of India having appropriate qualifications and experience, taking into account experience required in the level and nature of the Petroleum Operations.

22.2 Companies shall offer a mutually agreed number of Indian nationals the opportunity for on-the-job training and practical experience in Petroleum Operations during the Exploration Period. Not later than six (6) months after approval of the Development Plan, the Contractor shall, in consultation with the Licensee, establish and implement training programs for staff positions in each phase and level of Petroleum Operations including skilled, technical, executive and management positions, with a view to ensuring employment of nationals of India and gradual and progressive reduction of foreign personnel.

22.3 Pursuant to Article 22.2, Companies shall associate and involve mutually agreed numbers of the Licensee's personnel in the technological aspects of the then ongoing Petroleum Operations without charge of a fee for such association or involvement. Such aspects shall include:

a) seismic data acquisition, processing and interpretation;
b) computerized formation evaluation using Well logs;
c) computerized analysis of geological data for basin analysis;
d) laboratory core analysis;
e) reservoir simulation and modeling;
f) geochemistry, including analytical methods, source rock studies, hydrocarbon generation, modeling;
g) measurement -while-drilling techniques;
h) stimulation of Wells;
i) production engineering including optimization methods for surface and subsurface facilities (e.g. NODAL analysis and implementation);
j) reservoir engineering and management including gas and water injection;
k) enhanced Petroleum recovery techniques;
1) gas production technology,
2) pipeline technology,
3) Well design and drilling technology.

22.4 Neither Party shall be obliged to disclose by virtue of this Article 22 any data, process or information, whether owned by itself, any of its Affiliates or a third party, of a proprietary nature.

22.5 At the request of the Government or a government company, the Foreign Companies shall separately endeavor to negotiate, in good faith, technical assistance agreements with the Government or a government company setting forth the terms by which each Foreign Company constituting the Contractor may render technical assistance and make available commercially proven technical information of a proprietary nature for use in India by the Government or a government company. The issues to be addressed in negotiating such technical assistance agreements shall include, but not be limited to, licensing issues, royalty conditions, confidentiality restrictions, liabilities, costs and method of payment.
ARTICLE - 23
LOCAL GOODS AND SERVICES

23.1 In the conduct of Petroleum Operations, the Contractor shall:
(a) give preference to the purchase and use of goods manufactured, produced or supplied in India provided that such goods are available on terms equal to or better than imported goods with respect to timing of delivery, quality and quantity required, price and other terms;
(b) employ Indian Subcontractors having the required skills or expertise, to the maximum extent possible, insofar as their services are available on comparable standards with those obtained elsewhere and at competitive prices and on competitive terms; provided that where no such Subcontractors are available, preference shall be given to non-Indian Subcontractors who utilize Indian goods to the maximum extent possible subject however to the proviso in paragraph (a) above;
(c) co-operate with domestic companies in India to enable them to develop skills and technology to service the petroleum industry;
(d) ensure that provisions in terms of paragraphs (a) to (c) above are contained in contracts between the Operators and its Subcontractors.

23.2 The Contractor shall establish appropriate procedures, including tender procedures, for the acquisition of goods and services which shall ensure that suppliers and Subcontractors in India are given adequate opportunity to compete for the supply of goods and services. The tender procedures shall include inter alia, the financial amounts or value of contracts which will be awarded on the basis of selective bidding or open competitive bidding, the procedures for such bidding and the exceptions to bidding in cases of emergency, and shall be subject to the approval of the Management Committee. The tender procedure is attached as Appendix F which shall form part of this Contract.

23.3 Within one hundred and twenty (120) days after the end of each Calendar Year, the Contractor shall provide the Government with a report outlining its achievements in utilizing Indian resources during that Calendar Year.

23.4 In this Article "goods" means equipment, material and supplies.
ARTICLE - 24

INSURANCE AND INDEMNIFICATION

24.1 Insurance

24.1.1 The Contractor shall, during the term of this Contract, obtain and renew, as and when necessary insurance coverage for and in relation to Petroleum Operations for such amounts and against such risks as are customarily or prudently insured in the international petroleum industry in accordance with good petroleum industry practices, and shall furnish to the Government certificates evidencing that such coverage is in effect. Such insurance policies shall include the Government and the Licensee as additional insured and shall waive subrogation against the Government and the Licensee. The said insurance shall, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, cover:

(a) Loss or damage to all installations, equipment and other assets for so long as they are used in or in connection with Petroleum Operations; provided, however, that if for any reason the Contractor fails to insure any such installation, equipment or assets, it shall replace any loss thereof or repair any damage caused thereto;

(b) Loss, damage or injury caused by pollution in the course of or as a result of Petroleum Operations;

(c) Loss of property or damage or bodily injury suffered by any third party in the course of or as a result of Petroleum Operations for which the Company may be liable;

(d) Any claim for which the Government may be liable relating to the loss of property or damage or bodily injury suffered by any third party in the course of or as a result of Petroleum Operations for which the Contractor is liable to indemnify the Government, the Licensee or the State Government;

(e) The Contractor's and / or the Operator's liability to its employees engaged in Petroleum Operations.

24.1.2 The Contractor shall require its Subcontractors to obtain and maintain insurance against the risks referred to in Article 24.1.1 relating mutatis mutandis to such Subcontractors.

24.2 Indemnity

The Contractor shall indemnify, defend and hold the Government, the Licensee and the State Government harmless against all claims, losses and damages of any nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, claims for loss of damage to property or injury or death to persons caused by or resulting from any Petroleum Operations conducted by or on behalf of the Contractor.
ARTICLE - 25
RECORDS, REPORTS, ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT

25.1 The Contractor shall prepare and maintain at an office in India accurate and current books, records, reports and accounts of its activities for and in connection with Petroleum Operations so as to present a fair, clear and accurate record of all its activities, expenditures and receipts. The Contractor shall also keep representative samples of cores and cuttings.

25.2 Based on generally accepted and recognized accounting principles and modern Petroleum industry practices, record, books, accounts and accounting procedures in respect of Petroleum Operations shall be maintained on behalf of the Contractor by one of the Parties comprising Contractor, specifically designated for this purpose, at its business office in India, in accordance with the Accounting Procedure. The Operator will maintain the records on behalf of Contractor.

25.3 The annual audit of accounts shall be carried out on behalf of the Contractor by a qualified, independent firm of recognized chartered accountants, registered in India and selected by the Contractor with the approval of the Management Committee.

25.4 Accounts, together with the auditor’s report thereon, shall be submitted to the Parties for approval not later than the thirtieth (30th) September following the Financial Year.

25.5 Any party comprising the Contractor may, by giving notice to that effect to the Operator not later than twenty four (24) months following the end of a Year, undertake a separate audit of the accounts and the cost of such audit shall be borne by the Party requiring such audit.

25.6 Unless a Party comprising the Contractor notifies the other Party or Parties, in writing, before thirty first (31st) December following Year in which the separate audit was conducted that it has an objection to the accounts for which the separate audit was conducted, such accounts shall be deemed to have been approved as on that date.

25.7 Any objection to the accounts raised by a Party comprising the Contractor shall, unless settled by agreement between the Parties, be submitted for determination by a sole expert in accordance with the provisions of Article 33. If the matter is not submitted to a sole expert within thirty six (36) months following the year to which such objection relates, the objection shall lapse.
25.8 The Government shall have the right to audit the accounting records of the Contractor in respect of Petroleum Operations as provided in the Accounting Procedure.

25.9 The accounting and auditing provisions and procedures specified in this Contract are without prejudice to any other requirements imposed by any statute in India, including, without limitation, any specific requirements of the statutes relating to taxation of Companies.

25.10 For the purpose of any audit referred to in Articles 25.5 and 25.8, the Operator or the Companies shall make available to the auditor all such books, records, accounts and other documents and information as may be reasonably required by the auditor.
ARTICLE - 26

INFORMATION, DATA, CONFIDENTIALITY, INSPECTION AND SECURITY

26.1 The Contractor shall, promptly after they become available, provide the Licensee with all data, obtained as a result of Petroleum Operations under the Contract including, but not limited to, geological, geophysical, geo-chemical, petro-physical, engineering, well logs, maps, magnetic tapes, cores and production data as well as all interpretative and derivative data, including reports, analyses, interpretations and evaluation prepared in respect of Petroleum Operations (hereinafter referred to as "Data"). Data shall be the property of the Licensee provided, however, that the Companies shall have the right to make use of such Data, fees of cost, for the purpose of Petroleum Operations under this Contract as provided herein.

26.2 Contractor may, for use in Petroleum Operations, retain copies or samples of material or information constituting the Data and, with the approval of the Licensee, original material, except that where such material is capable of reproduction and copies have been supplied to the Licensee, Contractor may, subject to the right of inspection by the Licensee, export samples or other original Data for processing or laboratory examination or analysis, provided that representative samples equivalent in quality, size and quantity, or, where such material is capable of reproduction, copies of equivalent quality, have first been delivered to the Licensee.

26.3 Contractor shall keep the Licensee currently advised of all developments taking place during the course of Petroleum Operations and shall furnish the Licensee with full and accurate information and progress reports relating to Petroleum Operations (on a daily, monthly, yearly or other periodic basis) as the Licensee or the Government may reasonably require, provided that this obligation shall not extend to proprietary technology. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Contractor shall submit regular statements and reports relating to Petroleum Operations as provided in Appendix C. Contractor shall meet with the Licensee and the Government at a mutually convenient location to present the results of all geological and geophysical work carried out as well as the results of all engineering and drilling operations as soon as such Data becomes available to the Contractor.

26.4 All Data, information and reports obtained or prepare by, for or on behalf of, the Contractor pursuant to this Contract shall be treated as confidential and, subject to the provisions hereinafter, the Parties shall not disclose the contents thereof to any third party without the consent in writing of the other Parties.
26.5 The obligation specified in Article 26.4 shall not operate so as to prevent disclosure:

(a) to Affiliates, contractors, or Subcontractors for the purpose of Petroleum Operations;

(b) to employees, professional consultants, advisers, data processing centers & laboratories, where required, for the performance of functions in connection with Petroleum Operations for any Party comprising the Contractor;

(c) to banks or other financial institutions, in connection with Petroleum Operations;

(d) to bona fide intending assignees or transferees of an interest hereunder of a Party comprising the Contractor or in connection with a sale of stock of a Party comprising the Contractor;

(e) to the extent required by any applicable law or in connection with any legal proceedings or by the regulations of any stock exchange upon which the shares of a Party comprising Contractor are quoted;

(f) to Government departments for, or in connection with, the preparation by or on behalf of the Government of statistical reports with respect to Petroleum Operations, or in connection with the administration of this Contract or any relevant law or for any purpose connected with Petroleum Operations;

(g) by a Party with respect to any Data or information which, without disclosure by such Party, is generally known to the public.

26.6 Any Data, information or reports disclosed by the Parties comprising the Contractor to any other person pursuant to Article 26.5 (a) to (d) shall be disclosed on the terms that such Data, information or reports shall be treated as confidential by the recipient. Prompt notice of disclosures made by Companies pursuant to Article 26.5 shall be given to the Government/Licensee.

26.7 Any Data, information and reports relating to the Contract Area which, in the opinion of the Government, might have significance in connection with offers by the Government of open acreage or an exploration program to be conducted by a third party in another area, may be disclosed by the Government for such purposes on conditions to be agreed upon between the Government and the Contractor.

26.8 Where an area ceases to be part of the Contract Area, the Contractor shall continue to treat Data and information with respect to respect to the said area as confidential and shall deliver to the Licensee copies or originals of all Data and information in its possession with respect to the said area. The Government shall, however, have the right to freely use the said Data and information thereafter.
26.9 The Government and the Licensee shall, at all reasonable times, through duly authorized representatives, be entitled to observe Petroleum Operations and to inspect all assets, books, records, reports, accounts, contracts, samples and Data kept by the Contractor or the Operator in respect of Petroleum Operations under the Contract, provided however, that the Companies shall not be required to disclose any proprietary technology. The duly authorized representatives shall be given reasonable assistance by the Contractor for such functions and the Contractor shall afford such representatives all facilities and privileges afforded to its own personnel in the Contract Area including the use of office space and housing, free of charge. The said representatives shall be entitled to make a reasonable use of the equipment and instruments of the Contractor provided that such functions shall not unduly interfere with the Contractor's Petroleum Operations.

26.10 Contractor shall give reasonable advance notice to the Government, or to any other authority designated by the Government for such purpose, of its program of conducting surveys by aircraft or by ships, indicating, inter alia, the name of the survey to be conducted, approximate extent of the area to be covered, the duration of the survey, the commencement date, and the name of the airport or port from which the survey aircraft or ship will commence its voyage.

26.11 The Government, or the authority designated by the Government for such purpose, shall have the right to inspect any aircraft or ship used by the Contractor or a Subcontractor carrying out any survey or other operations in the Contract Area and shall have the right to put on board such aircraft or ship Government officers in such manner as may reasonably be necessary to ensure compliance by the Contractor or the Subcontractor with the security requirements of India.
ARTICLE - 27
TITLE TO PETROLEUM, DATA AND ASSETS

27.1 The Government is the sole owner of Petroleum underlying the Contract Area and shall remain the sole owner of Petroleum produced pursuant to the provisions of this Contract except as regards that part of Crude Oil or Gas the title whereof has passed to the Contractor or any other person in accordance with the provisions of this Contract.

27.2 Title to Crude Oil and / or Gas to which Contractor is entitled under this Contract, and title to Crude Oil and / or Gas sold to Government or its nominee by the Companies shall pass to the relevant Party or, as the case may be, to Government or its nominee at the Delivery Point. Contractor shall be responsible for all costs and risks prior to the Delivery Point and each Party shall be responsible for all costs and risks associated with such Party's share after the Delivery Point and where the Government or its nominee purchases all or some of the Companies' share of Crude Oil or Condensate in accordance with Article 18, Government or its nominee shall be responsible for all costs and risks in respect of the amount purchased, after the Delivery Point.

27.3 Title to all Data specified in Article 26 shall be vested in the Licensee and the Contractor shall have the right to use thereof as therein provided.

27.4 Assets purchased by the Contractor for use in Petroleum Operations shall be owned by the Parties comprising Contractor in proportion to their Participating Interest provided that the Licensee shall have the right to require vesting of full title and ownership in it, free of charge and encumbrances, of any or all assets, whether fixed or movable, acquired and owned by the Contractor for use in Petroleum Operations inside or outside the Contract Area, such right to be exercisable at the Licensee's option either on recovery of the costs of the assets or upon expiry or earlier termination of the Contract.

27.5 Contractor shall be responsible for proper maintenance, insurance and safety of all assets acquired for Petroleum Operations (whether before or after the Effective Date) and for keeping them in good repair, order and working condition at all times, and the costs thereof shall be recoverable as Contract Costs in accordance with Appendix C.

27.6 So long as this Contract remains in force, the Contractor shall, free of any charge for the purpose of carrying out Petroleum Operations hereunder, have the exclusive use and custody of the assets which have become the property of the Licensee subject, however, to Article 27.5.
27.7 Equipment and assets no longer required for Petroleum Operations shall first be offered to the Licensee and, if not required by the Licensee, shall be sold or exchanged by the Contractor, provided however, that prior consent of the Management Committee shall be obtained for each transaction in excess of US$ 5,000 or such other amounts as may be agreed from time to time, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld and provided further that the proceeds of sale shall be credited to Petroleum Operations as provided in Appendix C.

27.8 Assets not required by the Licensee pursuant to the terms of this Article may be sold or otherwise disposed of subject to the terms of this Contract.
ARTICLE - 28
ASSIGNMENT OF INTEREST

28.1 Subject to the terms of this Article and other terms of this Contract, any Party comprising the Contractor may assign, or transfer a part or all of its Participating Interest, with the prior written consent of the Government, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, provided that the Government is satisfied that:

(a) the prospective assignee or transferee is comparable to the assignor in terms of financial standing and technical competence and its capacity and ability to meet its obligations hereunder, and is willing to provide an unconditional undertaking to assume its Participating Interest share of obligations and to provide a guarantee in respect thereof as provided in the Contract;

(b) the prospective assignee or transferee is not a company incorporated in a country with which the Government for policy reasons, has restricted trade or business;

(c) the prospective assignor or transferee and assignee or transferee respectively are willing to comply with any reasonable conditions of the Government as may be necessary in the circumstances with a view to ensuring performance under the Contract; and

(d) the assignment or transfer will not adversely affect the performance or obligations under this Contract or be contrary to the interests of India;

(e) Government shall not withhold its consent where the assignment or transfer to another party comprising Contractor is as a result of withdrawal provisions of the agreement between the Parties comprising Contractor;

(f) Requirement of Operating Agreement have been satisfied.

28.2 An application by a Company for consent to assign or transfer shall be accompanied by all relevant information concerning the proposed assignment or transfer including detailed information on the proposed assignee or transferee and its shareholding and corporate structure, as was earlier required from the Companies constituting the Contractor, the terms of the proposed assignment or transfer and the unconditional undertaking referred to in (a) above. The applicant shall also submit such information relating to the prospective assignee or transferee of the assignment or transfer as the Government may reasonably require to enable proper consideration and disposal of the application.
28.3 No assignment or transfer shall be effective until the approval of the Government is received, which approval may be given by the Government on such terms as it may deem fit. Upon assignment or transfer of its interest in this Contract, the assignor or transferee shall be released and discharged from its obligations hereunder only to the extent that such obligations are assumed by the assignee or transferee with the approval of the Government.

28.4 Upon prior notice to the Companies, a Government company may assign or transfer all or any part of its rights and interest under this Contract to any other Government company, authorized by the Government to explore for and exploit petroleum in the Contract Area.

28.5 An assignment or transfer shall not be made so as to reduce the Participating Interest of a constituent of the Contractor, at any time, to less than ten percent (10%) of the total Participating Interest of all the constituents of the Contractor, except where the Government, on the recommendation of the Management Committee may, in special circumstances, so permit.

28.6 Nothing contained in this Article 28 shall prevent a party comprising Contractor from mortgaging, pledging, charging or otherwise encumbering all or part of its Participating Interest for the purposes of security relating to finance required for performing the Contract, provided that:

(i) such Party shall remain liable for all obligations relating to its Participating Interest;

(ii) the encumbrance shall be expressly subordinated to the rights of the other Parties under this Contract;

(iii) such Party has given reasonable notice of such encumbrance and furnishes to all other Parties (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Government) a certified copy of the executed instrument or instruments evidencing the encumbrance; and

(iv) prior consent of the Government shall be required (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld) in connection with the hypothecation to any lender with international sensitivities for the Government.
ARTICLE - 29
GUARANTEES

29.1 Each of the Companies constituting the Contractor shall procure and deliver to the Government on the Effective Date of this Contract:

(a) an irrevocable, unconditional bank guarantee from a reputable bank of good standing in India, acceptable to the Government, in favour of the Government and the Licensee, for the amount specified in Article 29.2, in a form and substance acceptable to the Government;

(b) a financial and performance guarantee, from a parent company of good financial standing acceptable to the Government, in favour of the Government and the Licensee, in the form and substance set out in Appendix E;

(c) a legal opinion from its legal advisors, in a form satisfactory to the Government, to the effect that the aforesaid guarantees have been duly signed and delivered on behalf of the guarantors with due authority and is legally valid and enforceable and binding upon them.

29.2 The amount of the guarantee referred to in Article 29.1 (a) above shall be an amount equal to a Company’s Participating Interest share of thirty five percent (35%) of the total estimated expenditure in respect of the Work Program undertaken by the Contractor in the Contract Area during each phase of the Exploration Period.

29.3 The guarantee shall provide:

(a) that the amount referred to in Article 29.2 shall be proportionately reduced at the end of each Contract Year by the percentage which the actual expenditure bears to the total estimated expenditure for each phase of the Exploration Period, on presentation to the bank of a certificate signed by the Licensee that the said amount has been expended and that the said guarantee may be reduced in accordance with its terms; and

(b) that, at the end of the phase, the guarantee will be released in favour of the Company on presentation to the bank of a certificate from the Licensee that the obligation of the Contractor has been fulfilled and the guarantee may be released.

29.4 If the Contractor elects to proceed to the second and third phases respectively of the Exploration Period, a bank guarantee for the succeeding phase in terms of Articles 29.1 (a), 29.2 and 29.3 shall be delivered to the Government with the notice of such election and if such guarantee is not so delivered, the provisions of Article 29.5 shall apply.
29.5 If any of the documents referred to in Article 29.1 is not delivered within the period specified herein, this Contract may be cancelled by the Government upon ninety (90) days written notice of its intention to do so.

29.6 Notwithstanding any change in the composition or share holding of the parent company furnishing the guarantees herein, it shall, under no circumstances, be absolved of its obligations contained in the guarantees provided pursuant to this Article.

[Signature]

[Signature]
ARTICLE 30
TERMINATION OF CONTRACT

30.1 Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 30.6 or any other provisions of this Contract, Companies have the right to terminate this Contract:

(a) with respect to any part of the Contract Area other than a Development Area then producing, or that prior thereto had produced Petroleum, upon giving ninety (90) days written notice of its intention to do so; and

(b) with respect to any Development Area in which Petroleum is being produced, or that prior thereto had produced Petroleum, upon giving at least one hundred and eighty (180) days written notice of its intention to do so.

30.2 This Contract may, subject to the provisions hereinbelow and Article 31, be terminated by the Government upon giving ninety (90) days written notice of its intention to do so in the following circumstances, namely, that a Company:

(a) has knowingly submitted any false statement to the Government in any manner which was a material consideration in the execution of this Contract; or

(b) has intentionally and knowingly extracted or authorized the extraction of any mineral not authorized to be extracted by the Contract or without the authority of the Government except such extractions as may be unavoidable as a result of operations conducted hereunder in accordance with generally accepted international petroleum industry practice which, when so extracted, were immediately notified to the Government and to the Licensee; or

(c) is adjudged bankrupt by a competent court or enters into any agreement or scheme of composition with its creditors or takes advantage of any law for the benefit of debtors; or

(d) has passed a resolution to apply to a competent court for liquidation of the Company unless the liquidation is for the purpose of amalgamation or reconstruction of which the Government has been given notice and the Government is satisfied that the Company's performance under this Contract would not be adversely affected thereby and has given its approval thereto; or

(e) has assigned any interest in the Contract without the prior consent of the Government as provided in Article 28; or

(f) fails to make any monetary payment required by law or under this Contract by the due date or within the specified period after the due date; or
(g) fails to comply with or contravenes the provisions of this Contract in a material particular; or

(h) fails to comply with any final determination or award made by a sole expert or arbitrators pursuant to Article 33; or

(i) on notice of cancellation as provided in Article 29.5.

PROVIDED THAT
Where the Contractor comprises two or more Companies, the Government shall not exercise its rights of termination pursuant to Article 30.2, on the occurrence, in relation to one or more, but not all, of the Companies, of an event entitling the Government to terminate the Contract, if any other Company or Companies constituting the Contractor satisfies the Government that it, or they, is/are willing and would be able to carry out the obligations of the Contractor.

30.3 This Contract may also be terminated by the Government on giving the requisite notice specified above if the events specified in Article 30.2 (c) and (d) occur with respect to a Company which has given a guarantee pursuant to Article 29 subject, however, to Article 30.4.

30.4 If the circumstance or circumstances that give rise to the right of termination under Article 30.2 (f) or (g) or Article 30.3 are remedied by the Contractor within the ninety (90) day period or such extended period as may be granted by the government, following the notice of the Government's intention to terminate the Contract as aforesaid, such termination shall not become effective.

30.5 If the circumstance or circumstances that would otherwise result in termination are the subject matter of proceedings under Article 33, then termination shall not take place so long as such proceedings continue and thereafter may only take place when and if consistent with the arbitral award.

30.6 On termination of this Contract, for any reason whatsoever, the rights and obligations of the Contractor shall cease but such termination shall not affect any rights of any Party which may have accrued or any obligations undertaken, or incurred, pursuant to this Contract, by the Contractor or any Party comprising the Contractor and not discharged by the Contractor or the Party prior to the date of termination.

30.7 In the event of termination pursuant to Article 30.1, 30.2 or 30.3:

(a) the Government may require the Contractor for a period not exceeding one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date of termination, to continue, for the account and at the cost of the Government, Crude Oil or Natural Gas production activities until the right to continue such production has been transferred to another entity.
(b) in case of a Foreign Company, which is constituent of the Contractor, shall, subject to the provisions hereof, have the right to remove and export all its property which has not vested in the Licensee provided that in the event that ownership of any property is in doubt, or disputed, such property shall not be exported unless and until the doubt or dispute has been settled in favour of the Foreign Company.

30.8 Within ninety (90) days after the termination of this Contract pursuant to Article 30.1 or 30.2 or 30.3, or such longer period as the Government may agree, the Contractor shall comply with Article 12.9 and any reasonably necessary action as directed by the Government to avoid Environmental Damage or hazards to human life or to the property of others.
ARTICLE - 31

FORCE MAJEURE

31.1 Any non-performance or delay in performance by any Party hereto of any of its obligations under this Contract, or in fulfilling any condition of any license or lease granted to such Party, or in meeting any requirement of the Act, the Rules or any license or lease issued thereunder, shall, except for the payment of monies due under this Contract or under the Act and the Rules or any law, be excused if, and to the extent that, such non-performance or delay in performance is caused by Force Majeure as defined in this Article.

31.2 For the purpose of this Contract, the term Force Majeure means any cause or event, other than the unavailability of funds, whether similar to or different from those enumerated herein, lying beyond the reasonable control of, and unanticipated or unforeseeable by, and not brought about at the instance of, the Party claiming to be affected by such event, or which, if anticipated or foreseeable, could not be avoided or provided for, and which has caused the non-performance or delay in performance. Without limitation to the generality of the foregoing, the term Force Majeure shall include natural phenomena or calamities, earthquakes, typhoons, fires, wars declared or undeclared, hostilities, invasions, blockades, riots, insurrections and civil disturbances.

31.3 Where a Party is claiming suspension of its obligations on account of Force Majeure, it shall promptly, but in no case later than seven (7) days after the occurrence of the event of Force Majeure, notify the other Parties in writing giving full particulars of the Force Majeure, the estimated duration thereof, the obligations affected and the reasons for its suspension.

31.4 A Party claiming Force Majeure shall exercise reasonable diligence to seek to overcome the Force Majeure event and to mitigate the effects thereof on the performance of its obligations under this Contract provided, however, that the settlement of strikes or differences with employees shall be within the discretion of the Party having the difficulty. The Party affected shall promptly notify the other Parties as soon as the Force Majeure event has been removed and no longer prevents it from complying with the obligations which have been suspended and shall thereafter resume compliance with such obligations as soon as possible.

31.5 The Party asserting the claim of Force Majeure shall have the burden of proving that the circumstances constitute valid grounds of Force Majeure under this Article and that such Party has exercised reasonable diligence and efforts to remedy the cause of any alleged Force Majeure.

[Signatures]

[Date]

[Signature]
31.6 Where a Party is prevented from exercising any rights or performing any obligations under this Contract due to Force Majeure, the time for the performance of the obligations affected thereby and for performance of any obligation or the exercise of any right dependent thereon, and the term of any phase of the Exploration Period or this Contract, may be extended by such additional period as may be agreed between the Parties or failing agreeing by a sole expert in accordance with Article 33.

31.7 Notwithstanding anything contained hereinafter, if an event of Force Majeure occurs and is likely to continue for a period in excess of thirty days, the Parties shall meet to discuss the consequences of the Force Majeure and the course of action to be taken to mitigate the effects thereof or to be adopted in the circumstances.
ARTICLE - 32
APPLICABLE LAW AND LANGUAGE OF THE CONTRACT

32.1 This Contract shall be governed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of India.

32.2 Nothing in this Contract shall entitle the Contractor to exercise the rights, privileges and powers conferred upon it by this Contract in a manner which will contravene the laws of India.

32.3 The English language shall be the language of this Contract and shall be used in arbitral proceedings. All communications, hearing or visual materials or documents relating to this Contract shall be written or prepared in English.
ARTICLE - 33
SOLE EXPERT, CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION

33.1 The Parties shall use their best efforts to settle amicably all disputes, differences or claims arising out of or in connection with any of the terms and conditions of this Contract or concerning the interpretation or performance thereof.

33.2 Except for matters which, by the terms of this Contract, the Parties have agreed to refer to a sole expert and any other matters which the Parties may agree to so refer, any dispute, difference or claim arising between the Parties hereunder which cannot be settled amicably may, subject to Article 33.11, be submitted by any Party to arbitration pursuant to Article 33.3. Such sole expert shall be an independent and impartial person of international standing with relevant qualifications and experience appointed by agreement between the Parties. Any sole expert appointed shall be acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator and the decision of the sole expert on matters referred to him shall be final and binding on the Parties and not subject to arbitration. If the Parties are unable to agree on a sole expert, and/or there is no specific agreement with regard to matters to be referred to the sole expert, the matter may be referred to arbitration.

The parties further agree that the appointment of sole expert would be primarily for the purpose of deciding matters which are technical in nature and require immediate decision, more particular for the reasons that such decision not only have direct bearing on day-to-day operation of the project, but failure to resolve within a time bound period may result in the project implementation being delayed/ prejudicially affected.

33.3 Subject to the provisions herein, the Parties hereby agree that any unresolved dispute, difference or claim which cannot be settled amicably within a reasonable time may, except for those referred to in Article 33.2, be submitted to an arbitral tribunal for final decision as hereinafter provided.

33.4 The arbitral tribunal shall consist of three arbitrators. The Party or Parties instituting the arbitration shall appoint one arbitrator and the Party or Parties responding shall appoint another arbitrator and both Parties shall so advise the other Parties. The two arbitrators appointed by the Parties shall appoint the third arbitrator who shall act as presiding arbitrator.

\[\text{Signature} \quad \text{Date} \quad \text{Signed}\]
33.5 Any Party may, after appointing an arbitrator, request the other Party(ies) in writing to appoint the second arbitrator. If such other Party fails to appoint an arbitrator within thirty (30) days of receipt of the written request to do so, such arbitrator may, at the request of the first Party, be appointed by the Chief Justice of India or any person or institution designated by him within sixty (60) days of the receipt of such request in case of an international commercial arbitration as defined in the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 and where Parties to the arbitration comprised of only the domestic companies/bodies, the appointment of the arbitrator referred in this sub-article shall be done by the Chief Justice of the High Court having jurisdiction or any person or institution designated by him within sixty (60) days of the receipt of such request.

33.6 If the two arbitrators appointed by the Parties fail to agree on appointment of the third arbitrator within thirty (30) days of the appointment of the second arbitrator and if the Parties do not otherwise agree, the Chief Justice of India or any person or institution designated by him in case of an international commercial arbitration and Chief Justice of the High Court having jurisdiction or any person or institution designated by him in case of an arbitration involving only domestic companies, at the request of either Party and in consultation with both, appoint the third arbitrator keeping in view that he is not a national of the country of any of the Parties to the arbitration proceedings where the Parties to the dispute belong to different nationalities.

33.7 If any of the arbitrators fails or is unable to act, his successor shall be appointed in the manner set out in this Article as if he was the first appointment.

33.8 The decision of the arbitral tribunal, and, in the case of difference among the arbitrators, the decision of the majority, shall be final and binding upon the Parties.

33.9 Arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996 except that in the event of any conflict between this Act and the provisions of this Article 33, the provisions of the Act shall apply.

33.10 The right to arbitrate disputes and claims under this Contract shall survive the termination of this Contract.

33.11 Prior to submitting a dispute to arbitration, a party may submit the matter for conciliation under the Indian Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996 as amended or re-enacted from time to time by a sole conciliator to be appointed by mutual agreement of the Parties. If the Parties fail to agree on a conciliator in accordance with the said rules, the matter may be submitted for arbitration. No arbitration proceedings shall be instituted while conciliation proceedings are pending.
33.12 The venue of conciliation or arbitration proceedings pursuant to this Article, unless the Parties otherwise agree, shall be in New Delhi and shall be conducted in the English language. Insofar as practicable, the Parties shall continue to implement the terms of this Contract notwithstanding the initiation of arbitral proceedings and any pending claim or dispute.

33.13 The fees and expenses of a sole expert or conciliator appointed by the Parties shall be borne equally by the Parties. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, assessment of the costs of arbitration including incidental expenses and liability for the payment thereof shall be at the discretion of the arbitrators.
ARTICLE - 34
ENTIRE AGREEMENT, AMENDMENTS,
WAIVER & MISCELLANEOUS

34.1 This Contract supersedes and replaces any previous agreement or understanding between the Parties, whether oral or written, on the subject matter hereof, prior to the Effective Date of this Contract.

34.2 This Contract shall not be amended, modified, varied or supplemented in any respect except by an instrument in writing signed by all the Parties, which shall state the date upon which the amendment or modification shall become effective.

34.3 No waiver by any Party of any one or more obligations or defaults by any other Party in the performance of this Contract shall operate or be construed as a waiver of any other obligations or defaults whether of a like or of a different character.

34.4 The provisions of this Contract shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Parties and their permitted assigns and successors in interest.

34.5 In the event of any conflict between any provisions in the main body of this Contract and any provision in the Appendices, the provision in the main body shall prevail.

34.6 The headings of this Contract are for convenience of reference only and shall not be taken into account in interpreting the terms of this Contract.

[Signatures]
ARTICLE - 35
CERTIFICATES

35.1 Each Company shall furnish to the Government prior to execution of this Contract, a duly authorized copy of a resolution properly and legally passed by Board of Directors of the Company authorizing its President or any Vice-President or duly appointed attorney to execute this Contract along with a certificate duly signed by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary or a duly authorized Director of the Company under its seal in this regard and to the effect that the Company has the power and authority to enter into this Contract and to perform its obligations thereunder and has taken all necessary actions to authorize the execution, delivery and performance of the Contract.

[Signature]
[Signature]
ARTICLE - 36  
NOTICES  

36.1 All notices, statements, and other communications to be given, submitted or made hereunder by any Party to another shall be sufficiently given if given in writing in the English language and sent by registered post, postage paid, or by telegram, telex, facsimile, radio or cable, to the address or addresses of the other Party or Parties as follows:

(a) To the President of India  
through the Joint Secretary (E) to the Government of India  
Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas  
Government of India  
Shastri Bhavan, Dr. Rajendra Prasad Marg, Tel No. : 91-11-338 6935  
New Delhi - 110001, INDIA Fax No. : 91-11-338 3585

(b) The Company Secretary  
Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Limited  
8th Floor, Jeevan Bharati Building  
Tower - II, Connaught Circus Tel. No. : 91-11-331 0156 / 57 / 58  
New Delhi 110 001, INDIA Fax No. : 91-11-331 6413

(c) The Assam Company Limited  
52, Chowringhee Road Tel. No. : 91-33-282 7778/282 7837  
Calcutta - 700 071, INDIA Fax No. : 91-33-282 2616 / 7838

(d) Canoro Resources Ltd.  
Suite 1450 Tel. No. : 1-403-543-5747  
840 - 7 Avenue S.W. Calgary Fax No. : 1-403-543-5740

(e) Centurion Energy International Inc.  
800 Bow Valley Square II Tel. No. : 1-403-263-6002  
205-5th Avenue S.W., Calgary Fax No. : 1-403-263-5998

Alberta, Canada  T2P 3T6

36.2 Notices when given in terms of Article 36.1 shall be effective when delivered if offered at the address of the other Parties as under Article 36.1 during business hours on working days and, if received outside business hours, on the next following working day.
36.3 Any Party may, by reasonable notice as provided hereunder to the other Parties, change its address and other particulars for notice purpose.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the representatives of the Parties to this Contract being duly authorized have hereunto set their hands and have executed these presents this 19th day of February, 1999.

Signed for and on behalf of the
President of India.

By: ____________________________

In the presence of: ____________________________

Signed for and on behalf of
Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Ltd.

By: ____________________________

In the presence of: ____________________________

Signed for and on behalf of
The Assam Company Limited

By: ____________________________

In the presence of: ____________________________

Signed for and on behalf of
Canoro Resources Ltd.

By: ____________________________

In the presence of: ____________________________

Signed for and on behalf of
Centurion Energy International Inc.

By: ____________________________

In the presence of: ____________________________
APPENDIX - A

DESCRIPTION OF CONTRACT AREA

The area comprising approximately 1934 Sq.km. onshore India, identified as Block AA-ON/7, described herein and shown under map attached as Appendix B.

Longitude and Latitude measurements commencing at Point A, B, C, D, E and F are respectively as follows:

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<thead>
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<th>Points</th>
<th>Longitude</th>
<th>Latitude</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>26° 43' 44&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>93° 56' 20&quot;</td>
<td>26° 41' 27&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>93° 56' 20&quot;</td>
<td>26° 29' 27&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>94° 16' 48&quot;</td>
<td>26° 32' 09&quot;</td>
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<td>E</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>94° 44' 52&quot;</td>
<td>26° 39' 50&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX - C

ACCOUNTING PROCEDURE TO PRODUCTION SHARING CONTRACT

BETWEEN

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

AND

OIL & NATURAL GAS CORPORATION LIMITED

AND

THE ASSAM COMPANY LIMITED

AND

CANORO RESOURCES LTD.

AND

CENTURION ENERGY INTERNATIONAL INC.

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ii) corporate income tax payable by the constituents of the Contractor.

3.1.10 Insurance and Losses
Insurance premium and costs incurred for insurance pursuant to Article 24 of the Contract, provided that such insurance is customary, affords prudent protection against risk and is at a premium no higher than that charged on a competitive basis by insurance companies which are not Affiliates. Except as provided in Sections 3.2 (ix), Section 3.2(xi) and Section 3.2(xi), actual costs and losses incurred shall be allowable to the extent not made good by insurance. Such costs may include, but are not limited to, repair and replacement of property in the Contract Area resulting from damages or losses incurred by fire, flood, storm, theft, accident or such other cause.

3.1.11 Legal Expenses
All reasonable costs and expenses resulting from the handling, investigation, asserting, defending, or settling of any claim or legal action necessary or expedient for the procuring, perfecting, retention and protection of the Contract Area and in defending or prosecuting lawsuits involving the Contract Area or any third party claim arising out of Petroleum Operations under the Contract, or sums paid in respect of legal services necessary for the protection of the joint interest of Government and the Contractor, shall be allowable. Such expenditures shall include attorney's fees, court costs, of investigation and procurement of evidence and amounts paid in settlement or satisfaction of any such litigation and claims providing such costs are not covered elsewhere in the Accounting Procedure. Where legal services are rendered in such matters by Contractor or an Affiliate, such compensation shall be included instead under Section 3.1.2 or 3.1.4 (ii) above as applicable.

3.1.12 Training costs
All costs and expense incurred by the Contractor in training as is required under Article 22 of the Contract.

3.1.13 General and Administrative Costs
The costs described in Section 2.6.1 and the charge described in Section 2.6.2 of this Accounting Procedure.

3.2 Costs Not Recoverable And Not Allowable Under The Contract
The following costs and expenses shall not be recoverable or allowable (whether directly as such or indirectly as part of any other charges or expense) for cost recovery and production sharing purposes under the Contract and neither shall the Licensee be required to bear any proportion of them in the event that Government elects to exercise its option to participate in accordance with the terms of the Contract:

[Signatures]
i) costs and charges incurred before the Effective Date including costs in respect of
preparation, signature or ratification of this Contract;

ii) expenditures in respect of any financial transaction to negotiate, float or otherwise
obtain or secure funds for Petroleum Operations including, but not limited to,
interest, commission, brokerage and fees related to such transactions, as well as
exchange losses on loans or other financing, whether between Affiliates or
otherwise;

iii) costs of marketing or transportation of Petroleum beyond the Delivery Point;

iv) expenditures incurred in obtaining, furnishing and maintaining the guarantees
required under the Contract and any other amounts spent on indemnities with regard
to non-fulfillment of contractual obligations;

v) attorney’s fees and other costs and charges in connection with arbitration
proceedings and sole expert determination pursuant to the Contract;

vi) fines and penalties imposed by Courts of Law of the Republic of India;

vii) donations and contributions;

viii) creation of any partnership or joint venture arrangement;

ix) amounts paid with respect to non-fulfillment of contractual obligations;

x) costs incurred as a result of failure to insure where insurance is required pursuant to
the Contract, or where Contractor has elected to self insure, or has under-insured;

xi) costs and expenditures incurred as a result of willful misconduct or negligence of the
Contractor;

xii) any costs and expenditures which by reference to general Petroleum industry
practices can be shown to be excessive.

3.3 Other costs recoverable and allowable only with Government approval

Any other costs and expenditures not included in Section 3.1 or 3.2 of this Accounting
Procedure but which have been incurred by the Contractor for the necessary and proper
conduct of Petroleum Operations shall be allowed to be recovered only with the express
prior approval in writing of the Government.

3.4 Incidental Income and Credits

All incidental income and proceeds received from Petroleum Operations under the Contract,
including but not limited to the items listed below, shall be credited to the accounts under the
Contract and shall be taken into account for cost recovery, production sharing and participation
purposes in the manner described in Articles 13, 14 and 15 of the Contract.

[Signature]  [Date: 11.5.82]
(i) The proceeds of any insurance or claim or judicial awards in connection with Petroleum Operations under the Contract or any assets charged to the accounts under the Contract where such operations or assets have been insured and the premia charged to the accounts under the Contract.

(ii) Revenue received from third parties for the use of property or assets, the cost of which has been charged to the accounts under the Contract;

(iii) Any adjustment received by the Contractor from the suppliers/manufacturers or their agents in connection with defective material, the cost of which was previously charged by the Contractor to the accounts under the Contract.

(iv) Rentals, refunds or other credits received by the Contractor which apply to any charge which has been made to the accounts under the Contract;

(v) Prices originally charged to the accounts under the Contract for materials subsequently exported from the Republic of India without being used in Petroleum Operations under the Contract;

(vi) Proceeds from the sale or exchange by the Contractor of plant or facilities from a Field, the acquisition costs of which have been charged to the accounts under the Contract for the relevant Field;

(vii) Proceeds from the sale or exchange by the Contractor of any Petroleum rights, being an interest in the Contract Area;

(viii) Legal costs charged to the accounts under Section 3.1.11 of this Accounting Procedure and subsequently recovered by the Contractor.

3.5 Non-Duplication of Charges and Credits

Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this Accounting Procedure, it is the intention that there shall be no duplication of charges or credits to the accounts under the Contract.
SECTION 4
RECORDS AND INVENTORIES OF ASSETS

4.1 Records
4.1.1 The Contractor shall keep and maintain detailed records of property and assets in use for or in connection with Petroleum Operations under the Contract in accordance with normal practices in exploration and production activities of the international petroleum industry. Such records shall include information on quantities, location and condition of such property and assets, and whether such property or assets are leased or owned.

4.1.2 The Contractor shall furnish particulars to the Government, by notice in writing as provided in the Contract, at six monthly intervals of all assets acquired by the Contractor to be used or in connection with Petroleum Operations during the period immediately preceding the delivery of such notice.

4.2 Inventories
4.2.1 The Contractor shall:
   a) not less than once every twelve (12) Months with respect to moveable assets; and
   b) not less than once every three (3) Years with respect to immovable assets, take an inventory of the assets used for or in connection with Petroleum Operations in terms of the Contract and address and deliver such inventory to the Government together with a written statement of the principles upon which valuation of the assets mentioned in such inventory has been based.

4.2.2 The Contractor shall give the Government at least thirty (30) days notice in writing in the manner provided for in the Contract of its intention to take the inventory referred to in Section 4.2.1 and the Government shall have the right to be represented when such inventory is taken.

4.2.3 When an assignment of rights under the Contract takes place, a special inventory shall be taken by the Contractor at the request of the assignee provided that the cost of such inventory is borne by the assignee and paid to the Contractor.

4.2.4 In order to give effect to Article 27 of the Contract, the Contractor shall provide the Government with a comprehensive list of all relevant assets when requested by the Government to do so.
SECTION 5
PRODUCTION STATEMENT

5.1 From the date of first production, after the Effective Date, of Petroleum from the Contract Area, the Contractor shall submit a monthly Production Statement to Government showing the following information separately for each producing Field and in aggregate for the Contract Area.

5.1.1 The quantity of Crude Oil and Condensate produced and saved.

5.1.2 The quality and characteristics of such Crude Oil and Condensate produced and saved.

5.1.3 The quantity of Associated Natural Gas & Non Associated Natural Gas produced and saved.

5.1.4 The quality, characteristics and composition of such Natural Gas produced and saved.

5.1.5 The quantities of Crude Oil, Condensate and Natural Gas used for the purpose of carrying on drilling and production operations and pumping to Field storage, as well as quantities re-injected.

5.1.6 The quantities of Crude Oil, Condensate and Natural Gas unavoidably lost.

5.1.7 The quantities of Natural Gas flared and vented.

5.1.8 The size of Oil stocks held on the first day of the Month in question.

5.1.9 The size of Oil stocks held on the last day of the Month in question.

5.1.10 The quantities of Natural Gas re-injected into the Petroleum Reservoir.

5.1.11 The number of days in the Month during which Petroleum was produced from Field.

5.1.12 The Gas/Oil Ratio for each Field in the Contract Area for the relevant Month.

5.2 All quantities shown in this Statement shall be expressed in volumetric terms (Barrels of Petroleum and cubic metres of gas) and in and as well as in weight (metric tonnes) for Crude Oil and Condensate.
5.3 The Government may direct in writing that the Contractor include other particulars relating to the production of Petroleum in its monthly Production Statement, and the Contractor shall comply with such direction.

5.4 The Production Statement for each Month shall be submitted to Government no later than ten (10) days after the end of such Month.
SECTION 6
VALUE OF PRODUCTION AND PRICING STATEMENT

6.1 The Contractor shall, for the purposes of Article 19 of the contract, prepare a Statement providing calculations of the value of Crude Oil and Condensate produced and saved during each Month. This Statement shall contain the following information:

6.1.1 The quantities, prices and receipts realized therefor by the Contractor as a result of sales of Crude Oil and Condensate to third parties (with any sales to Government being separately identified) made during the Month in question.

6.1.2 The quantities, prices and receipts realized therefore by the Contractor as a result of sales of Crude Oil and Condensate made during the Month in question other than to third parties.

6.1.3 The quantities of Crude Oil and Condensate appropriated by the Contractor to refining or other processing without otherwise being disposed of in the form of Crude Oil or natural Condensate.

6.1.4 The value of stocks of Crude Oil and Condensate on the first day of the Month in question.

6.1.5 The value of stocks of Crude Oil and Condensate on the last day of the Month in question.

6.1.6 The percentage volume of total sales of Crude Oil and Condensate made by the Contractor during the Month that the Arms Length Sales to third parties.

6.1.7 Information available to the Contractor, insofar as required for the purposes of Article 19 of the Contract, concerning the prices of competitive Crude Oils produced by the main Petroleum producing and exporting countries including contract prices, discounts and premia, and prices obtained on the spot markets.

6.2 The Contractor shall, for the purpose of Article 21 of the Contract, prepare a Statement providing calculations of the value of Associated Natural Gas and Non Associated Natural Gas produced and sold during each Month. This Statement shall contain all information of the type specified in section 6.1 for Crude Oil as is applicable to Gas and such other relevant information as may be required.
6.3 The Statement required pursuant to Section 6.1 and 6.2 shall include a detailed breakdown of the calculation of the prices of Crude Oil, Condensate, Associated Natural Gas and Non Associated Natural Gas pursuant to the provisions of Articles 19 and 21.

6.4 The Value of Production and Pricing Statement for each Month shall be submitted to Government not later than twenty-one (21) days after the end of such Month.
SECTION 7

STATEMENT OF COSTS, EXPENDITURES AND RECEIPTS

7.1 The Contractor shall prepare with respect to each Quarter a Statement of Costs, Expenditures and Receipts under the Contract. The statement shall distinguish between Exploration Costs, Development Costs and Production Costs and shall separately identify all significant items of costs and expenditure as itemized in Section 3 of this Accounting Procedure within these categories. The Statement of receipts shall distinguish between income from the Sale of Petroleum and incidental income of the sort itemized in Section 3.4 of this Accounting Procedure. If the Government is not satisfied with the degree of desegregation within the categories, it shall be entitled to request a more detailed breakdown. The Statement shall show the following:

7.1.1 Actual costs, expenditures and receipts for the Quarter in question.

7.1.2 Cumulative costs, expenditures and receipts for the Year in question.

7.1.3 Latest forecast of cumulative costs, expenditures and receipts at the Year end.

7.1.4 Variations between budget forecast and latest forecast and explanations thereof.

7.2 The Statement of Costs, Expenditures and Receipts of each Quarter shall be submitted to Government no later than twenty-one (21) days after the end of such quarter.

[Signature]

[Signature]
SECTION 8

COST RECOVERY STATEMENT

8.1 The Contractor shall prepare with respect to each Calendar Quarter a Cost Recovery Statement containing the following information:

8.1.1 Unrecovered Contract Costs carried forward from the previous Quarter, if any.

8.1.2 Contract costs for the Quarter in question.

8.1.3 Total Contract Costs for the quarter in question (Section 8.1.1 plus Section 8.1.2).

8.1.4 Quantity and value of Cost Petroleum taken and disposed of by the Contractor for the Quarter in question.

8.1.5 Contract Costs recovered during the Quarter in question.

8.1.6 Total cumulative amount of Contract Costs recovered up to the end of the Quarter in question.

8.1.7 Amount of Contract Costs to be carried forward into the next quarter.

8.2 Where necessary, the information to be provided under Section 8.1 shall be identified separately Field by Field and also separately for Crude Oil, Condensate, Associated natural Gas and Non Associated Natural Gas.

8.3 The Cost Recovery information required pursuant to sub-section 8.1 above shall be presented in sufficient detail so as to enable Government to identify how the cost of assets are being recovered for the purposes of Article 27 of the Contract.

8.4 The Cost Recovery Statement for each Quarter shall be submitted to Government not latter than twenty-one (21) days after the end of such Quarter.
SECTION 9
PRODUCTION SHARING STATEMENT

9.1 The Contractor shall prepare with respect to each Quarter a Production Sharing Statement containing the following information:

9.1.1 The calculation of the applicable net cash flows as defined in Appendix D for the Quarter in question.

9.1.2 The value of the Investment Multiple applicable in the Quarter in question.

9.1.3 Based on Section 9.1.2 and Article 15, the appropriate percentages of Profit Petroleum for the Government and Contractor in the Quarter in question.

9.1.4 The total amount of Profit Petroleum to be shared between the Government and Contractor in the Quarter in question.

9.1.5 Based on Sections 9.1.3 and 9.1.4, the amount of Profit Petroleum due to the Government and Contractor as well as to each constituent of the Contractor in the Quarter in question.

9.1.6 The actual amounts of Petroleum taken by the Government and Contractor as well as by each constituent of the Contractor during the Quarter in question to satisfy their entitlements pursuant to Section 9.1.5.

9.1.7 Adjustments to be made, if any, in future Quarters in the respective amounts of Profit Petroleum due to the Government and Contractor as well as to each constituent of the Contractor on account of any differences between the amounts specified in Sections 9.1.5 and 9.1.6, as well as any cumulative adjustments outstanding from previous Quarters.

9.2 Where necessary, the information to be provided under Section 9.1 shall be identified separately for each Field and also separately for Crude Oil and Condensate as distinct from Natural Gas.

9.3 The Production Sharing Statement shall be submitted to Government not later than twenty one (21) days after the end of such Quarter.
SECTION 10
END OF YEAR STATEMENT

10.1 The Contractor shall prepare a definitive End of Year Statement. The Statement shall contain aggregated information in the same format as required in the Production Statement, Royalty and Cess Statement, Value of Production and Pricing Statement, Statement of Costs, Expenditures and Receipts, Cost Recovery Statement and Production Sharing Statement, but shall be based on actual quantities of Petroleum produced, income received and costs and expenditures incurred. Based upon this Statement, any adjustments that are necessary shall be made to the transactions concerned under the Contract.

10.2 The End of Year Statement for each Year shall be submitted to Government within sixty (60) days of the end of such Year.

[Signatures]
SECTION 11
BUDGET STATEMENT

11.1 The Contractor shall prepare a Budget Statement for each Year. This Statement shall distinguish between budgeted Exploration Costs, Development Costs and Production Costs and shall show the following:

11.1.1 Forecast costs, expenditures and receipts for the Year in question.

11.1.2 A schedule showing the most important individual items of total costs, expenditures and receipts for the said Year.

11.2 The Budget Statement shall be submitted to Government with respect to each Year not less than ninety (90) days before the start of the said Year provided that in the case of the Year in which the Effective Date falls, the Budget Statement shall be submitted within ninety (90) days of the Effective Date.
APPENDIX D

CALCULATION OF THE
INVESTMENT MULTIPLE FOR PRODUCTION SHARING PURPOSES

1. In accordance with the provisions of Article 15, the share of the Government and the Contractor respectively of Profit Petroleum from any Field in any Year shall be determined by the Investment Multiple earned by the Companies from the Field at the end of the preceding Year. These measures of profitability shall be calculated on the basis of the appropriate net cash flows as specified in this Appendix D.

Investment Multiple
2. The "Net Cash Income" of the Companies from the Field in any particular Year is the aggregate value for the Year of the following:
   (i) Cost Petroleum entitlement of the Companies as provided in Article 14;
      plus
   (ii) Profit Petroleum entitlement of the Companies as provided in Article 15;
      plus
   (iii) the Companies's share of all incidental income (of the type specified in section 3.4 of the Accounting Procedure) arising from Petroleum Operations;
      less
   (iv) the Companies's share of all Production Costs incurred on or in the Field;
      less
   (v) the notional income tax, determined in accordance with paragraph 7 of this Appendix, payable by the Companies on profits and gains from the Field.

3. The "Investment" made by the Companies in the Field in any particular Year is the aggregate value for the Year of:
   i) the Companies's share of Exploration Costs incurred in the Contract Area and apportioned to the Field in the same proportion that such Costs were recovered pursuant to Article 14.4;
      plus
   ii) The Companies's share of Development Costs incurred in the Field.

4. For the purpose of the calculation of the Investment Multiple, costs or expenditures which are not allowable as provided in the Accounting Procedure shall be excluded from Contract Costs and be disregarded.
5. The Investment Multiple ratio earned by the Companies as at the end of any Year from the Field shall be calculated by dividing the aggregate value of the addition of each of the annual Net Cash Incomes (accumulated, without interest, up to and including that Year starting from the Year in which Production Costs were first incurred or Production first arose on or in the Field) by the aggregate value of the addition of each of the annual Investments (accumulated, without interest, up to and including that Year starting from the Year in which Exploration and Development Costs were first incurred).

6. Profit Petroleum from the Field in any Year shall be shared between the Government and the Contractor in accordance with the value of the Investment Multiple earned by the Companies as at the end of the previous Year pursuant to Articles 15.2 - 15.7.

General

7. The applicable cash flows set out in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Appendix shall be separately identified and calculated in respect of each Field.

8. In determining the amount of notional income tax to be deducted in the applicable cash flows specified in paragraph 2 of this Appendix, a notional income tax liability in respect of the Field shall be determined for each Company comprising the Contractor, as if the conduct of Petroleum Operations by the Company in the Field constituted the sole business of the Company and as if the provisions of the Income-Tax Act, 1961, with respect to the computation of income tax on the basis of the income and deductions provided for in Article 16 of this Contract were accordingly applicable separately to the Field, disregarding any income, allowances, deductions, losses or set-off of losses from any other contract Area or business of the Company.
APPENDIX E

FORM OF PARENT FINANCIAL AND PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE
(to be furnished pursuant to Article 29 of the Contract)

WHEREAS

[Company details]

having its registered office at [Location] (hereinafter referred to as 'the Guarantor') which expression shall include its successors and assigns) is [the indirect owner of 100% of the capital stock of XYZ Company and direct owner of its parent company.] and

WHEREAS XYZ Company is signatory to a Production Sharing Contract of even date of this guarantee in respect of an (onshore) area identified as Block [Block name] (hereinafter referred to as 'the Contract') made between the Government of India (hereinafter referred to as 'the Government'), and XYZ Company (hereinafter referred to as XYZ which expression shall include its successors and permitted assigns); and

WHEREAS the Guarantor wishes to guarantee the performance of XYZ Company or its Affiliate Assignee under the Contract as required by the terms of the Contract:

NOW, THEREFORE this Deed hereby provides as follows:

1. The Guarantor hereby unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees to the Government and the Licensee that it will make available, or cause to be made available, to XYZ Company or any other directly or indirectly owned Affiliate of XYZ Company to which any part or all of XYZ Company’s rights or interest under the Contract may subsequently be assigned ('Affiliate Assignee'), financial, technical and other resources required to ensure that XYZ Company or any Affiliate Assignee can carry out its obligations as set forth in the Contract.

2. The Guarantor further unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees to the Government and the Licensee the due and punctual compliance by XYZ Company or any Affiliate Assignee of any obligations of XYZ Company or any Affiliate Assignee under the Contract.

3. The Guarantor hereby undertakes to the Government and the Licensee that if XYZ Company, or any Affiliate Assignee, shall, in any respect, fail to perform its obligations under the Contract or commit any breach of such obligations, then the Guarantor shall fulfill or cause to be fulfilled the said obligations in place of XYZ Company or any Affiliate Assignee, and will indemnify the Government against all losses, damages, costs, expenses or otherwise which may result directly from such failure to perform or breach on the part of XYZ Company.

[Signatures]
4. This guarantee shall take effect from the Effective Date and shall remain in full force and effect for the duration of the said Contract and thereafter until no sum remains payable by XYZ Company, or its Affiliate Assignee, under the Contract or as a result of any decision or award made by any expert or arbitral tribunal thereunder.

5. This guarantee shall not be affected by any change in the Articles of Association and bye-laws of XYZ Company or the Guarantor or in any instrument establishing the Licensee.

6. The liabilities of the Guarantor shall not be discharged or affected by (a) any time indulgence, waiver or consent given to XYZ Company; (b) any amendment to the Contract or to any security or other guarantee or indemnity to which XYZ Company has agreed; (c) the enforcement or waiver of any terms of the Contract or of any security, other guarantee or indemnity; or (d) the dissolution, amalgamation, reconstruction or reorganization of XYZ Company.

7. This guarantee shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of India.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Guarantor, through its duly authorized representatives, has caused its seal to be duly affixed hereto and this guarantee to be duly executed the ______ day of ____________ 199__

The seal of ___________________ was hereto duly affixed by ________________ this ______ day of ________________ 199__ in accordance with its bye-laws and this guarantee was duly signed by ________________ and ________________ as required by the said bye-laws.

Secretary

President & Director

Witness:

[Signatures]
APPENDIX F

PROCEDURE FOR ACQUISITION OF GOODS AND SERVICES

I. OBJECTIVES
The objectives of these procedures are to:

(a) ensure the goods and services acquired by the Operator for the carrying out of the
Petroleum Operations are acquired at the optimum cost taking into consideration all
relevant factors including price, quality, delivery times and the reliability of potential
suppliers,

(b) ensure that goods and services are delivered in a timely manner taking into
consideration the consequences of delays in the acquisition of these goods and
services on the project as a whole.

(c) ensure that the provisions of Article 23 of the Contract are implemented.

II. PRINCIPLES
The principles upon which these procedures are based are:

(a) The parties must be satisfied that the Operator is working to an agreed procedure for
acquiring goods and services which is auditable and in accordance with the provisions
of the Contract.

(b) The Operator must have the ability to acquire goods and services expeditiously so
that the project schedules in respect of Approved Work Programmes are maintained.

III. PROCEDURES
The procedures to be adopted by the Operator for the acquisition of goods and services
shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Procedure A</th>
<th>Procedure B</th>
<th>Procedure C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applicable to Exploration, Appraisal, Development and Production Operations</td>
<td>$25,000 to $100,000</td>
<td>$100,001 to $300,000</td>
<td>more than $300,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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[Signatures]
For Contracts valued at less than US$ 25,000

The Operator will be at liberty to determine the preferred method of acquiring goods and services valued at less than US$ 25,000 with the understanding that at least three (3) quotations from selected suppliers (including at least one (1) Indian supplier) will be obtained. For items valued at greater than US$ 10,000, Operator is required to report to the Operating Committee if the quote accepted exceeds the lowest quote by more than 20 percent. Operator will promptly report to the Operating Committee the Operator's reasons for not selecting the lowest quote.

Procedure A:

Operator shall:

1. Provide the Parties with a list of all the entities approved by the Operating Committee as per Appendix F (V) for the applicable category of the Contract along with other entities if any from whom the Operator proposes to invite tender;

2. Add to such list the entities whom a Party requests for adding within five (5) Business Days on receipt of such lists;

3. If and when any Party so requests, Operator shall evaluate any entity listed in (1) and (2) above to assure that entity is qualified as based on the qualification criteria agreed in accordance with Appendix F (IV) to perform under the contract;

4. Complete the tendering process within a reasonable period of time;

5. Circulate to all Parties a comparative bid analysis stating Operator's choice of the entity for award of contract. Provide also reasons for such choice in case entity chosen is not the lowest bidder;

6. Inform all the Parties of the entities to whom the contract has been awarded; and

7. Upon the request of a Party, provide such Party with a copy of the final version of the contract awarded.

Procedure B:

1. Provide the Party with a list of all the entities approved by the Operating Committee as per Appendix F (V) for the applicable category of the contract, along with other entities, if any, from whom the Operator proposes to invite tender;

2. Add to such list the entities whom a Party requests for adding within five (5) Business Days on receipt of such list;
(3) If and when any Party so requests, Operator shall evaluate any entity listed in (1) and (2) above to assure that entity is qualified as based on the qualification criteria agreed in accordance with Appendix F(IV), to perform under the contract;

(4) Complete the tendering procedure within a reasonable period of time;

(5) Circulate to all Parties a comparative bid analysis stating Operator's choice of the entity for award of contract. Provide also reasons for such choice in case the entity chosen is not the lowest bidder. If the bid selected is not the lowest bid, obtain prior approval of the Operating Committee for award of contract;

(6) Award the contract accordingly and inform all the Parties of the entities to whom the contract has been awarded; and

(7) Upon the request of a Party, provide such Party with a copy of the final version of the contract awarded.

Procedure C:

Operator shall:

(1) Publish invitations for parties to pre-qualify for the proposed contract in at least one (1) daily national Indian newspaper. Provide to Non-Operating Companies, a list of responding parties and an analysis of their qualifications for the contract being contemplated to be awarded. Include those who qualify, as per the prequalification criteria approved as per Appendix F(IV) in the list of entities from whom Operator proposes to invite tender for the said contract;

(2) Provide the Parties with a total list of all the entities selected as (1) above and all the entities approved by the Operating Committee as per Appendix F(V) for the applicable category of the contract, along with other entities, if any, from whom the Operator proposes to invite tender;

(3) Add to such entities whom a Party requests for adding within five (5) Business Days on receipt of such list;

(4) If and when any Party so requests, Operator shall evaluate any entity listed in (2) and (3) above to assure that entity is qualified as based on the qualification criteria agreed in accordance with Appendix F(IV), to perform under the contract;
(5) Prepare and despatch the tender documents to the entities as finally listed and to Non-Operating Parties;

(6) After the expiration of the period allowed for tendering, consider and analyse the details of all bids received;

(7) Prepare and circulate to the Parties a comparative bid analysis stating Operator's recommendation as to the entity to whom the contract should be awarded, the reasons therefor, and the technical, commercial and contractual terms to be agreed upon;

(8) Obtain the approval of the Operating Committee to the recommended bid. However, failing Operating Committee approval any Company may refer the issue to the Management Committee for decision; and

(9) Award the contract accordingly and upon the request of a Party, provide such Party with a copy of the final version of the contract;

IV A set of vendor qualification criteria for each major category contract/supply shall be proposed by the Operator and approved by the Operating Committee within thirty (30) days of its submission. In the event the Operating Committee fails to approve vendor qualification criteria within (30) days of the date the same is first submitted by the Operator, the matter shall be referred to the Management Committee for decision. The Operating Committee may revise the qualification criteria.

V It is anticipated that, in order to expedite Joint Operations, contracts will be awarded to qualified vendors/contractors who are identified as approved vendors for the specified activities. A list of such approved vendors shall first be established as follows:

Operator shall:

(1) Provide the Parties with a list of the entities from whom Operator proposes to invite tender for contracts, and

(2) Add to such list entities whom a Party requests for adding within fourteen (14) days on receipt of such list;

and obtain approval of the Operating Committee by the Operator. Such list shall thereafter be maintained by the Operator. The Operating Committee may add to or delete vendors from such list.
VI  Operator to contract a Agent, Audit Rights and Assignability

(a) The Operator shall act as an agent to the Parties in dealings with contractors and suppliers.
(b) Unless otherwise determined by the Management Committee, in negotiating contracts with third parties in excess of USD 10,000, Operator shall procure the right to audit clause.
(c) Unless otherwise approved by the Management Committee, the Operator shall ensure that any contract awarded may be freely assigned to any successor of the Operator in the event of resignation or removal of the Operator.

VII In cases of emergency, Operator may award sub-contracts or acquire goods and services without following the procedure set out above, provided such transactions are reported to the Operating Committee at its first meeting following such award.